



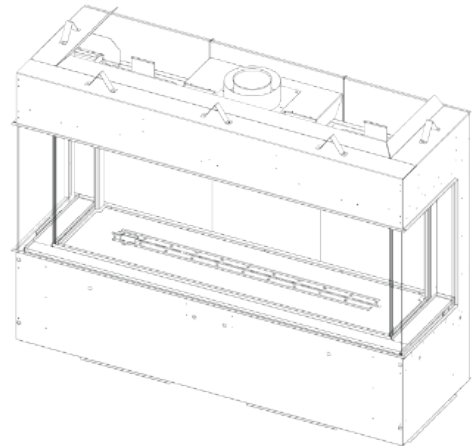
HUSSONG MANUFACTURING CO., INC.  
P.o. Box 557 204 Industrial Park Drive  
Lakefield, Minnesota USA 56150-0577

## Corner and Bay Fireplace Conversion Addendum

# Generation 6020

## Model # GEN-6020

Direct Vent Gas Fireplace



English and French installation manuals are available through your local dealer or website. Visit our website [www.kozyheat.com](http://www.kozyheat.com).

Les manuels d'installation en français et en anglais sont disponibles chez votre détaillant local. Visitez [www.kozyheat.com](http://www.kozyheat.com).



### **WARNING:** **FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD**

**Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death, or property damage.**

- **Do not** store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier

### **WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS**

- **Do not** try to light any appliance.
- **Do not** touch any electrical switch; **Do not** use any phone in your building.
- Leave the building immediately.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's Instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket, permanently located, manufactured home (USA only) or mobile home, where not prohibited by local codes.

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. A conversion kit is supplied with the appliance.



# DANGER



**HOT GLASS WILL  
CAUSE BURNS**

**DO NOT TOUCH GLASS  
UNTIL COOLED**

**NEVER ALLOW CHILDREN  
TO TOUCH GLASS**

**A barrier designed to reduce the risk of burns from the hot viewing glass is provided with this appliance and shall be installed for the protection of children and other at-risk individuals.**

INSTALLER: Leave this manual with the appliance.

CONSUMER: Retain this manual for future reference.



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# 1.0 Appliance Information and Preparation

NOTE: This addendum manual does not include all the information you need for your fireplace installation. You will need to refer to the single side manual that shipped with the fireplace for information that pertains to all installation scenarios. This addendum only includes information specific to a corner or 3-sided (Bay) installation.

## 1.1 Converting the Single-Sided to a Corner or Three-Sided (Bay) Fireplace

This section outlines the procedure to convert the appliance from the standard single-sided fireplace to a corner or three-sided (Bay) fireplace. The fireplace is shipped with block-off plates on both sides. Purchase (1) Corner Conversion Kit (Part# G6020-CCK) for a left or right corner installation. Purchase (2) Corner Conversion Kits (Part# G6020-CCK) for a Bay Installation.

Figure 1.1 shows the full conversion process for both sides of the fireplace. If you want a corner fireplace then only remove the block off plate for the side of the fireplace you want visible and perform the conversion to that side. For a three-sided (Bay) fireplace then follow all instructions to complete the conversion on both sides.

Note: You may find it easier to install the black glass panels (interior rear panels and exterior perimeter panels) after this conversion is completed but before you install the exterior safety glass.

1. Remove and discard the nailing flanges and side block off plates for one or both sides depending on your installation choice. See Figure 1.1. Save these screws for Step 2.
2. Install the top finishing edge bracket. Please note that the kit comes with a left and right top finishing edge bracket. Use the bracket for the side you are converting and discard the trim piece that is not used. The top finishing edge bracket fits in the fireplace between the outer shell and the top glass retention bracket. This top finishing edge bracket is installed by securing it to the inside of the fireplace via (2) sheet metal screws.
3. Install the bottom finishing edge bracket. This bottom bracket is pressure fit so push it in between the outer shell and the retention bracket.

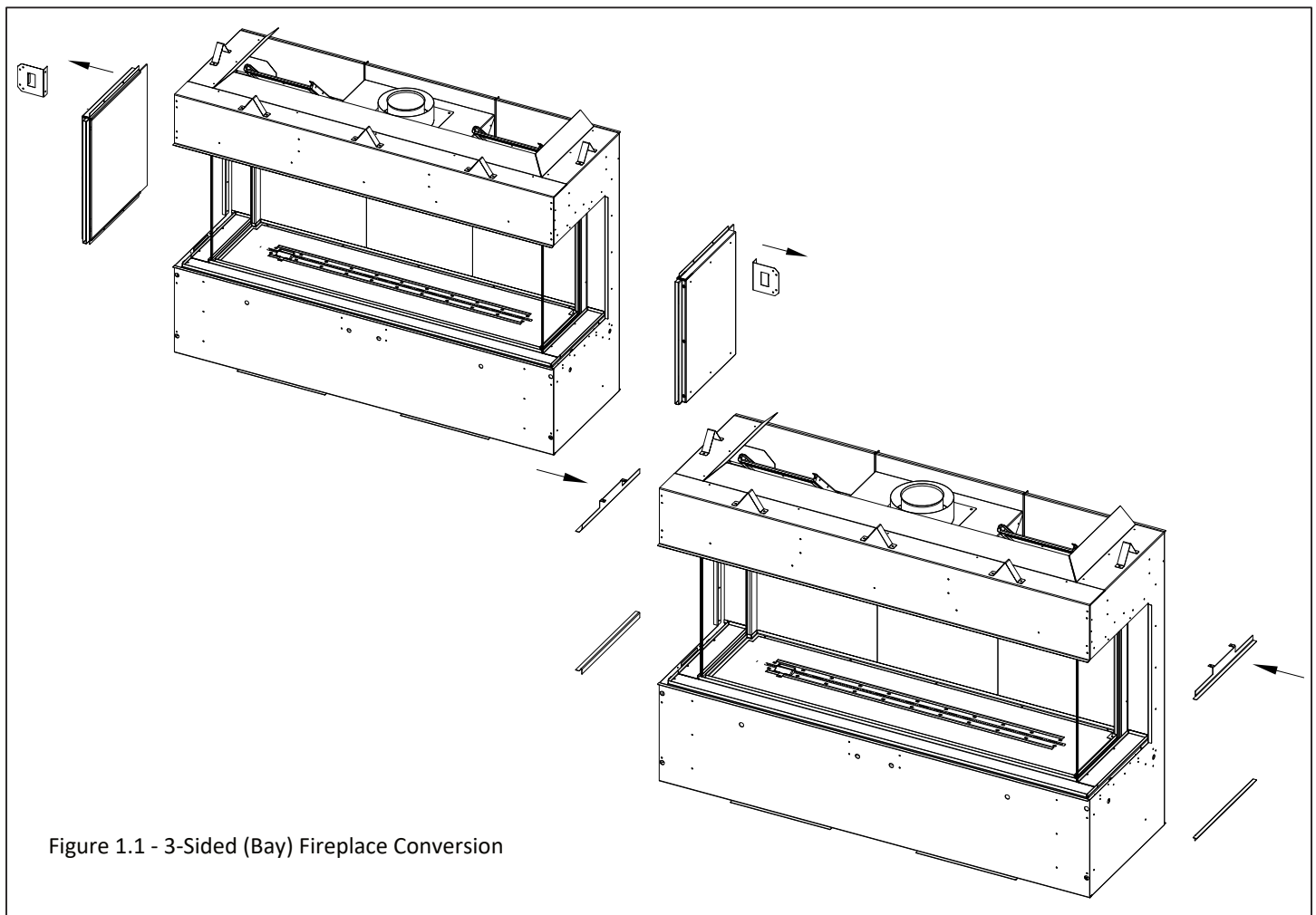


Figure 1.1 - 3-Sided (Bay) Fireplace Conversion

## 1.1 Converting the Single-Sided to a Corner or Three-Sided (Bay) Fireplace Conversion (continued)

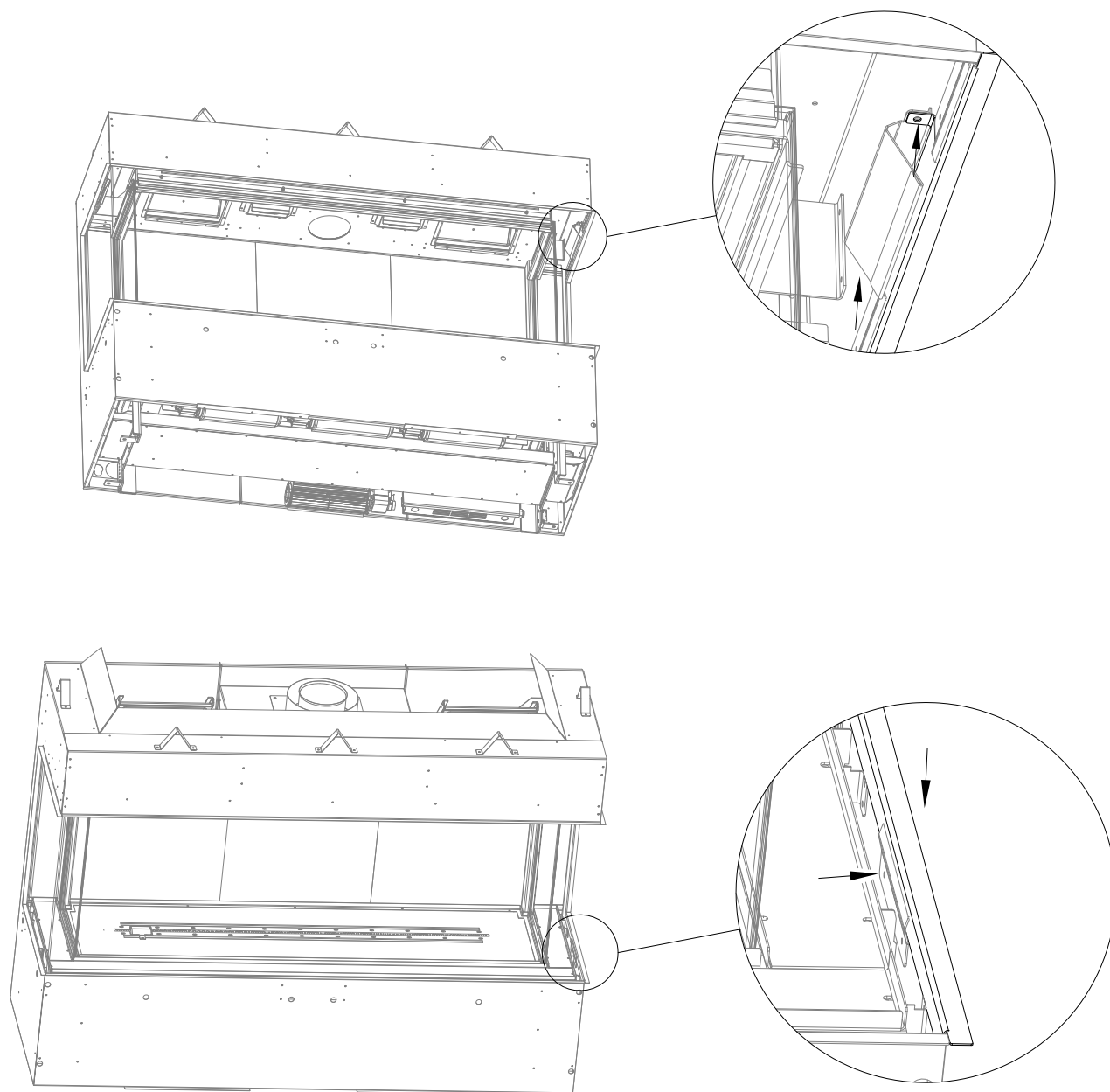


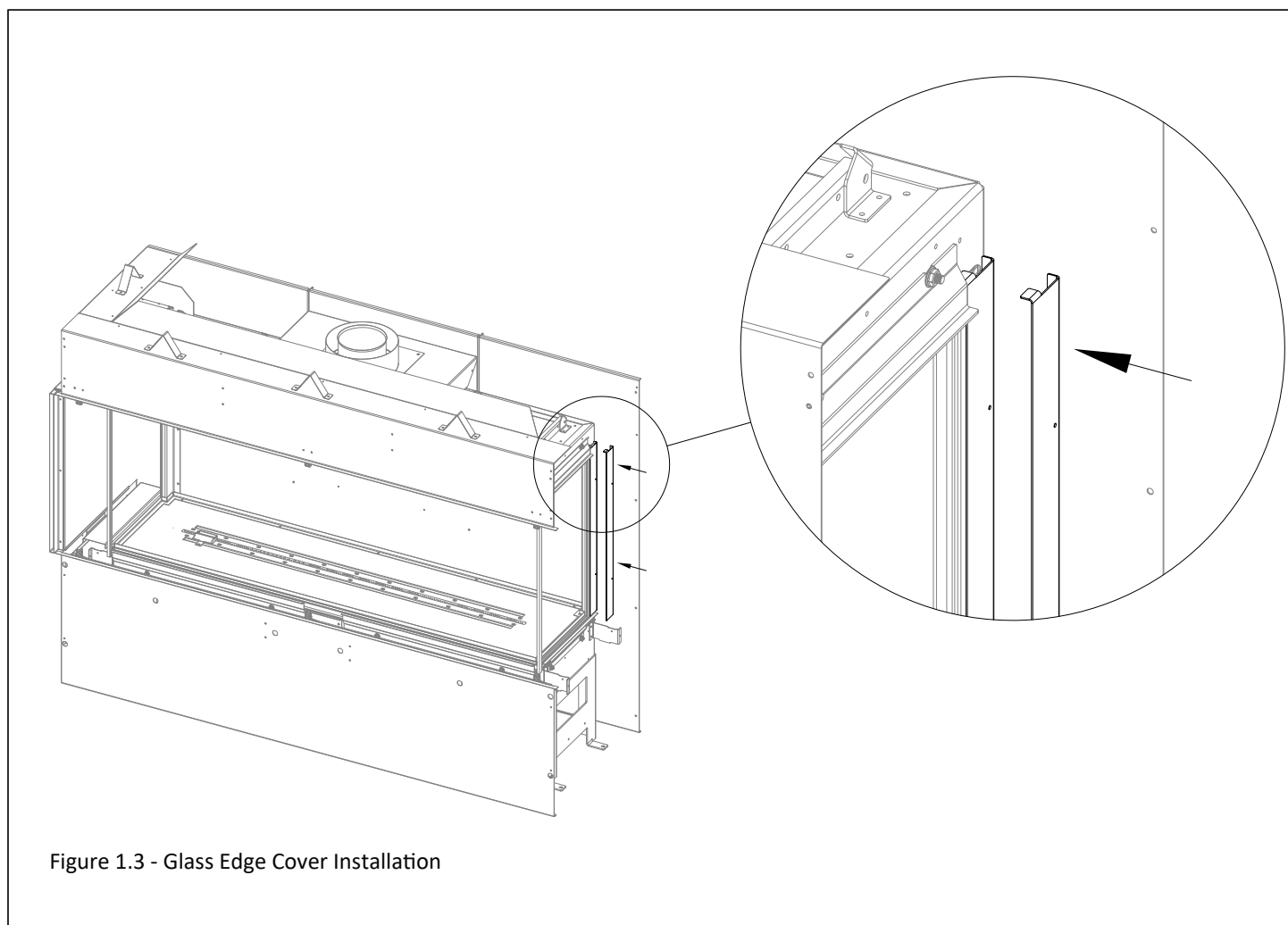
Figure 1.2 - 3-Sided (Bay) Fireplace Conversion

## 1.1 Converting the Single-Sided to a Corner or Three-Sided (Bay) Fireplace Conversion (continued)

Each conversion kit will include (1) glass edge cover. Figure 1.3 shows the installation of this cover in a right corner application. The purpose of this cover is to provide a finished appearance on the back edge of the glass.

### Positioning the glass edge cover.

The pre-bent flange goes to the backside of the firebox glass. Bend the top alignment tab to a 90° angle so it will rest on the topside of the glass. Bend the bottom tab to 180° so it is flat against the cover. The magnets will align with the back edge of the glass and secure the cover.



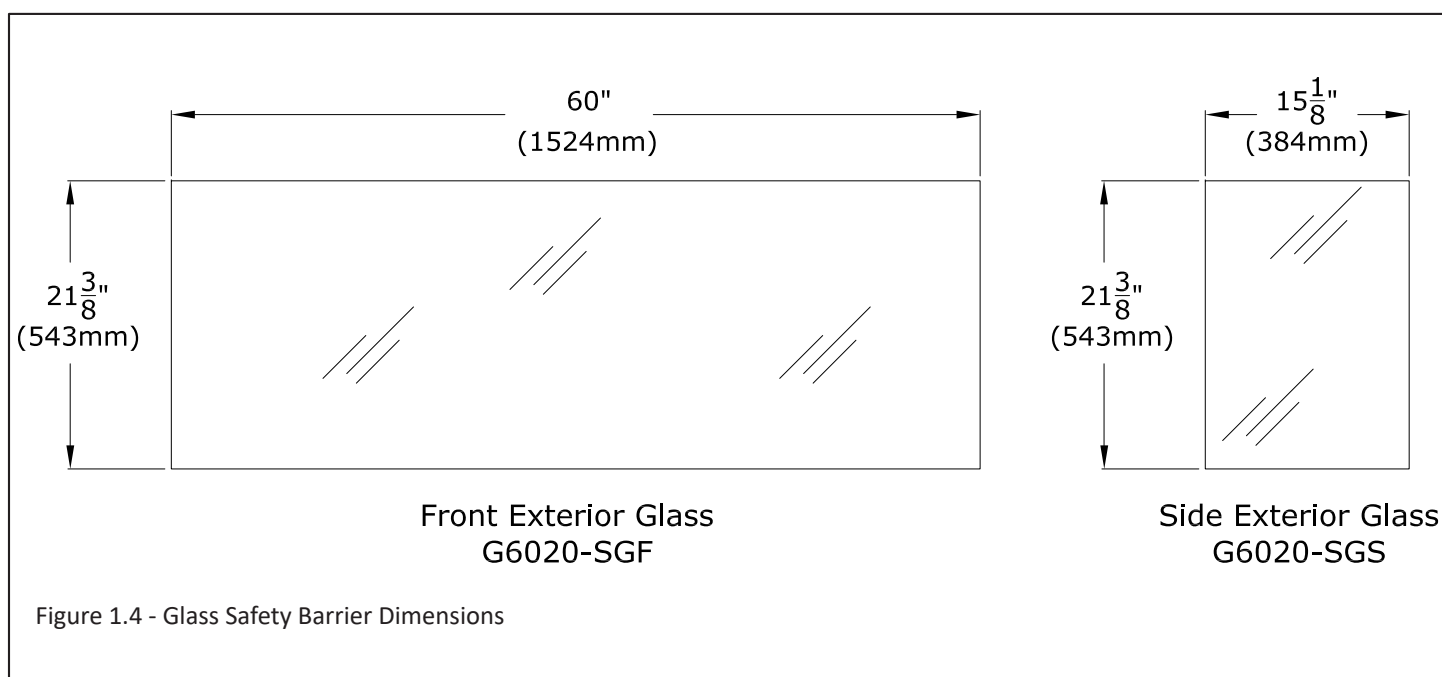
## 1.2 Glass Safety Barrier

**WARNING:** A barrier designed to reduce the risk of burns from the hot viewing glass is provided with this appliance and shall be installed for the protection of children and other at-risk individuals.

If the barrier becomes damaged, the barrier shall be replaced with Hussong Mfg.'s barriers for this appliance.

Any glass, guard, or barrier removed for servicing an appliance must be replaced prior to operating the appliance

The front glass safety barrier ships with the fireplace. When you order the Corner Conversion Kit (Part# G6020-CCK) you will receive (1) side glass safety barrier. You will use this on the side of the fireplace that you want view-able in a corner fireplace installation. You will order (2) Corner Conversion Kits (Part# G6020-CCK) if you want a 3-Sided (Bay) Fireplace.





1.3 Typical Corner Fireplace Installations

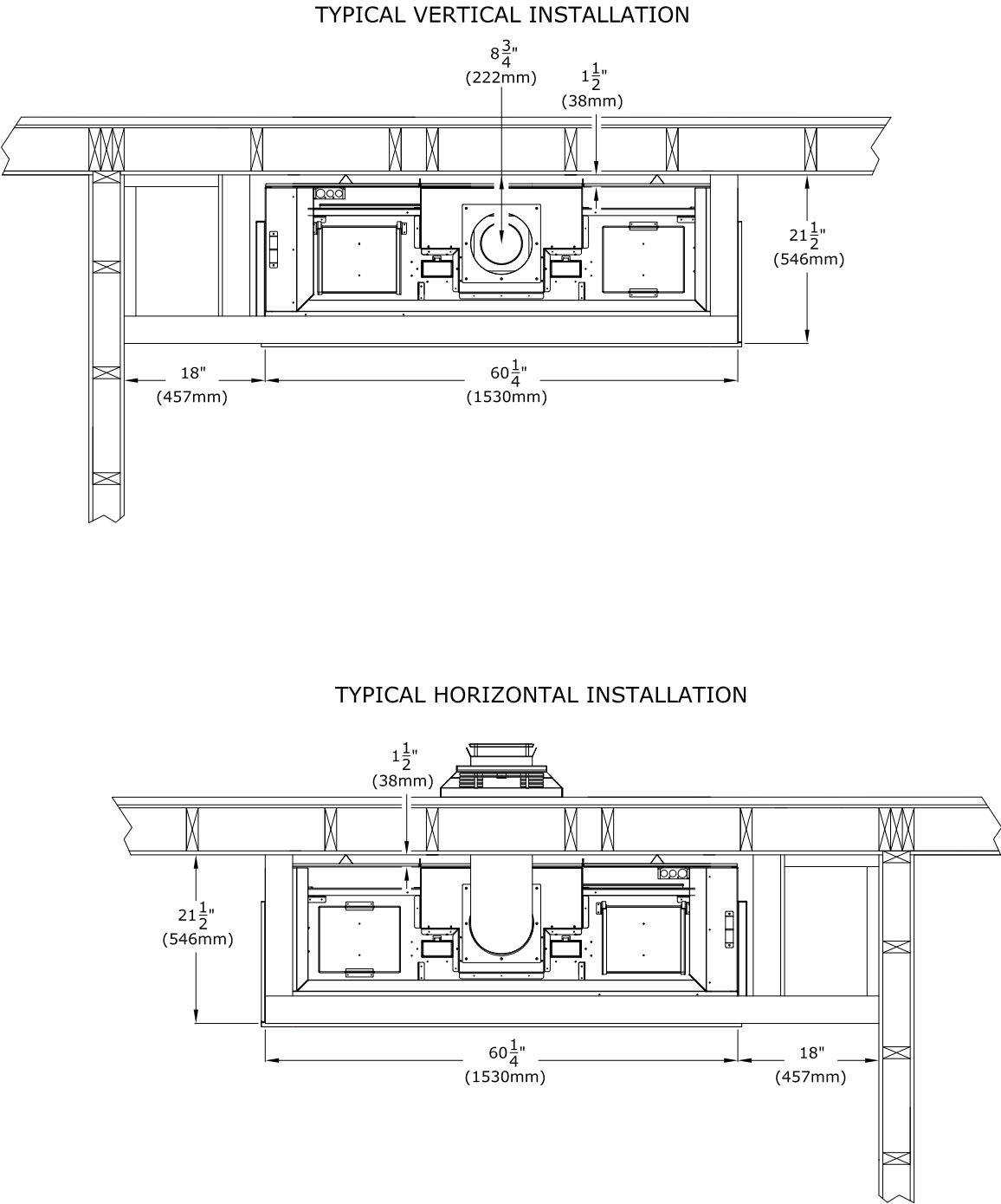
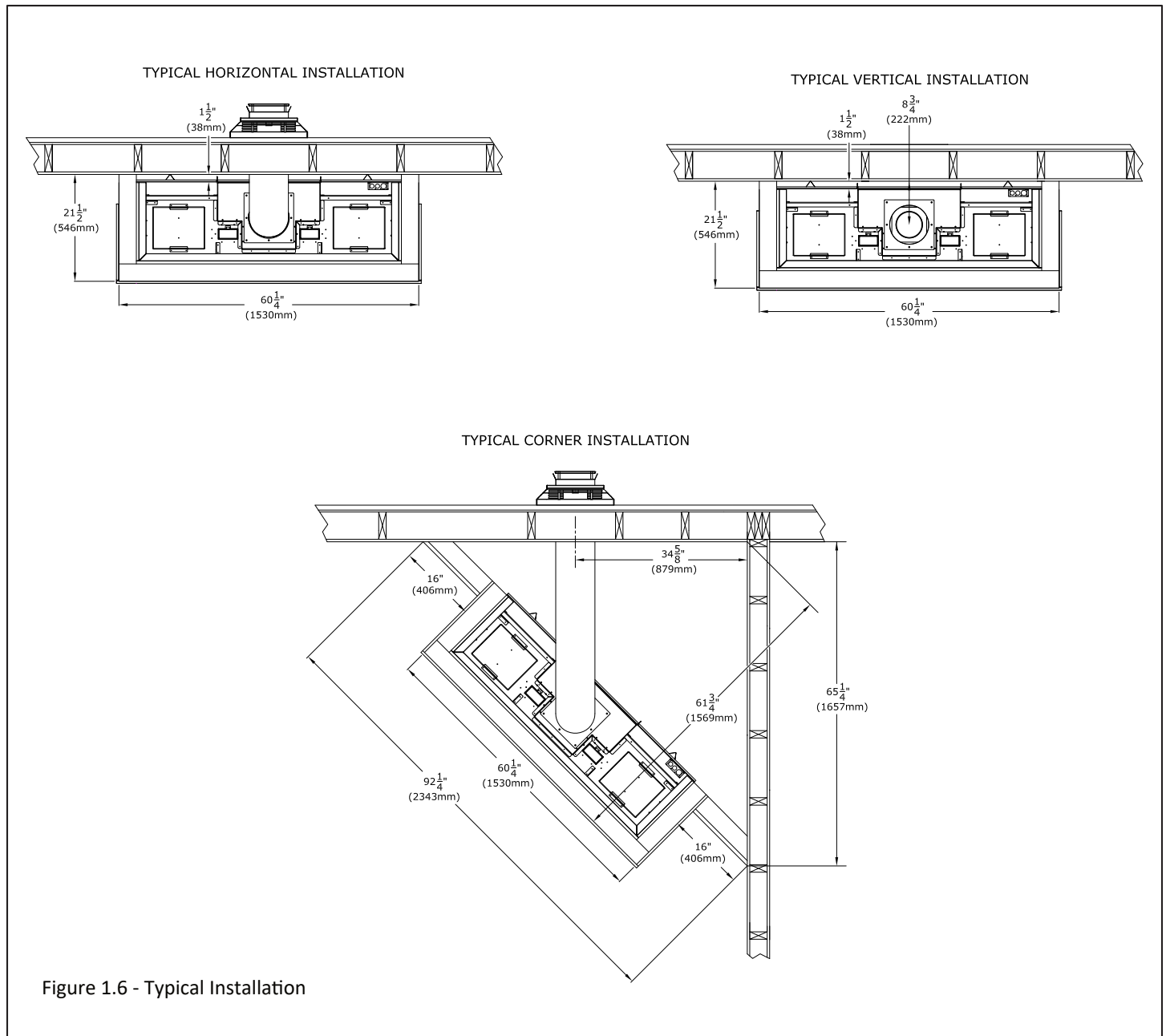


Figure 1.5 - Typical Installation

## 1.4 Typical 3-Sided (Bay) Fireplace Installations



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## 1.5 Clearances to Combustibles

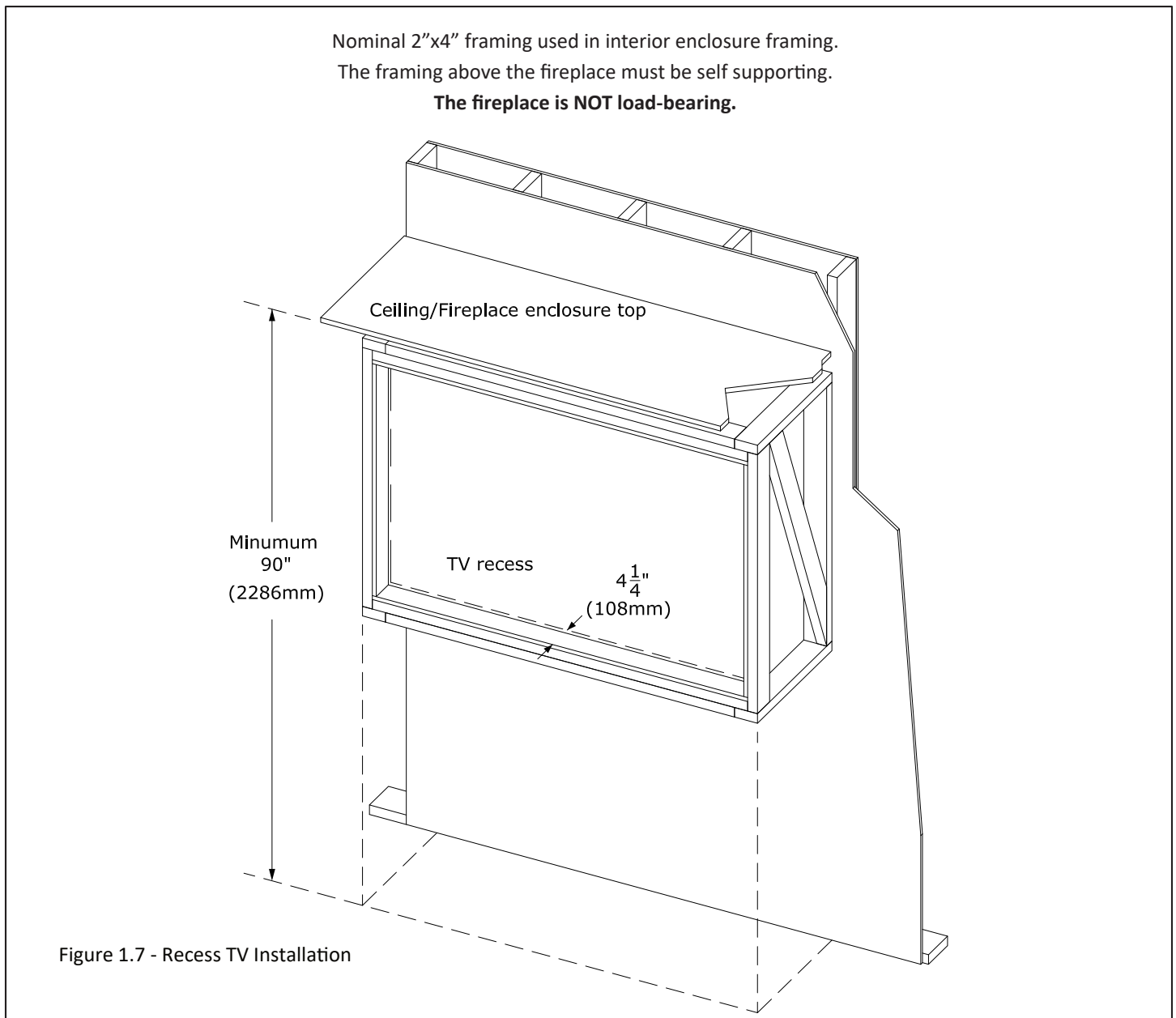
- See Table 1.1 below for minimum clearances.
- Unless otherwise noted all clearances / images in this manual are based off of nominal 2" x 4" framing being used.

Table 1.1 - Minimum Fireplace Clearances to Combustible Material		
Minimum height of fireplace enclosure	90"	2286mm
Base of fireplace to ceiling	90"	2286mm
From fireplace top stand-off brackets	0"	0mm
From fireplace back stand-off brackets	0"	0mm
From fireplace corners	3"	75mm
From fireplace left or right stand-off brackets (nailing flanges) - Corner Installation Only	0"	0mm
From fireplace front	36"	914mm
Fireplace side finishing edge to adjacent sidewall	18"	457mm
Front and side overhang or mantel 16" (406mm) deep projection from the top finishing edge of the fireplace	0"	0mm
Unlimited Hearth Extension from the bottom finishing edge of the fireplace	0"	0mm
Minimum Vent System Clearances Inside Fireplace Enclosure		
Horizontal venting within fireplace enclosure - Top surface of vent pipe	3"	76mm
Horizontal venting within fireplace enclosure - Left, right, and bottom surfaces of vent pipe	1"	25mm
Vertical venting within fireplace enclosure - All surfaces	1"	25mm

## 1.6 Mounting a Television Above a Fireplace and Television Recess Construction

**WARNING:** All clearances to venting must be maintained.

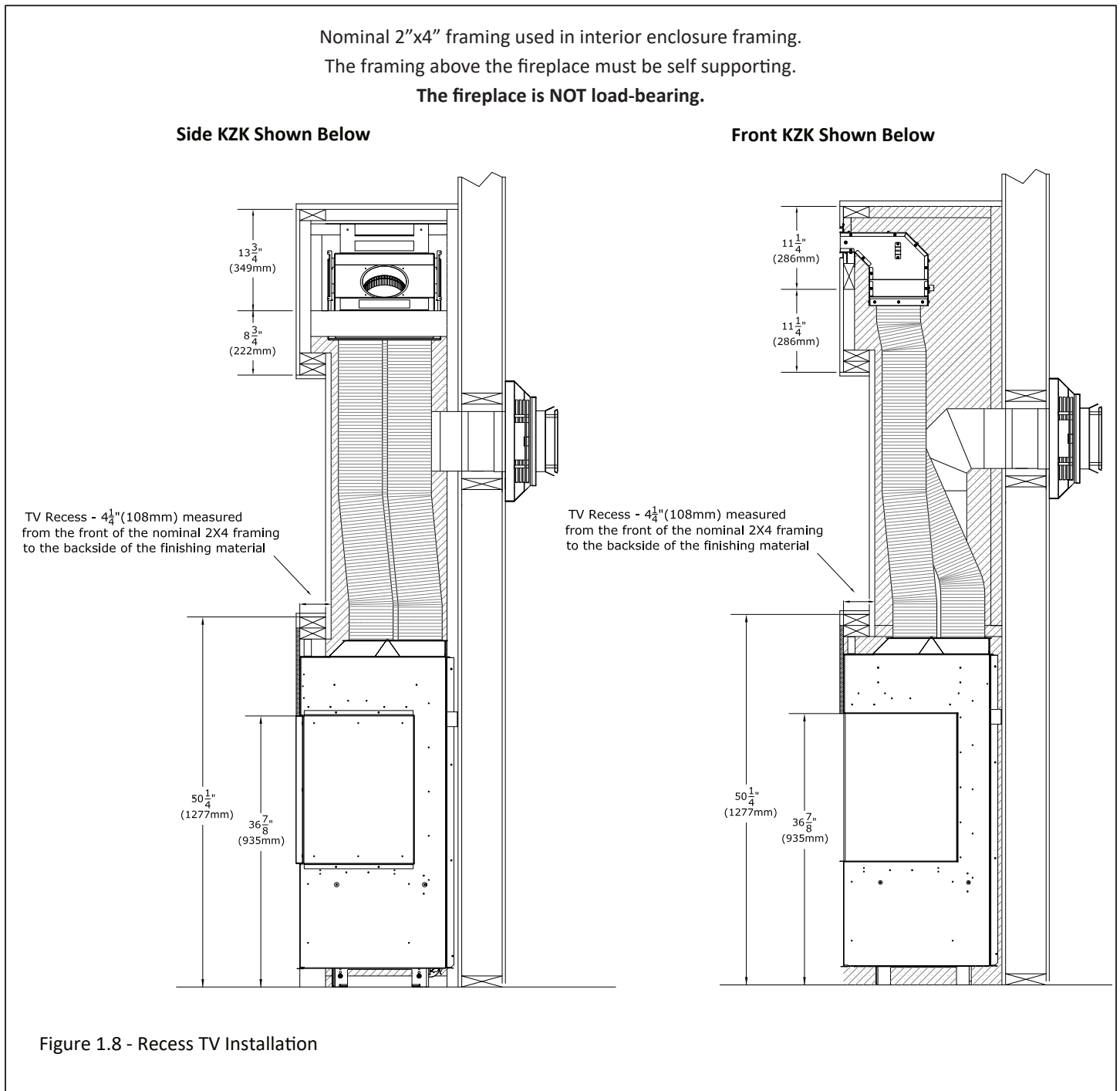
- Mounting a television above a fireplace is a common practice. Mantel depth, ceiling heights, and wall and mantel construction material all affect television surface temperatures. Most television manufacturers specify in their instructions that a television should not be installed on, near, or above a heat source.
- We recommend the use of a mantel to deflect heat away from the television.
- Television location rests solely on the homeowner. It is the home owner's responsibility that the preferred TV mounting and mantel design will not exceed the listed maximum operation temperature of their electronic goods.
- The allowed TV recess of 4-1/4" (108mm) measures from the front of the nominal 2x4 framing to the backside of the finishing material of the pocket.



### 1.6.1 TV Recess with KZK

**WARNING:** All clearances to venting must be maintained.

- Review all information in Section 1.5 regarding best practices and considerations involving recessing a TV.
- There is specific information about minimum clearances when performing a recessed TV and utilizing a side KZK (left image) or front KZK (right image). The drawing below highlights the minimum framed distance between the KZK framed opening and the framed opening of the TV recess cavity.
- Side KZK option cannot be installed on a left or right corner installation.



## 1.7 Elevated Platform Installation

- When planning your installation you may want to elevate the fireplace by building a platform or find it beneficial to have the air intake opening be raised off the floor. Having the air intake opening raised off the floor would help prevent debris (e.g. animal hair, kids toys, etc.) from entering the air intake opening. This is an important consideration due to the use of fans to cool the safety glass and chamber.
- If you want to elevate the fireplace and have the air intake opening elevated off the floor as well you can follow the illustrations in Figure 4.4. The air intake opening moves with the fireplace where air intake opening starts with the base of the fireplace. Determine the height of the air intake opening you want and build the platform height according to that. The platform should be constructed with a solid plywood base.
- Dimension A is the height from the floor you want your air intake opening to start. The finished platform will be this height. Dimension B is the framed height based on your KZK or Vented Cavity selection. Dimension C is the width of the framed opening. Dimension D is the depth of the framed opening. The last image below shows a 2-1/2" air intake opening elevated off the floor.

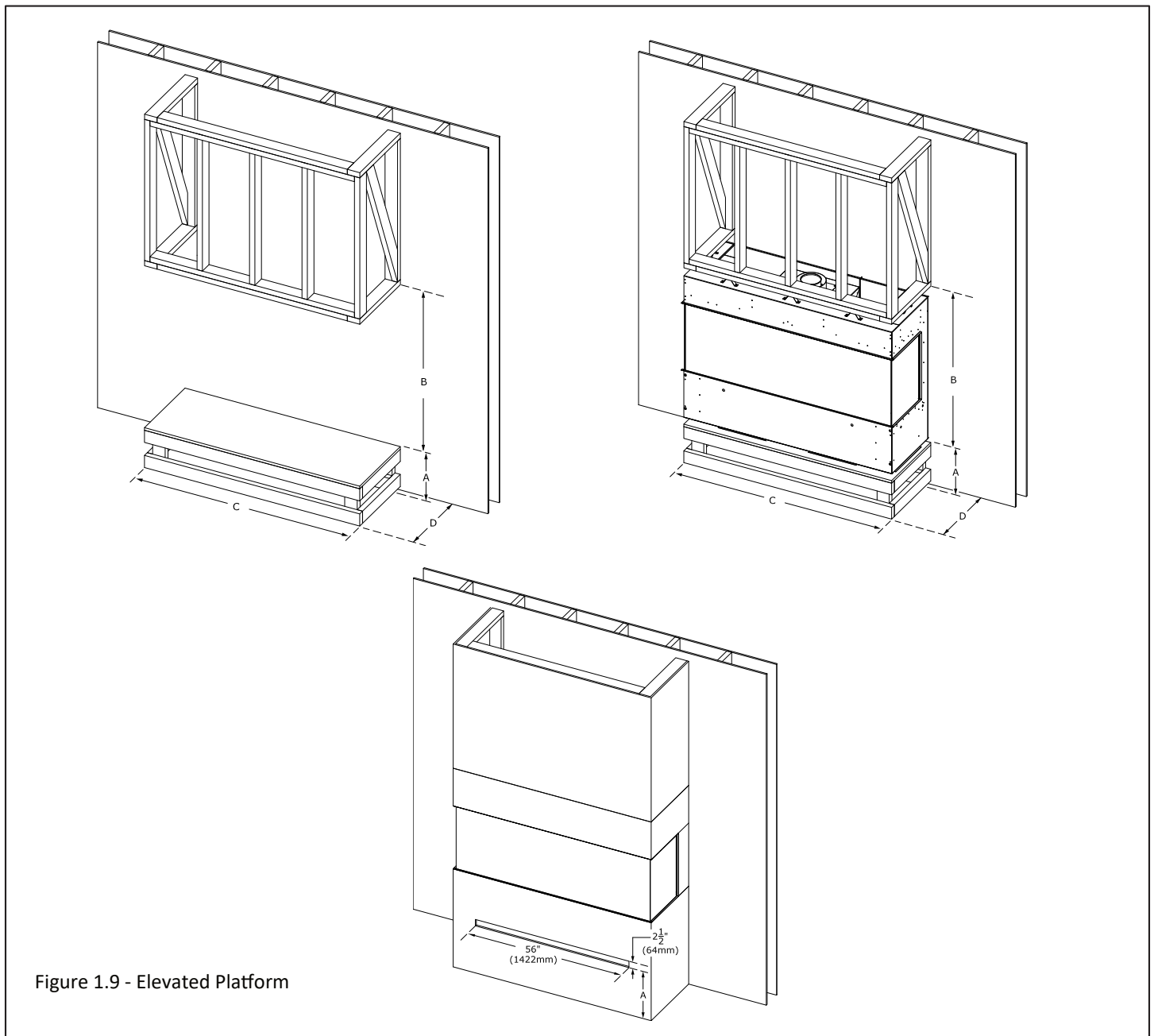


Figure 1.9 - Elevated Platform

## 1.7 Elevated Platform Installation (continued)

- If you want to elevate your fireplace but want the air intake opening at the floor or at a lower location than the bottom of the fireplace you can construct the fireplace platform as shown in Figure 4.5. You will leave two 2"x60" openings (one in front and one in back) in the platform base for air supply to the fireplace. These openings feed the front and back fans.
- Ensure the construction of the platform meets the air intake opening minimum opening requirements of the option you selected (KZK or Vented Cavity).

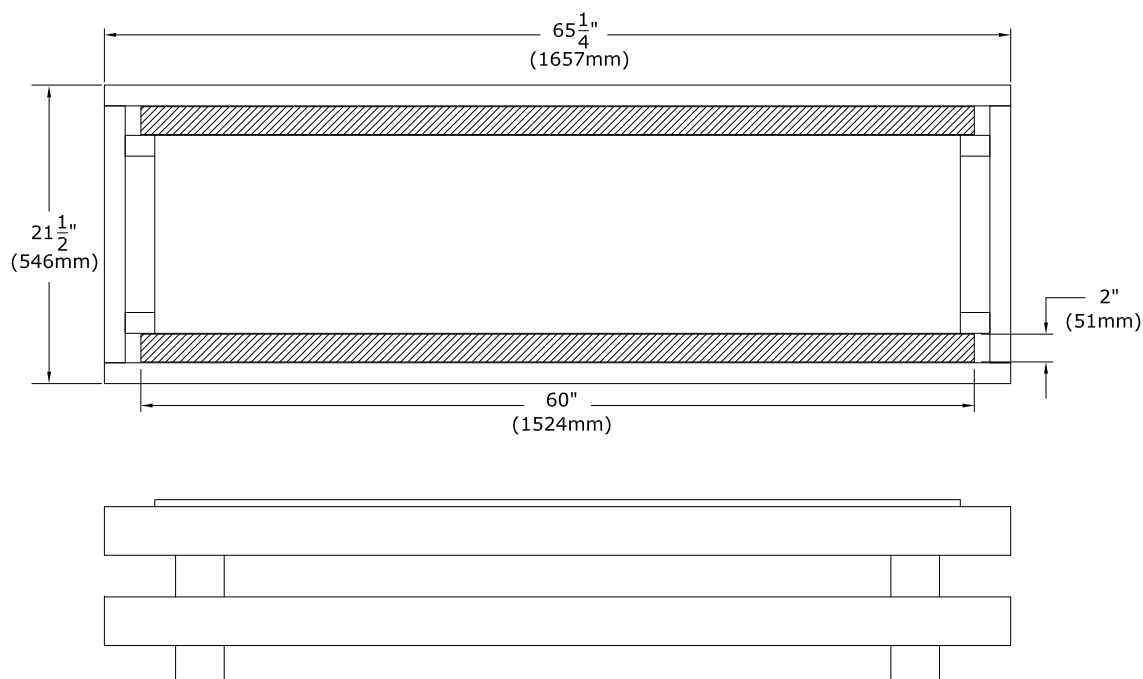


Figure 1.10 - Elevated Platform

## 1.8 Clearance to Sprinkler

- In a situation where a sprinkler head is installed within the proximity to a #KZK discharge opening or the vented cavity opening for the fireplace chamber, the diagram below MUST be followed.
- The distance between a sprinkler head and discharge opening cannot be less than 60" (1524mm) in length at every point from the origin of the discharge opening. You must also verify the sprinkler head sensor is set to the proper heat setting so it does not activate when the room heats up from the fireplace being operated normally.
- Please follow local building codes to determine what temperature setting is relevant for your installation.
- Figure 1.11 shows a side KZK whereas your installation may look different.

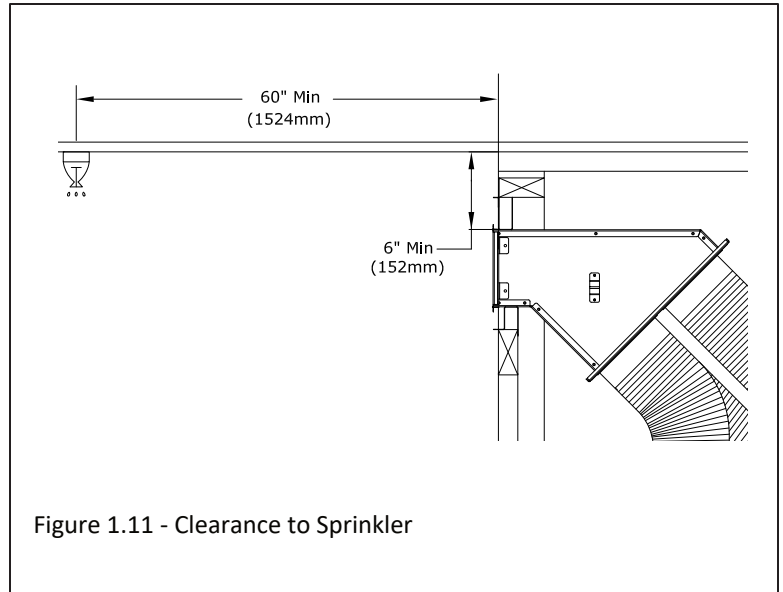


Figure 1.11 - Clearance to Sprinkler

## 1.9 Wall Pass Through Framing Instructions - Minimum Horizontal

- Follow Figure 1.12 below for minimum rough-in dimensions.
1. Measure from floor level of the fireplace to the center of where the vent pipe will penetrate the wall. The dimension in Figure 1.12 is used with a Simpson DuraVent elbow.
  2. Cut and frame an opening in the wall to allow the vent system to run level through the wall pass-through.
  3. Follow the vent pipe manufacturer's installation instructions for natural draft vent installation.

**Note: Vent pipe framing dimensions are tested with listed Simpson DuraVent pipe. Other manufacturers product dimensions may vary.**

**Minimum Wall Thimble clearance for 5" x 8" vent pipe is ½" (13mm).**

**Minimum Wall Thimble clearance for 4" x 6-5/8" vent pipe is 1" (25mm). The Kozy Power Vent is the only approved 4" x 6-5/8" horizontal termination.**

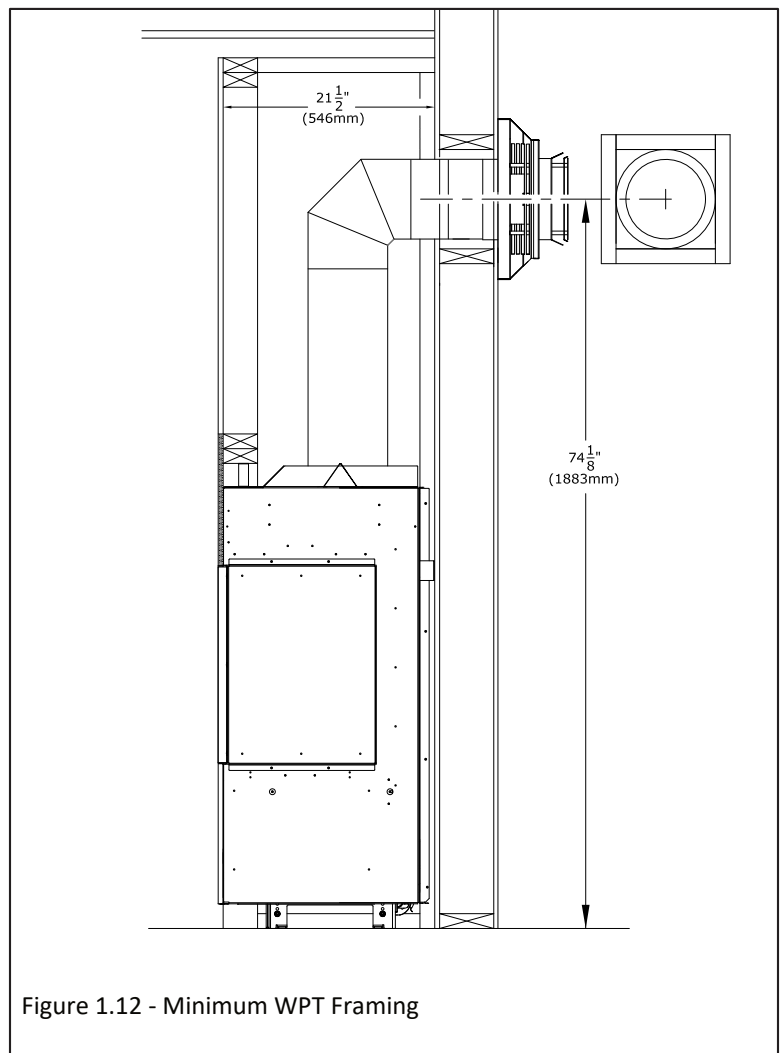


Figure 1.12 - Minimum WPT Framing



## 2.0 Corner Installation

The information provided in this section will cover topics related to installing this fireplace in its corner configuration (left or right). The topics include: framing, facing material, finishing material, cooling the fireplace chamber, and chamber clearances.

### 2.1 Framing

Note: Unless otherwise noted all clearances / images in this manual are based off of nominal 2" x 4" framing being used.

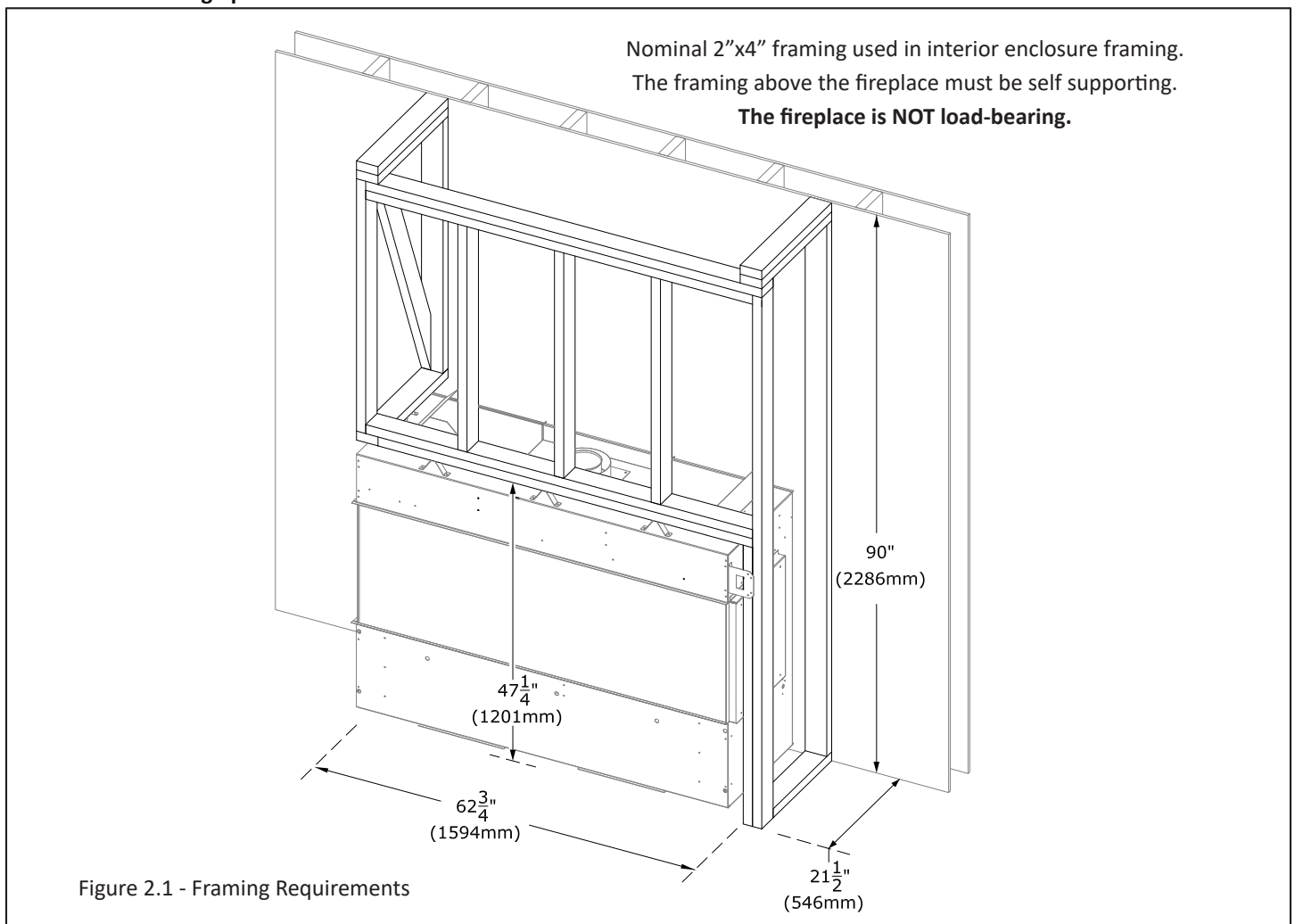
**IMPORTANT:** The framing above the fireplace must be self supporting in all installation scenarios. The fireplace is not load-bearing.

**WARNING:** Provide adequate clearances around air openings into the combustion chamber. Provide adequate clearance in front of the fireplace for barrier removal, component access, gas line installation, service access, etc.

**CAUTION:** Cold air transfer area. The surround fireplace chase must comply with all clearances as outlined in this manual, and be constructed in compliance with local building codes. Outside walls should be insulated to prevent cold air from entering room.

- Floor protection in front of the fireplace is not required. Combustible material may be used if installing a hearth extension. Consider the thickness of the hearth extension finishing material if building a fireplace platform. The hearth may be flush with the bottom finishing edge of the fireplace.
- The bottom of the fireplace must be placed directly on a wood or non-combustible surface (not linoleum or carpet). If this appliance is to be installed directly on carpeting, tile, or other combustible material other than wood flooring, this appliance shall be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the appliance.

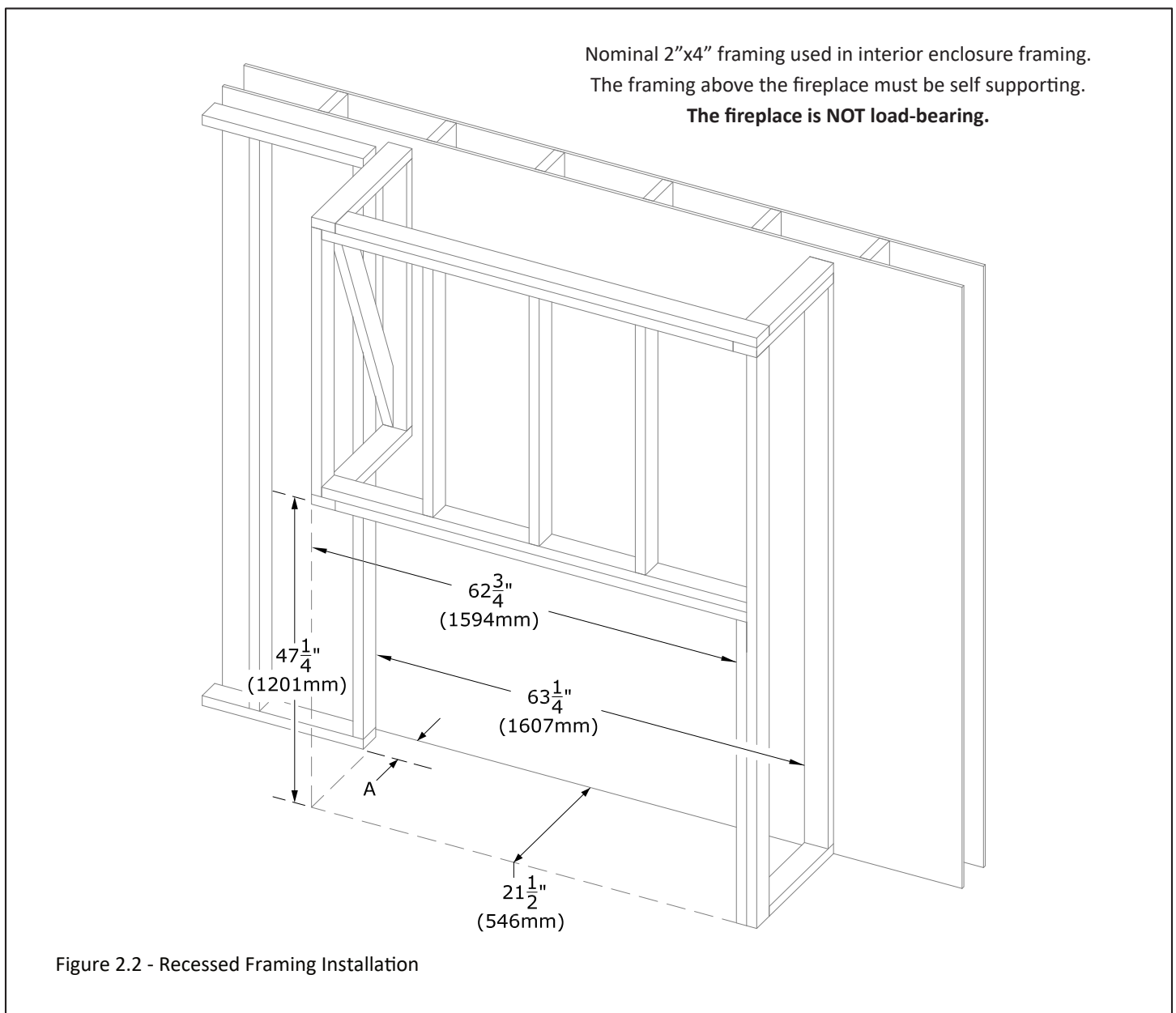
**IMPORTANT:** To cool the fireplace chamber correctly take important consideration when planning out the framing for this fireplace. Look at the different options on how to cool the chamber that are outlined in Section 4.5. You must choose one of the air Intake and heat release options or one of the KZK options. The framing will have to accommodate one of these chamber cooling options.



## 2.2 Recessed Fireplace Framing

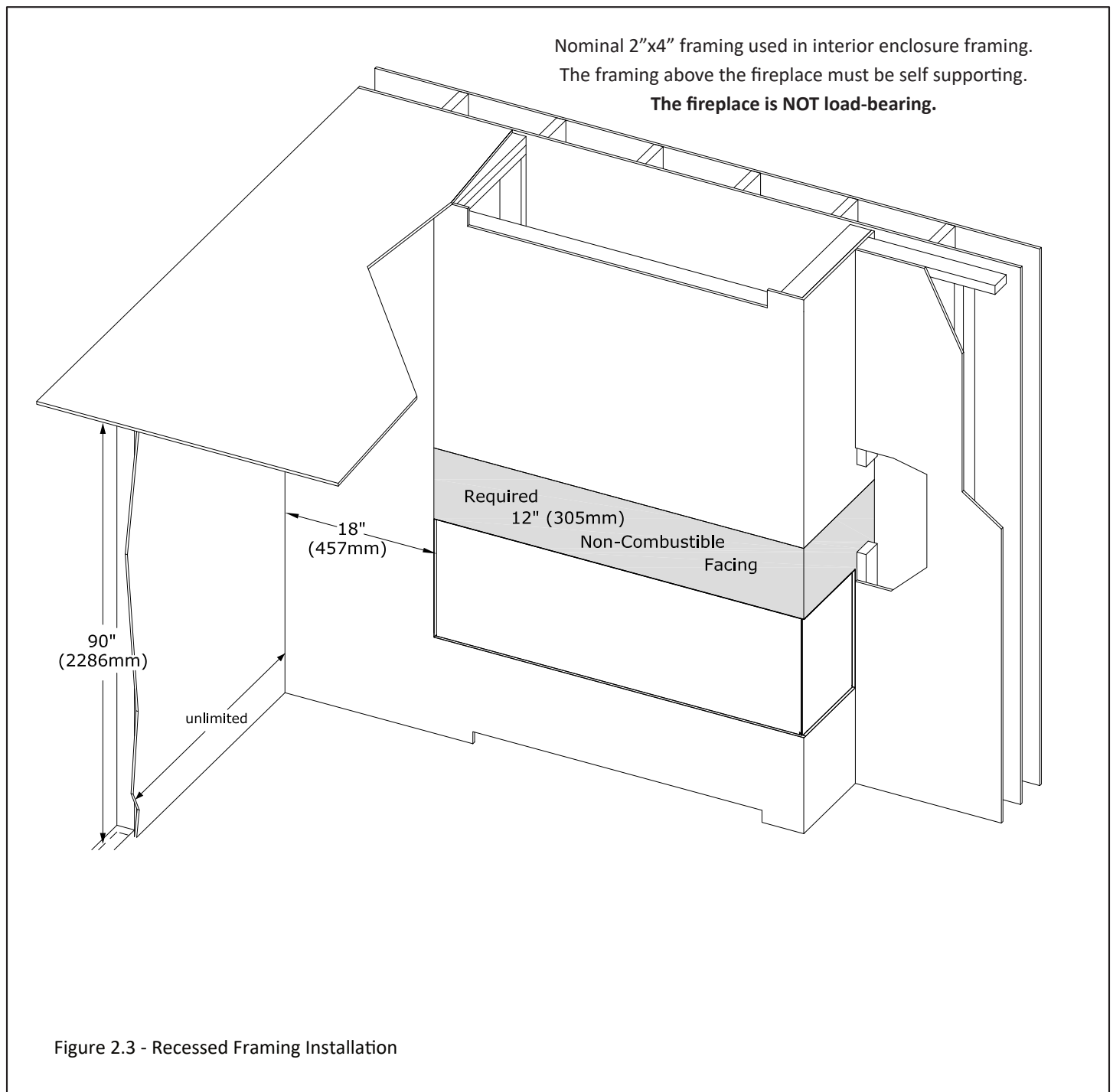
**WARNING:** All clearances to venting must be maintained.

- It may be desirable to recess the fireplace into a false wall so the finishing material is next to the side glass.
- It is necessary to accommodate the thickness of the facing and finishing material when determining the framing.
- The measurement from the back of the chamber (back stand-off) to the side finishing edge is 5-7/8".
  - Example: If your facing material and finishing material comes out to 1" then your framing would be 4-7/8" from the back of the chamber. Your finishing material would tuck behind the side finishing edge.
- In Figure 2.2 dimension A is the recessed framed depth of the false wall.
- **Only a front air intake / heat release or front KZK is allowed when installing the fireplace in a recessed installation option.**



## 2.2 Recessed Fireplace Framing (continued)

- Figure 2.3 shows how to face the fireplace chamber when installing the fireplace in a recessed application. You are required to first face the fireplace chamber then build the walls off to the sides.
- Follow all noncombustible facing requirements in Section 2.3 before building the walls off to the side. The required noncombustible material stops the combustible framing of the recessed wall from touching the fireplace.

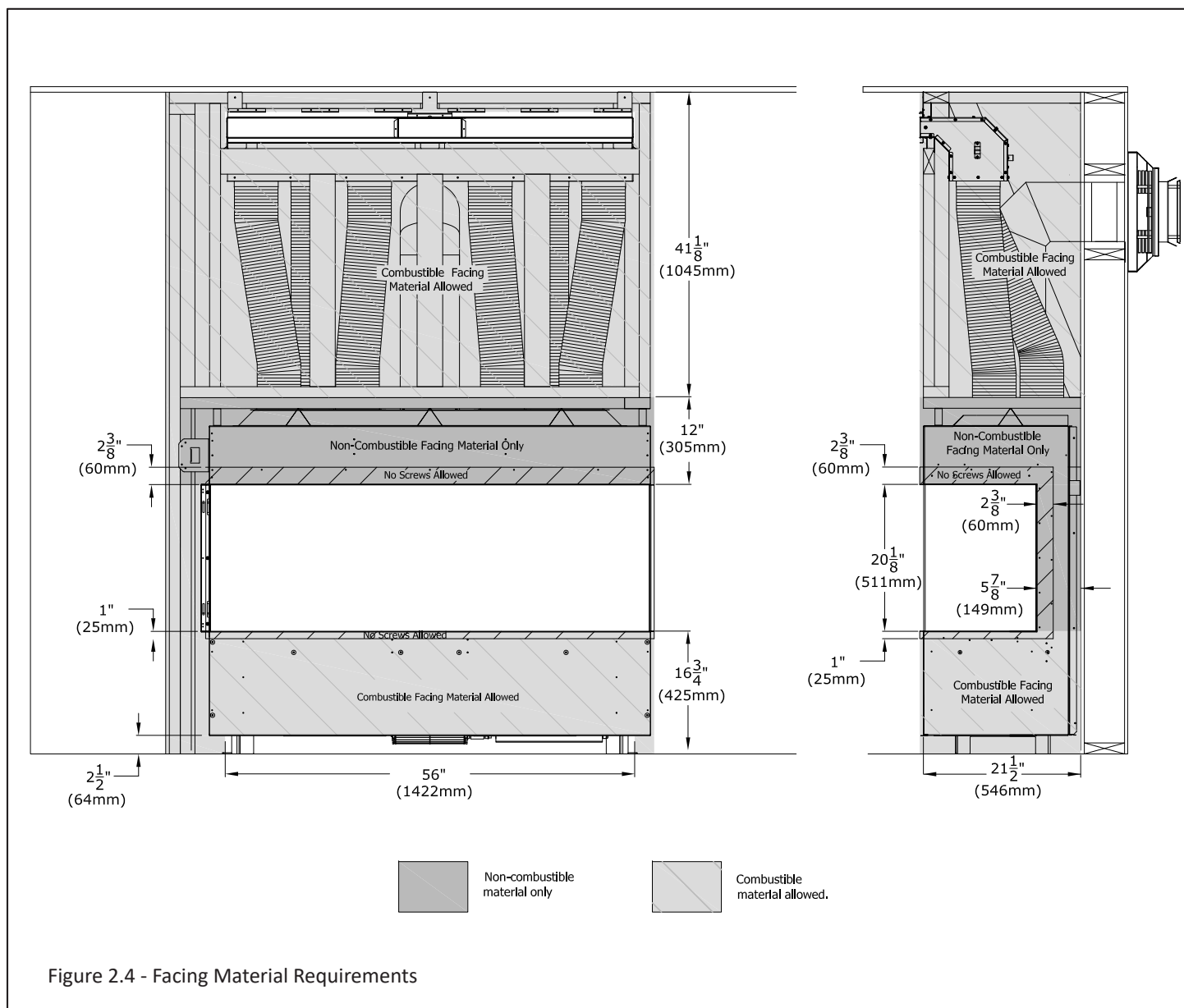


## 2.3 Facing Requirements

The information in this section shows the minimum noncombustible facing requirements. This requirements apply for vented cavity or KZK installations. Figure 2.4 shows the minimum 12" noncombustible facing material.

Take special consideration where you attach the facing material to the fireplace as there are no-screw zones on this fireplace.

Make sure the screws only penetrate up to 1" (25mm) into the fireplace. Take consideration of this when choosing screw length based on your facing material thickness.



## 2.4 Requirements to Cool the Fireplace Chamber and Safety Glass

**IMPORTANT:** This fireplace requires that the fireplace chamber has airflow to cool it. You must choose one of the options in this section to cool the fireplace chamber. You must select and follow the requirements of one of the options in this section that use an air intake opening with a vented cavity heat release opening or KZK heat release.

The air intake opening supplies the necessary room air to cool the chamber and safety glass. The Vented Cavity or KZK heat release opening discharges the warm air from the chamber and fireplace. This airflow is separate than the air that is used in the vent system and combustion process.

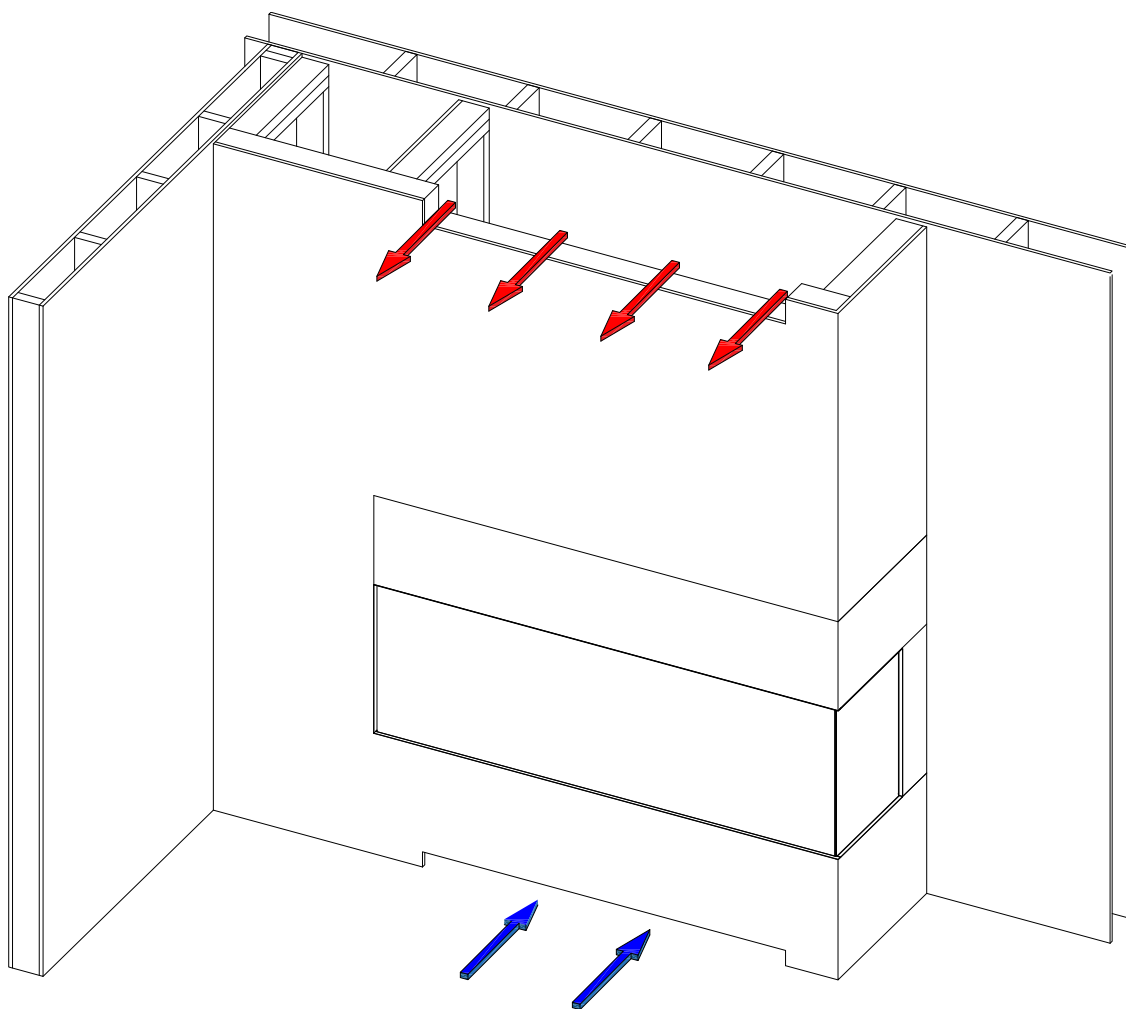


Figure 2.5 -Cooling the Fireplace Chamber and Safety Glass

### 2.4.1 Front KZK

This section outlines the requirements for using the front KZK option to cool the fireplace chamber. This option requires the use of an air intake opening in the fireplace chamber and the installation of the front KZK.

#### Kit Contents

**ALL kit contents must be installed.**

- (1) 56" plenum kit: KZK-056
- (1) plenum discharge trim: KZK-056DT
- (2) plenum support brackets
- (12) 6" collars - (6) to attach to the bottom of the plenum; (6) to attach to the unit where the cover plates are removed.

#### Additional Required Items

- (1) KZK-610 (sold separately) is used for a 10' vent run. If you are mounting the plenum above the fireplace 10' (3m) or less, use (1) KZK-610 kit.
- (1) G6020-ACH - Air Chute. This air chute connects to the top of the fireplace. The tubes and collars connect from the air chute to plenum.

#### Optional Items

If you are mounting the plenum above the fireplace between 10' to 20', you will need (2) KZK-610 kit and (1) #KZK-CPL6 coupler kit. KZK-CPL6 (sold separately) is (6) 6" couplers that connect (2) KZK-610.

#### Plenum Placement

- **IMPORTANT:** The air duct pipe cannot run horizontally without a vertical rise.
- **IMPORTANT:** The 1/2" clearance around the air duct pipes must be maintained.
- Use #KZK-610 UL181 Class 0 Air Duct piping to connect the plenum(s) to the unit.
- Hussong Mfg. Co., Inc. requires pipes to be listed as UL181 Class 0 Air Duct to connect the plenum(s) to the unit.
- Maximum Vent Run: 20' (6.10m)

(6) - 10' x 6" (aluminum flex) listed to UL-181 Class 0 Air Duct (sold separately)

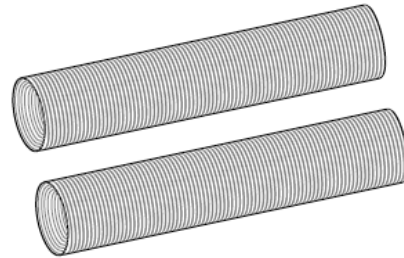


Figure 2.6 - #KZK-610

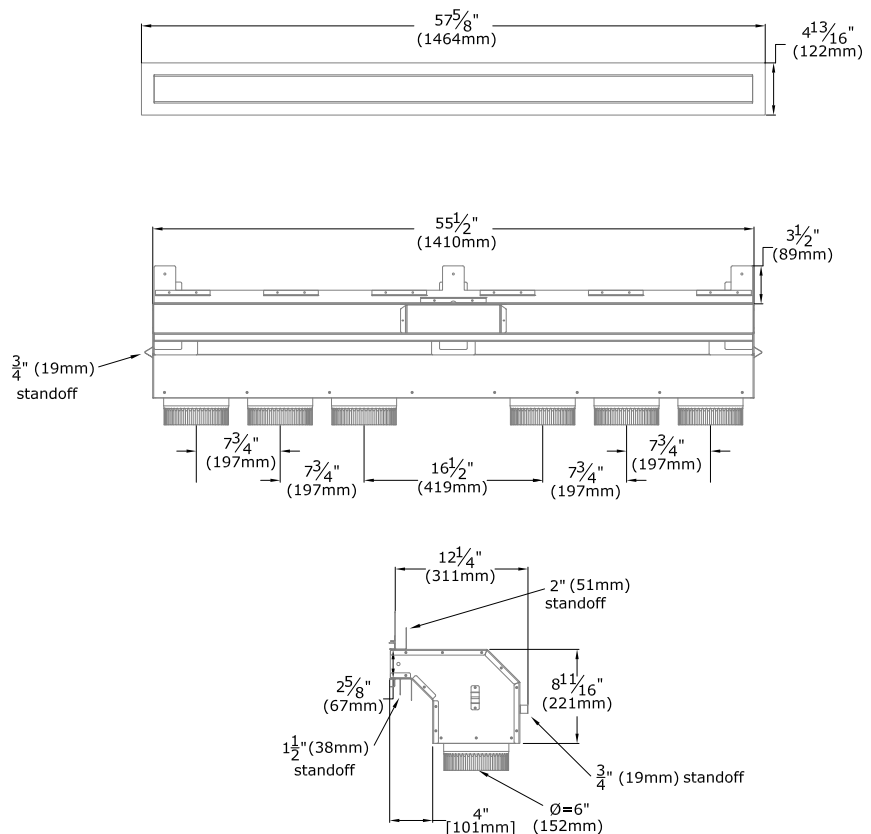


Figure 2.7 - KZK Overview

### 2.4.1 Front KZK (continued)

Below is the framing information for the front KZK. Figure 2.8 shows the framed opening for the KZK plenum. Figure 2.9 shows the framing information.

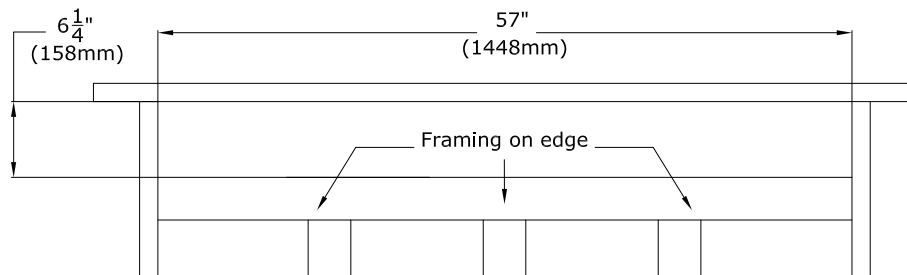


Figure 2.8 - Front KZK - Plenum Framed Opening

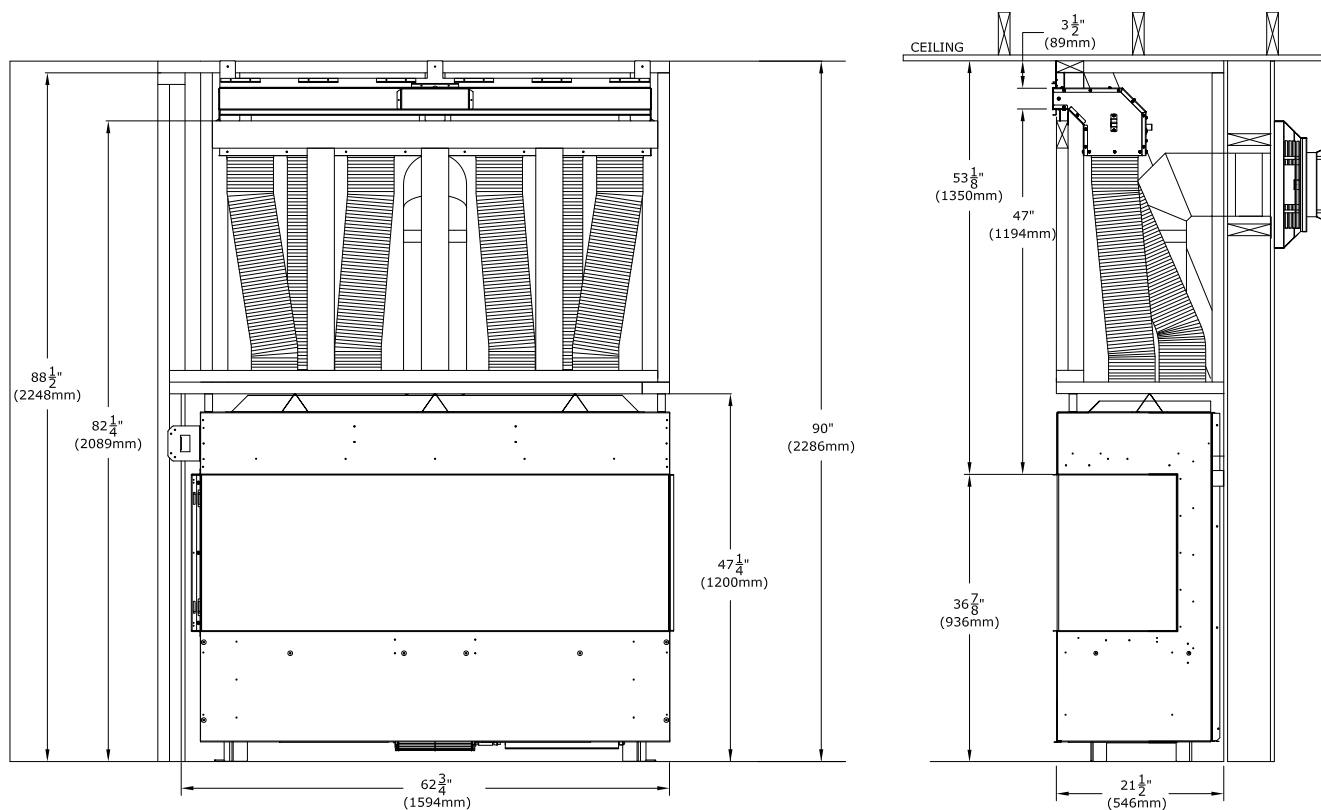


Figure 2.9 - Minimum Chamber Height Plenum Framing

### 2.4.1 Front KZK (continued)

Below Figure 2.10 shows the minimum air intake opening that is required for the front KZK installation.

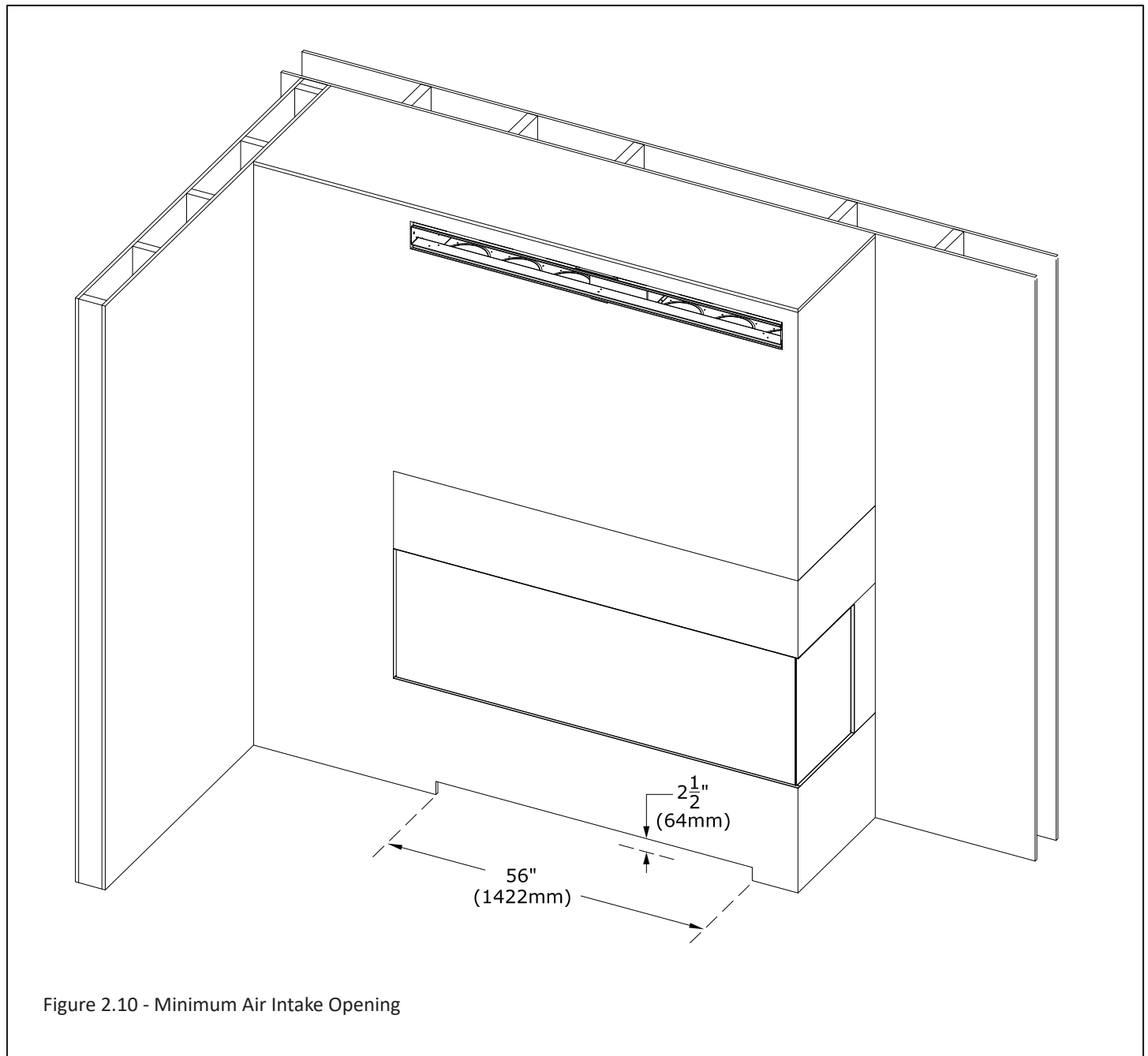


Figure 2.10 - Minimum Air Intake Opening



## 2.4.1 Front KZK (continued)

Shown below in Figure 2.11 are options on how you can finish around the front KZK plenum opening.

- The left image shows combustible facing material such as drywall finished up to the standoffs around the opening of the plenum. Install the KZK discharge trim to cover the edge of the finishing material.
- The middle image shows the allowed 1" thick additional finishing material such as shiplap. This material must stop at the edge of the discharge trim.
- The right image shows non-combustible finishing material such as tile that is finished up to the opening of the plenum.

Shown below in Figure 2.12 are options on how you can finish up to finishing edge of the air intake opening. Ensure the 2-1/2" (64mm) air intake opening is always maintained throughout all the facing and finishing material.

- The left image shows the 1/2" facing material butting up against the finishing edge.
- The middle image shows the allowed 1" thick additional finishing material such as shiplap.
- The right image shows noncombustible finishing material such as tile or stone.

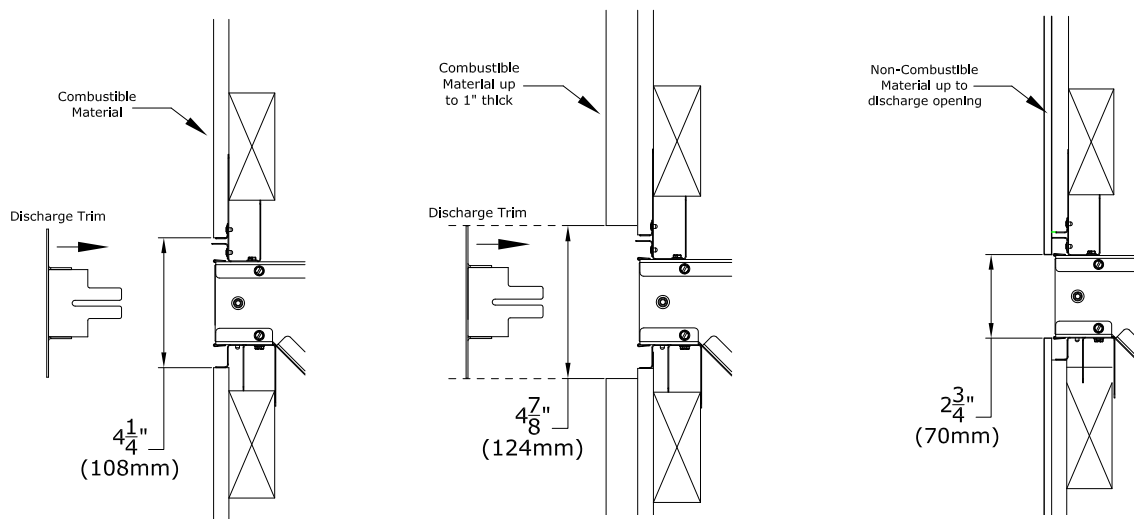


Figure 2.11 - KZK Plenum Opening - Finishing Options

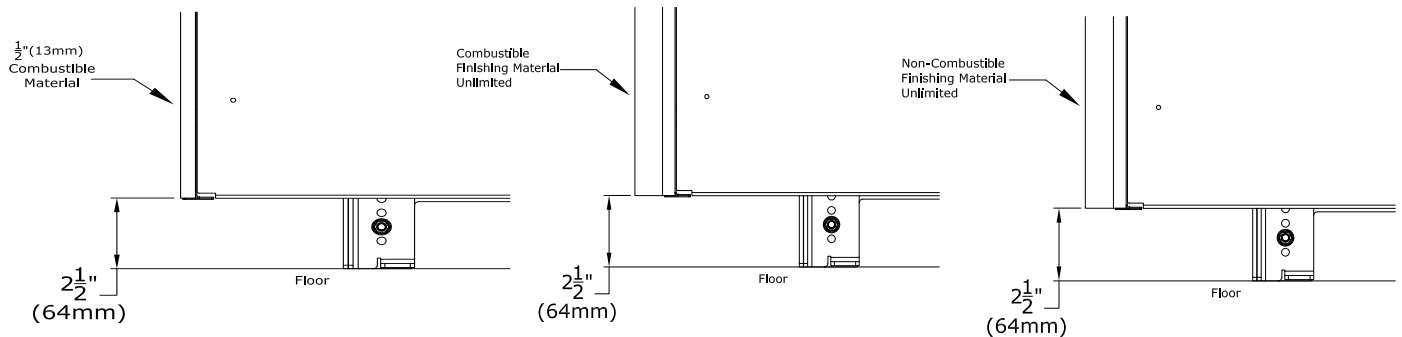


Figure 2.12 - KZK Air Intake Opening - Finishing Options

## 2.4.2 KZK Installation Overview

**Important:** You must order a (1) G6020-ACH with your KZK-056 and KZK-610. The G6020-ACH attaches to the fireplace. See Figure 2.13.

**Note:** the KZK collars cannot be installed on the fireplace when sliding the fireplace into the framed opening. Install after installing into the framed opening.

**Note:** Figure 2.13 shows a single sided installation. Your framing may look different depending on the installation option you have chosen.

1. Use the provided (11) sheet metal screws with the kit to install the air chute. Slide the fireplace into the framed opening.
2. Next you will install the first section of vent pipe. There are (3) tabs to fold up and then you can insert the vent pipe into the center hole. Ensure the vent pipe is fully seated on the vent pipe connection. Use the (3) fold up tabs to secure the vent pipe.
3. Use the (18) provided sheet metal screws to install the KZK collars on the air chute.
4. Frame the rough opening of the KZK plenum(s). Refer to all pages of this manual to ensure all framing and finishing materials are considered.
5. Install the plenum(s) into the rough framed opening maintain minimum clearances to combustibles. If you are installing the front KZK we recommend using the supplied mounting brackets to help support the weight of the plenum and pipes. Ensure the plenum is level (All KZK Options) and its outlet are not distorted. Additional metal strapping may be needed to support the weight of the tubes depending on the height of installation.
6. Attach the piping from all (6) plenum vent collars to all (6) fireplace vent collars. An upward slope must be maintained in horizontal section of pipe for proper convection.
7. Install the plenum discharge trim / grille provided with this kit using the (2) provided screws. If desired, the discharge trim or grille may be painted using high temperature paint (250F). Continue with fireplace installation.

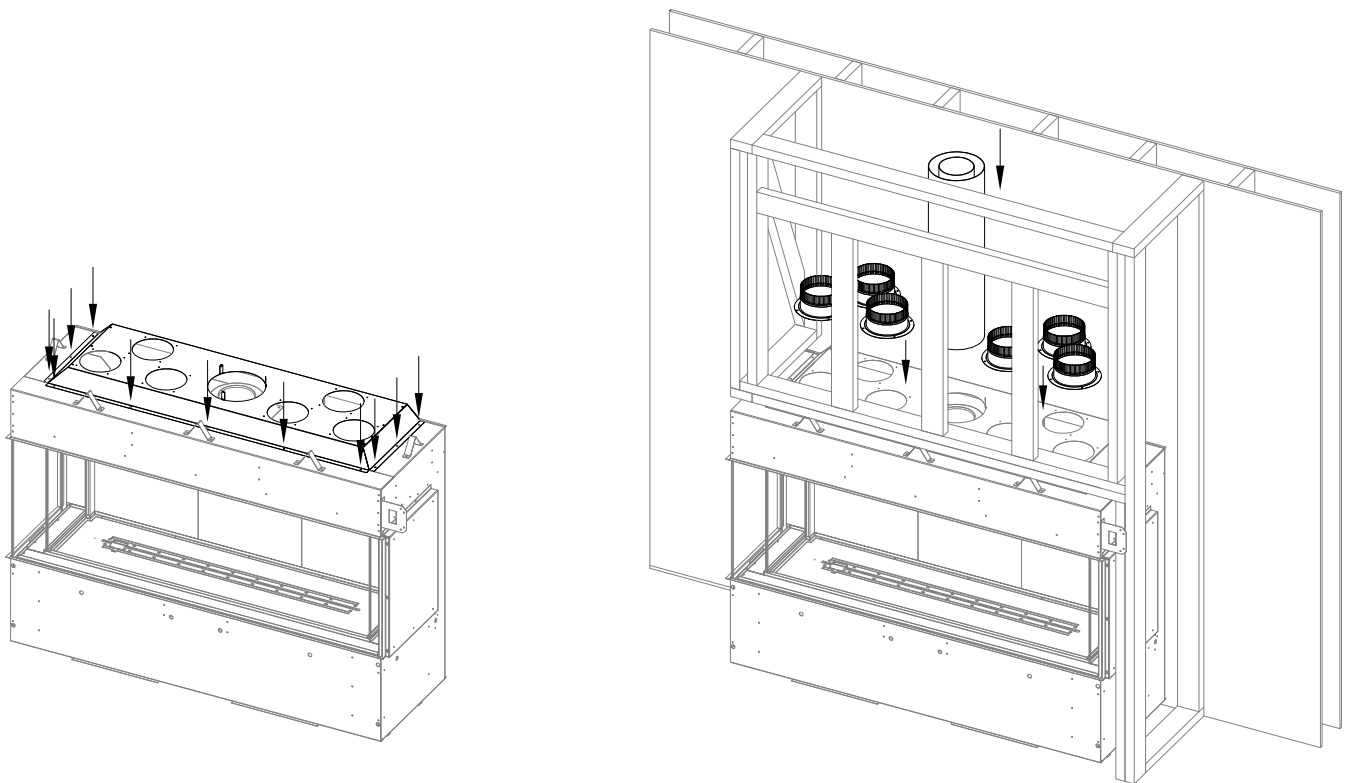
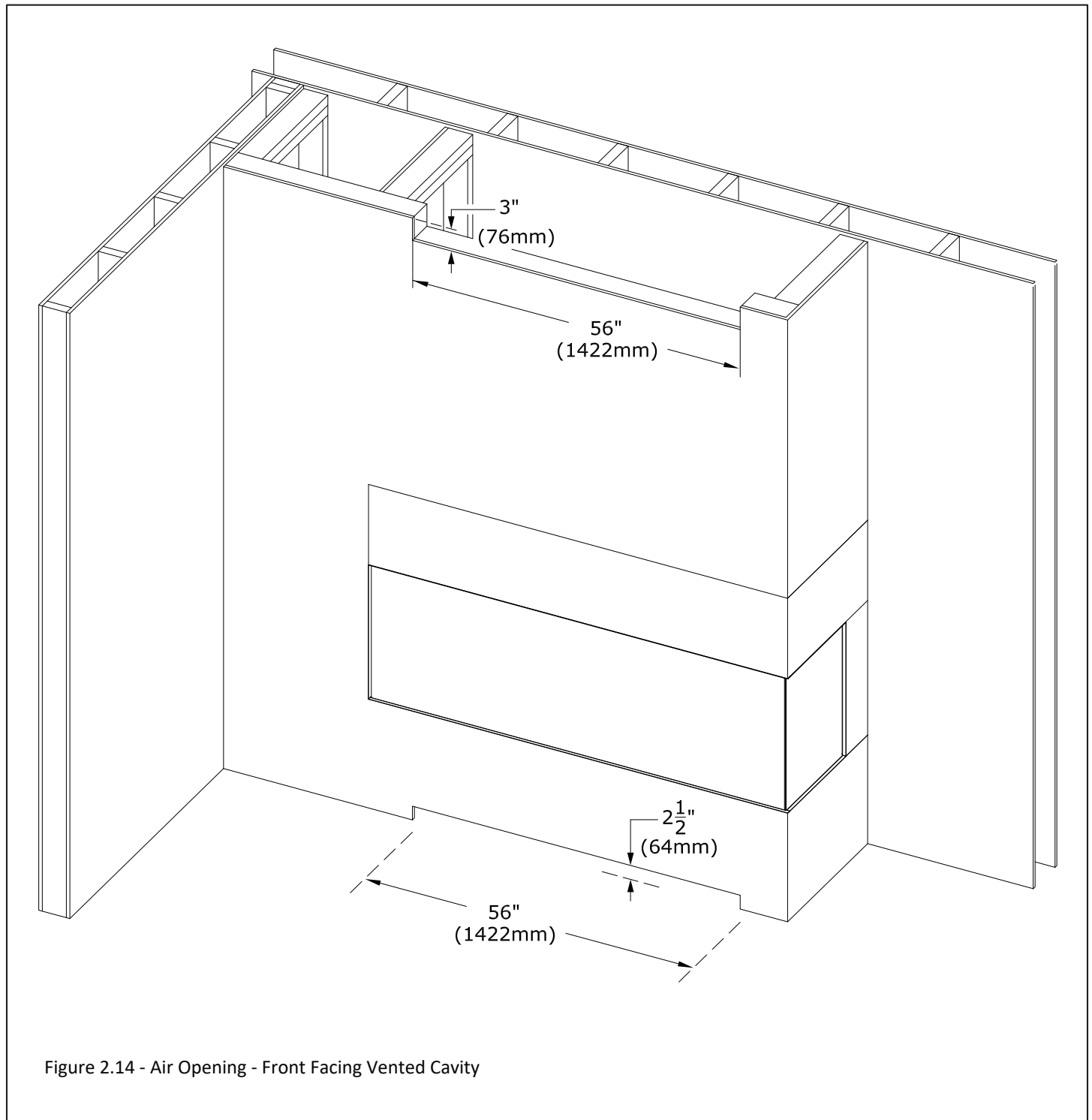


Figure 2.13 - G6020-ACH Installation and KZK Collar Installation

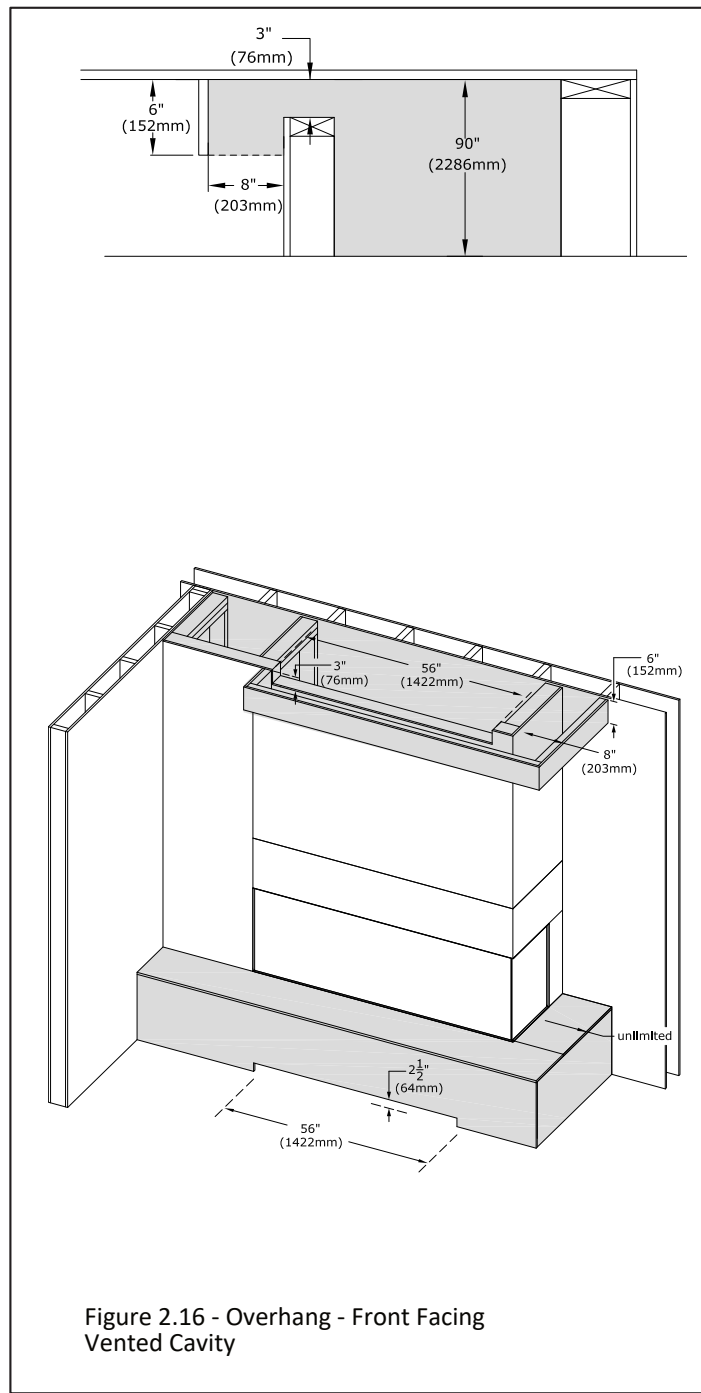
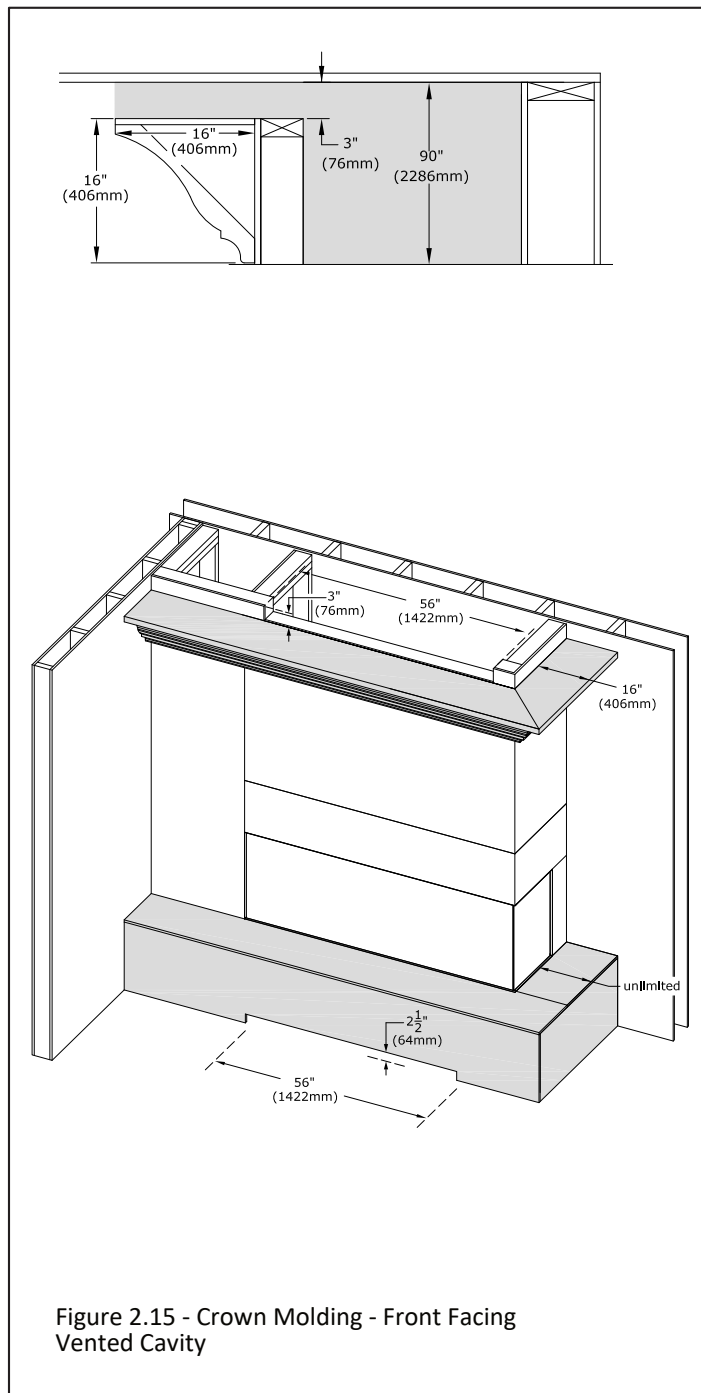
### 2.4.3 Vented Cavity Openings - Front Of The Chamber

Shown below is minimum requirements for the chamber air intake and heat release opening where the openings are on the front of the chamber only.



### 2.4.3 Vented Cavity Openings - Front Of The Chamber (continued)

The figures on this page show how you can visually conceal the heat release opening. This make provide a more desirable appearance. Figure 2.15 shows the use of crown molding. Figure 2.16 shows an overhang.



## 2.5 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber, and Side Chamber Projection for KZK Options

**NOTE:** A maximum of 16" (406mm) projection is allowed between the mantel and chamber projection (regardless if it is combustible, noncombustible, or a combination). An example would be if you installed a 6" (152mm) front chamber projection then you would be allowed up to a 10" (254mm) mantel until you hit the limit of 16" (406mm).

### 2.5.1 Combustible Hearth and Mantel Requirements

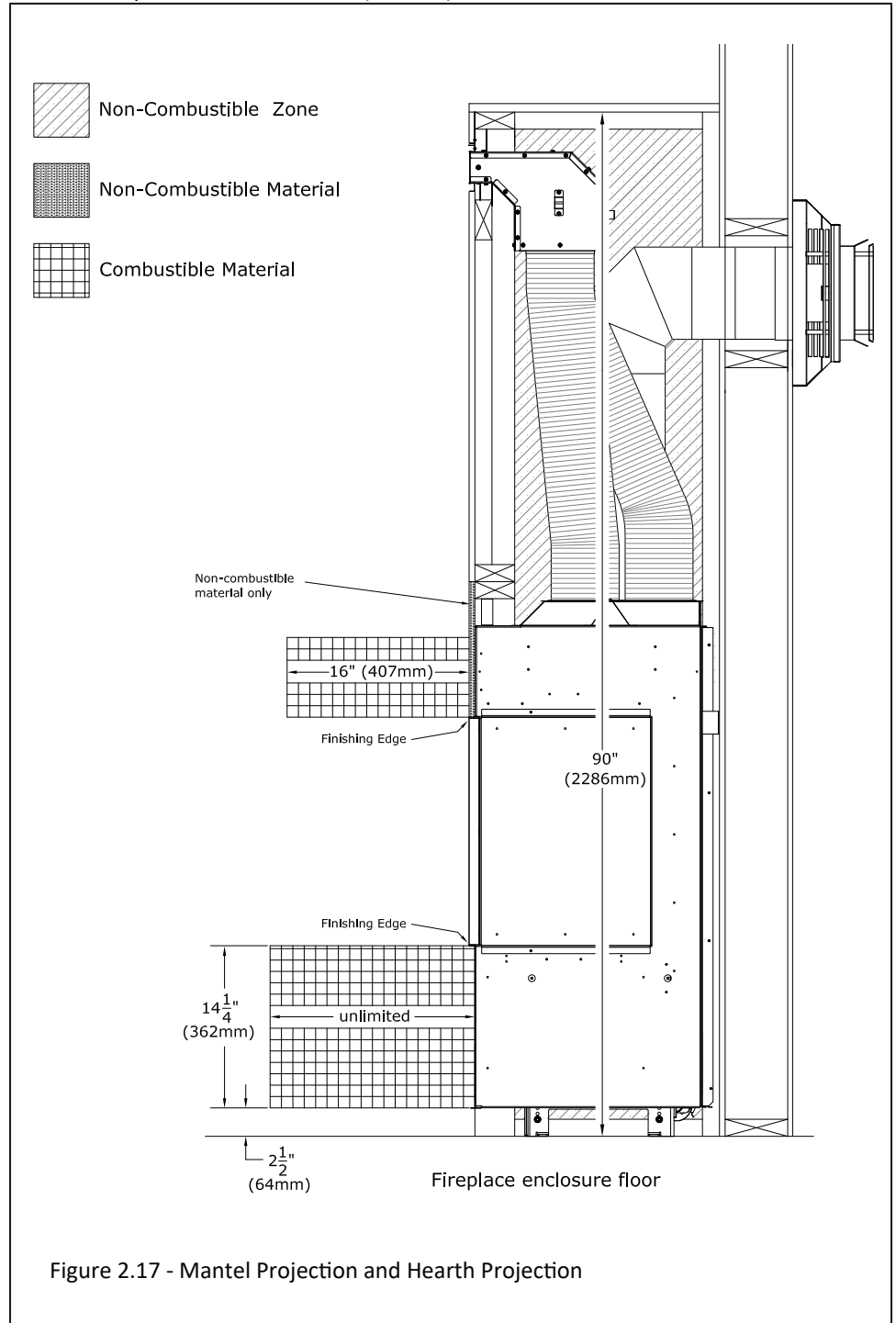
**WARNING:** All minimum clearances to combustible material **MUST** be maintained.

- **Combustible Mantel Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) mantel can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge. See Figure 2.17
- **Combustible Chamber Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) chamber projection can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge of the fireplace. See Figure 2.18.
- **Combustible Hearth:** Combustible hearth can have an unlimited projection. Hearth can be raised flush to the bottom finishing edge. See Figure 2.17.

### 2.5.2 Non-combustible Mantel and Projection Requirements

- **Noncombustible Mantel Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) noncombustible mantel projection is allowed to start at 0" (0mm) from the top fireplace finishing edge.
- **Noncombustible Chamber Projection:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) noncombustible projection can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge of the fireplace

**IMPORTANT:** You are required to have the minimum noncombustible facing material along the front and sides of the fireplace before constructing the framing of the of chamber projection. The noncombustible facing material prevents the combustible framing of the chamber projection from directly contacting the fireplace. See Section 2.5.3 for more information.



2.5 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber, and Side Chamber Projection for KZK Options (continued)

Figure 2.18 shows the KZK installed in a 16" front chamber projection.

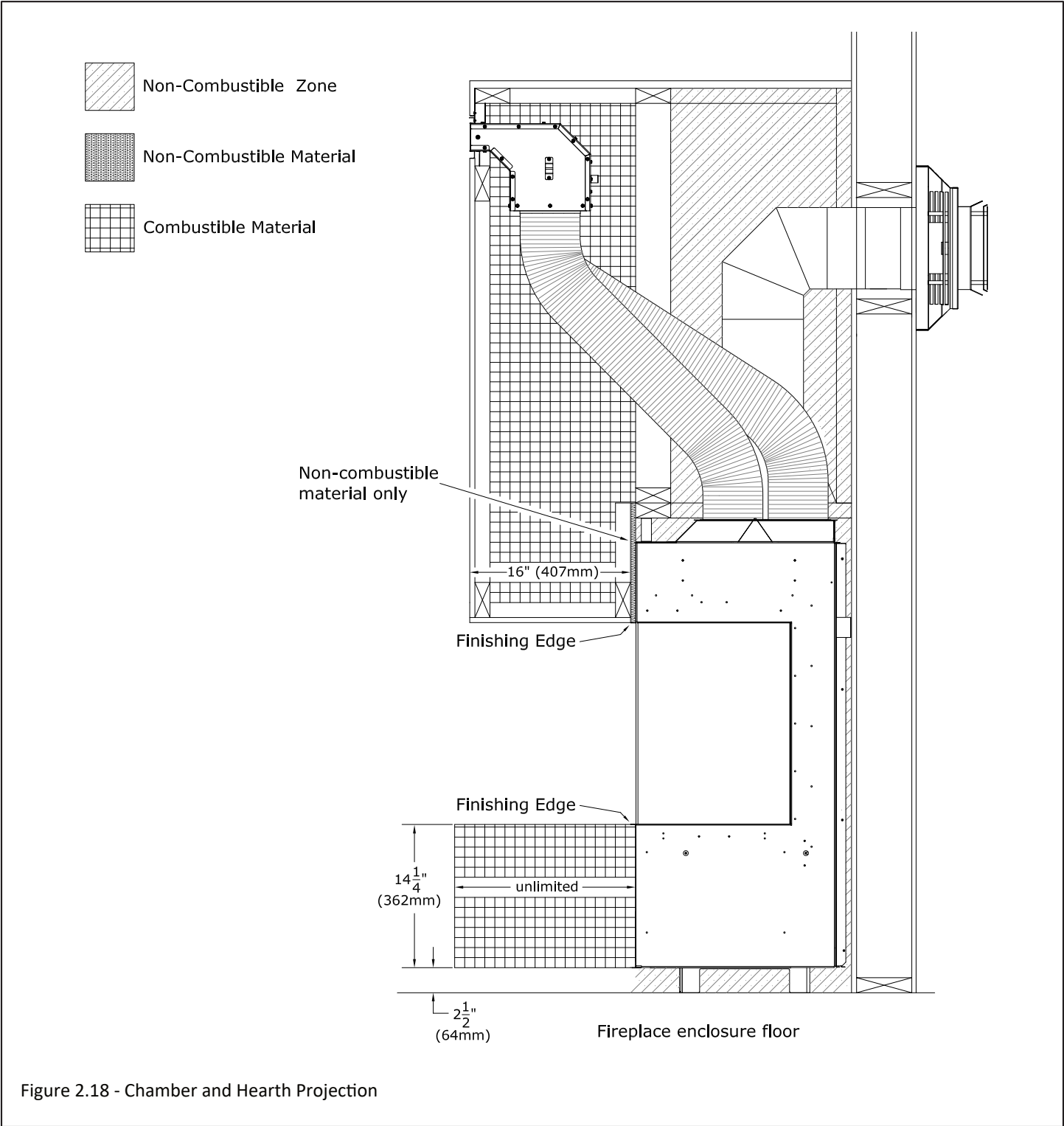
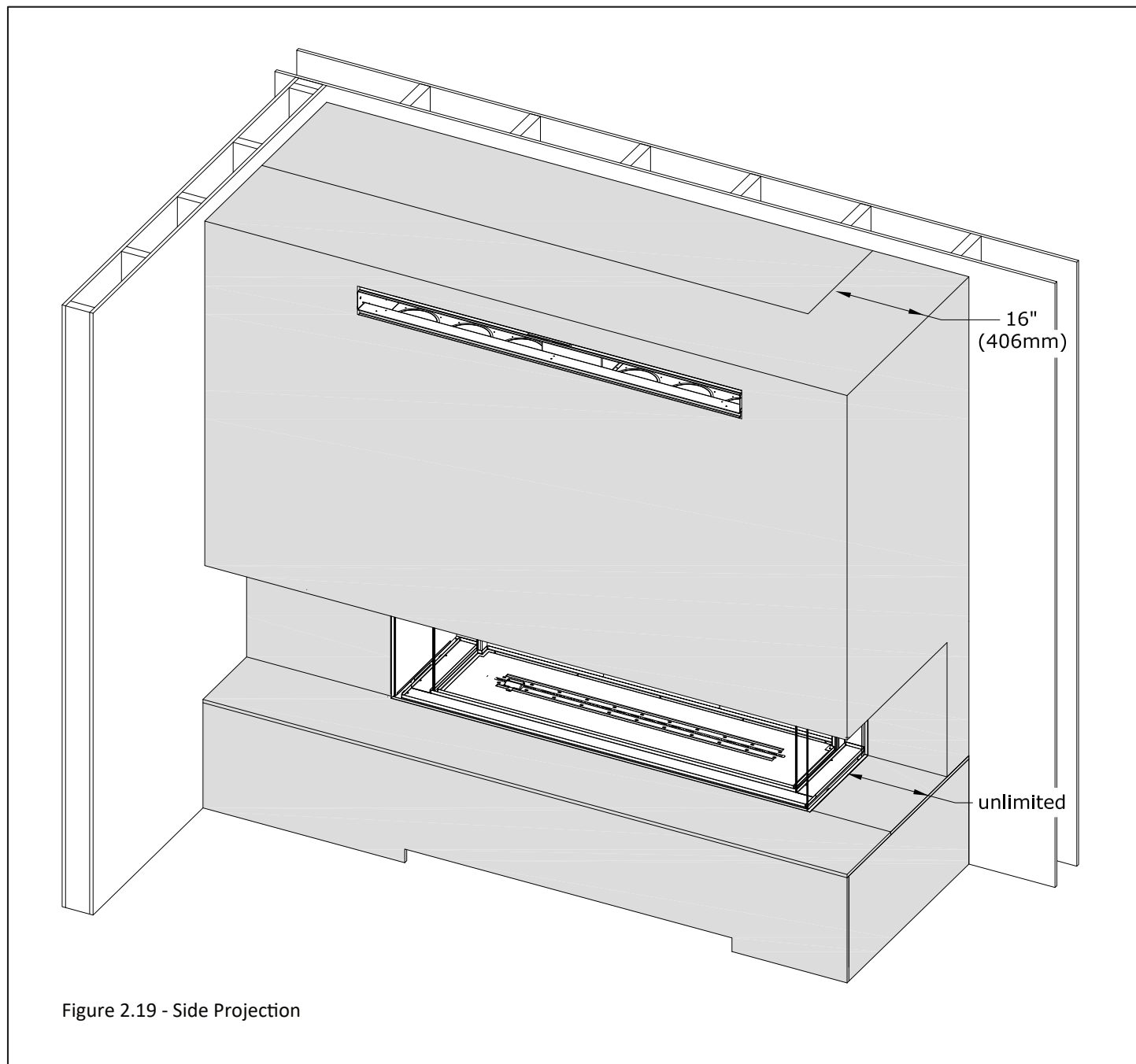


Figure 2.18 - Chamber and Hearth Projection

## 2.5 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber, and Side Chamber Projection for KZK Options (continued)

Figure 2.19 shows a fireplace with a front and side chamber projection with a hearth installed.



### 2.5.3 How to Construct a Chamber Projection with a KZK

This section is an overview of the steps in constructing a chamber projection when using a KZK. The image below shows a front KZK application but would apply to side KZK as well. The fireplace chamber does NOT need to be sealed separately from the front overhang. This is because the heat release is with a sealed system of the KZK tubes and KZK plenum.

- Frame out the chamber above the fireplace. Install the required noncombustible facing material as required in Section 2.3.

NOTE: This noncombustible facing material is only required if you intend on using combustible framing for the projection. If you use noncombustible framing then it can come into direct contact with the fireplace (noncombustible facing material is not required).

- Next frame out the projection and install the KZK. Lastly install the facing material and finishing material.

**IMPORTANT: Maintain ½" (13mm) clearance around the KZK tubes to anything combustible.**

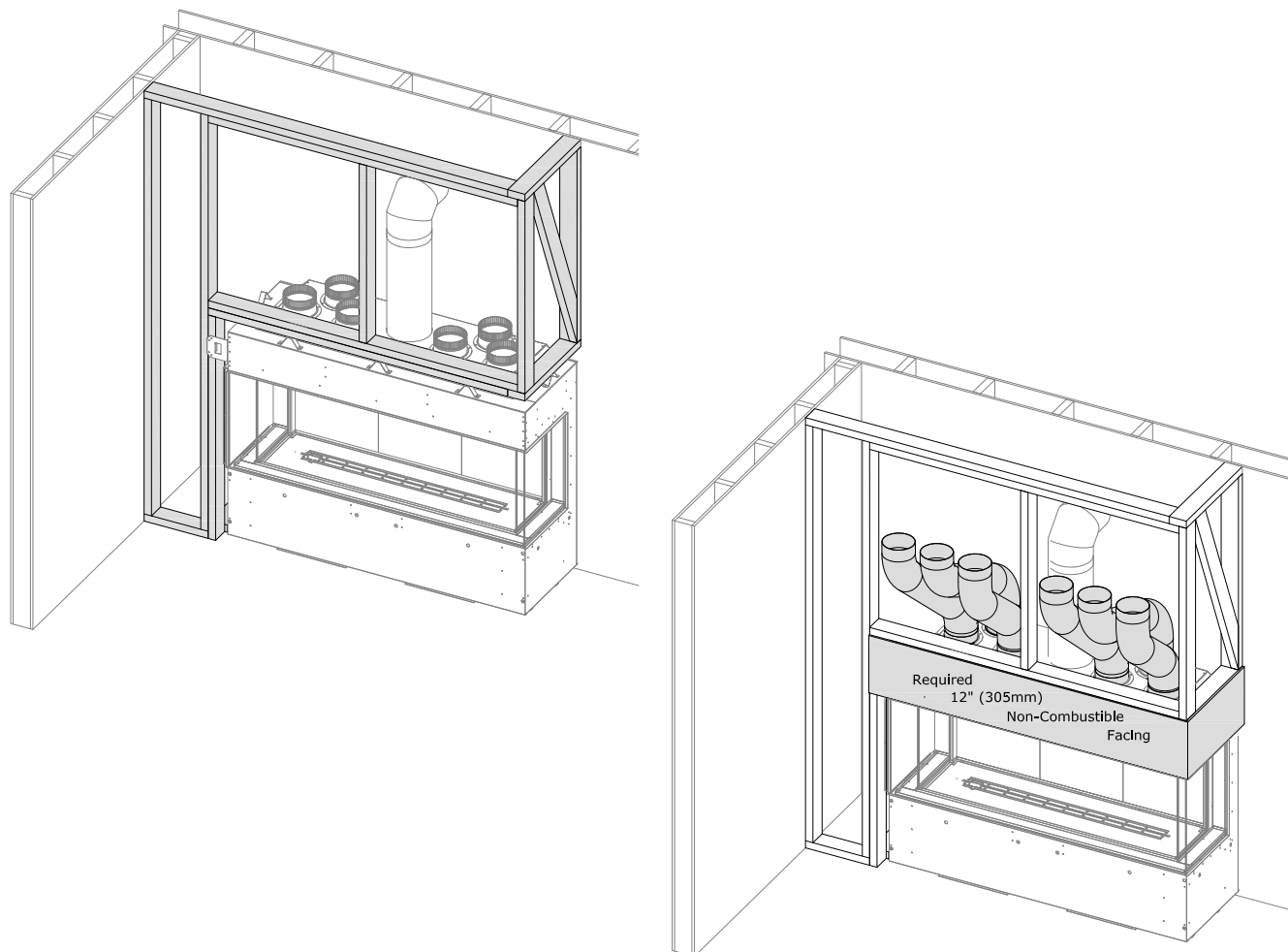


Figure 2.20 - Constructing KZK Projection



### 2.5.3 How to Construct a Chamber Projection with a KZK (continued)

**IMPORTANT:** Maintain ½" (13mm) clearance around the KZK tubes to anything combustible.

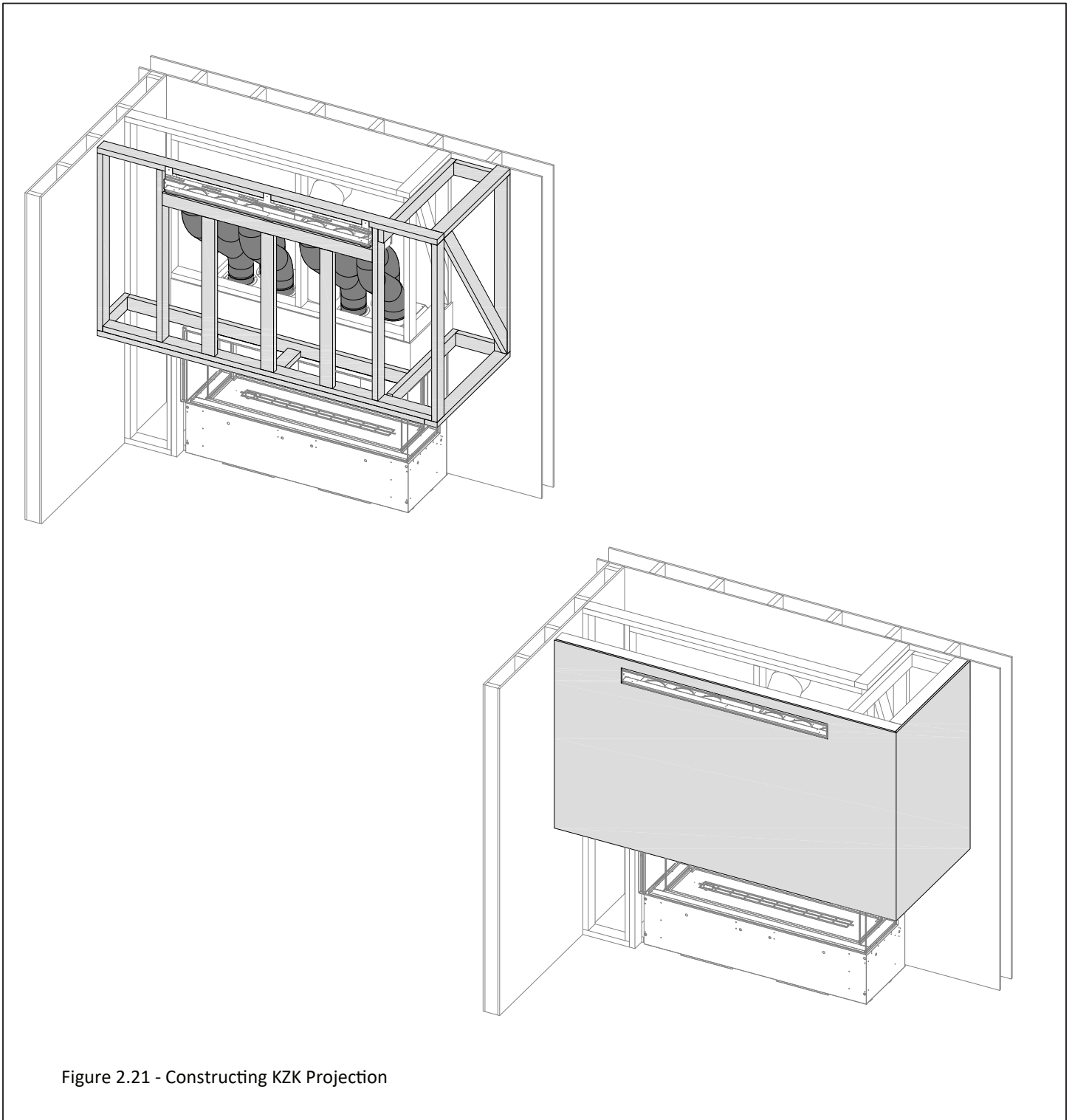


Figure 2.21 - Constructing KZK Projection

## 2.6 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber, and Side Chamber Projection for Vented Cavity Options

**NOTE:** A maximum of 16" (406mm) projection is allowed between the mantel and chamber projection (regardless if it is combustible, noncombustible, or a combination). An example would be if you installed a 6" (152mm) front chamber projection then you would be allowed up to a 10" (254mm) mantel until you hit the limit of 16" (406mm).

### 2.6.1 Combustible Hearth and Mantel Requirements

**WARNING:** All minimum clearances to combustible material **MUST** be maintained.

- **Combustible Mantel Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) mantel can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge. See Figure 2.22.
- **Combustible Chamber Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) chamber projection can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge of the fireplace. See Figure 2.23.
- **Combustible Hearth:** Combustible hearth can have an unlimited projection. Hearth can be raised flush to the bottom finishing edge. See Figure 2.22.

### 2.6.2 Non-combustible Mantel and Projection Requirements

- **Noncombustible Mantel Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) noncombustible mantel projection is allowed to start at 0" (0mm) from the top fireplace finishing edge.
- **Noncombustible Chamber Projection:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) noncombustible projection can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge of the fireplace

**IMPORTANT:** You are required to have the minimum noncombustible facing material along the front and sides of the fireplace before constructing the framing of the of chamber projection. The noncombustible facing material prevents the combustible framing of the chamber projection from directly contacting the fireplace. See Section 2.6.3 for more information.

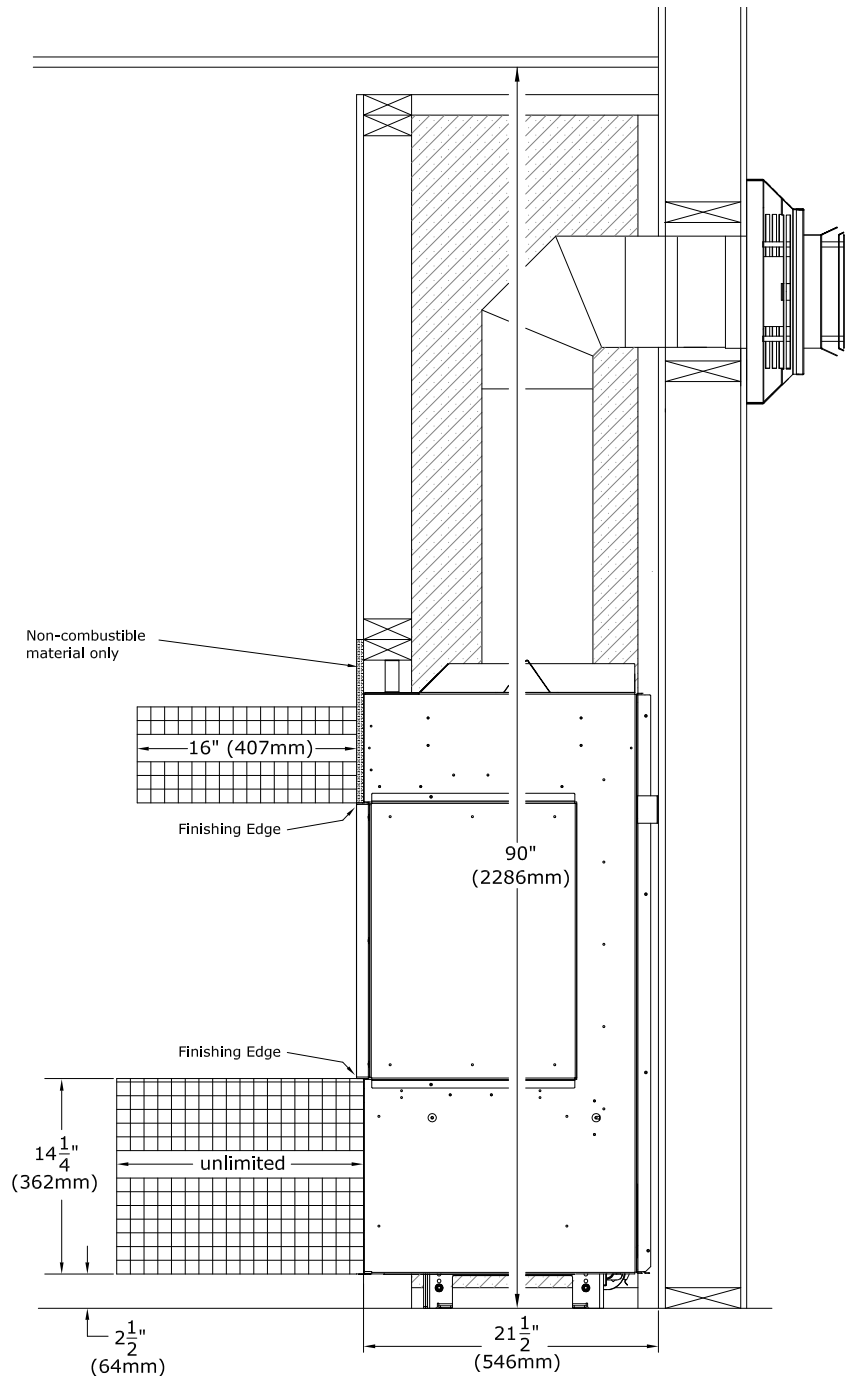


Figure 2.22 - Mantel Projection and Hearth Projection

## 2.6 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber Projection, and Side Chamber Projection for Vented Cavity Options (continued)

Figure 2.23 shows a 16" front chamber projection with a vented cavity. The air intake and heat release openings of the fireplace chamber must maintain their clearances for the option you have choose throughout the entire fireplace chamber and projection.

The hearth projection is unlimited.

**IMPORTANT: It is required to install facing material on the fireplace chamber before constructing the chamber projection. This is required to ensure the convective cooling process of the fireplace functions correctly. See Section 2.6.3 on how to construct the chamber projection.**

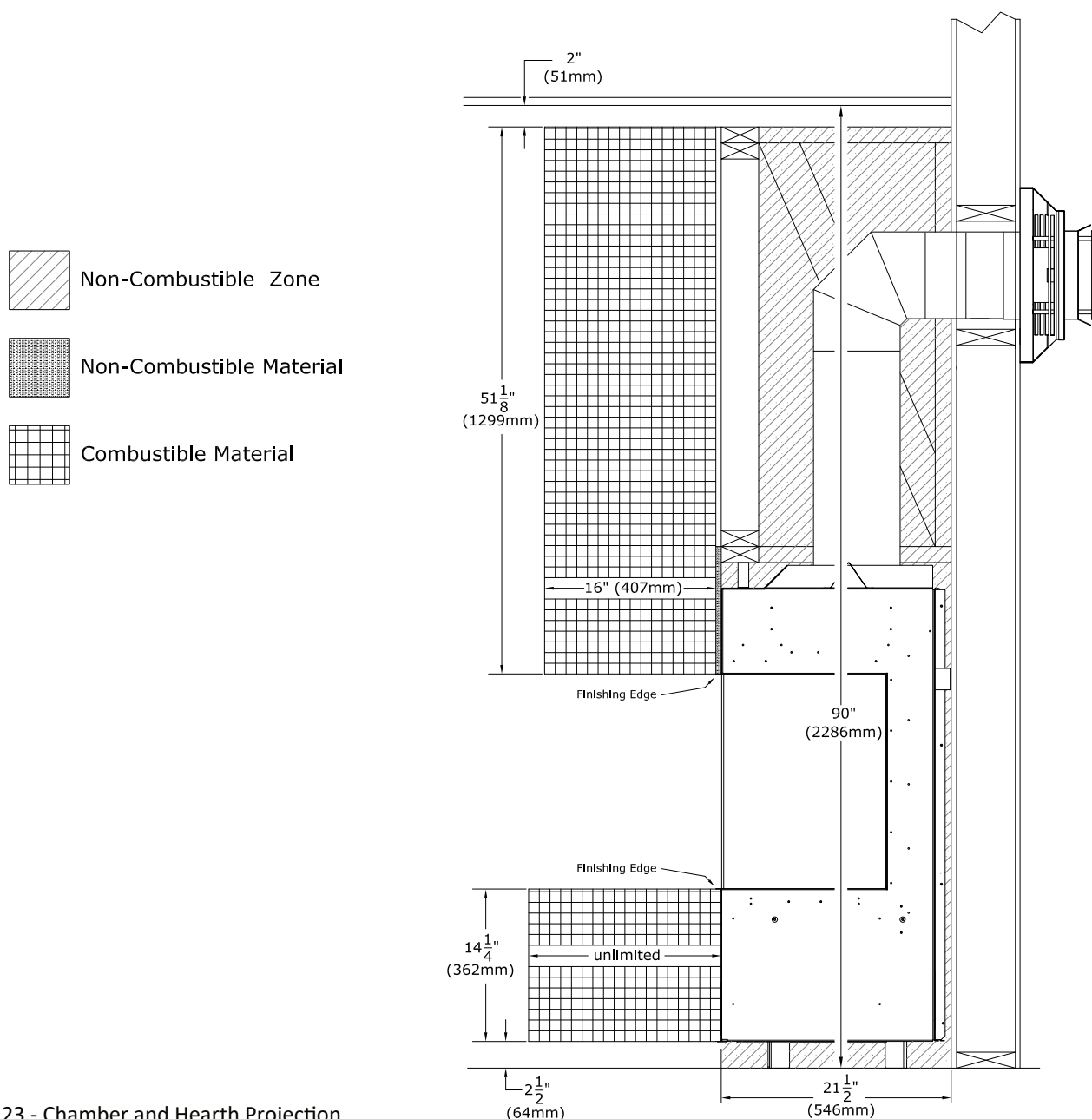
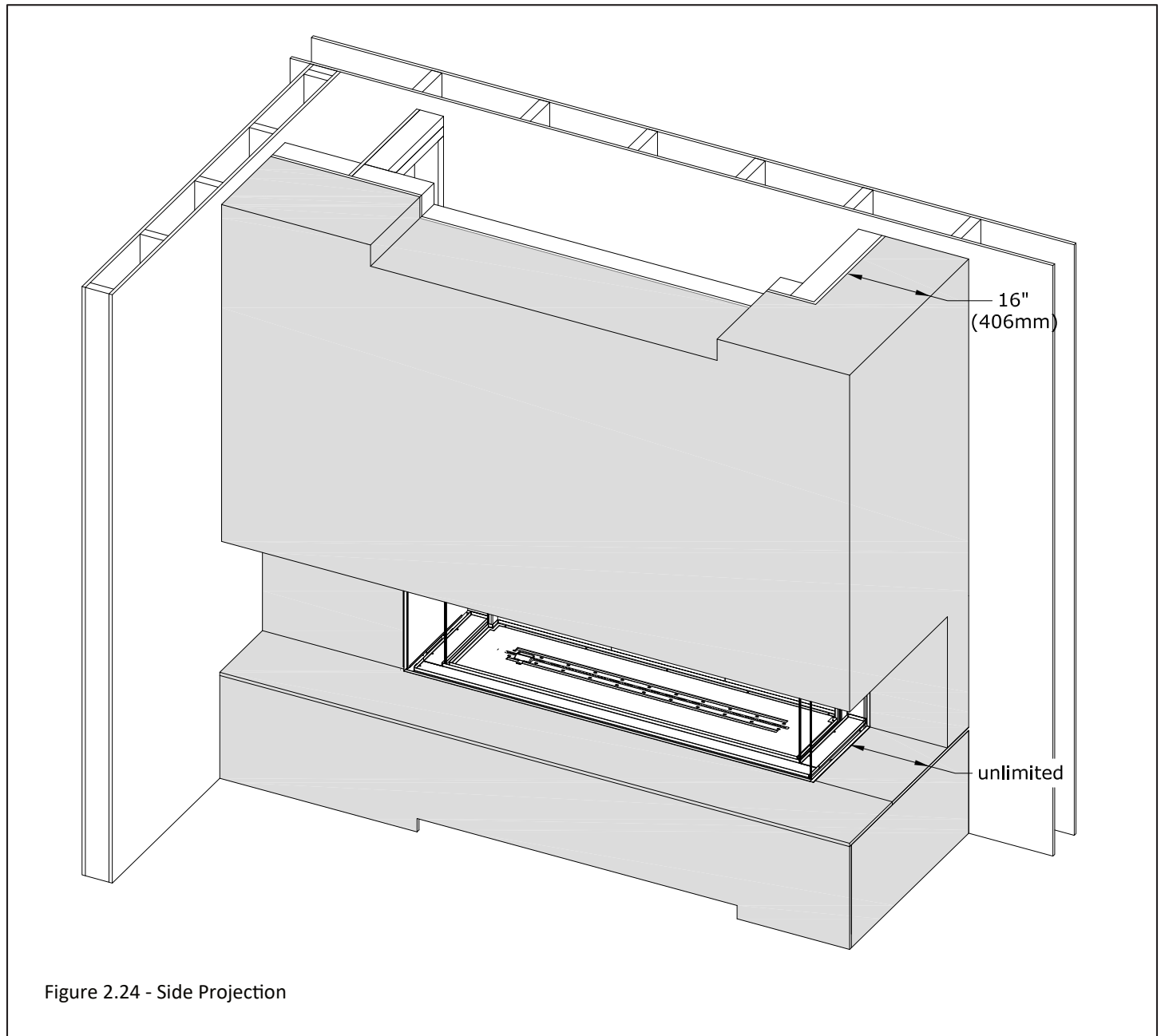


Figure 2.23 - Chamber and Hearth Projection

## 2.6 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber Projection, and Side Chamber Projection for Vented Cavity Options (continued)

Figure 2.24 shows a fireplace with a front and side chamber projection with a hearth installed.

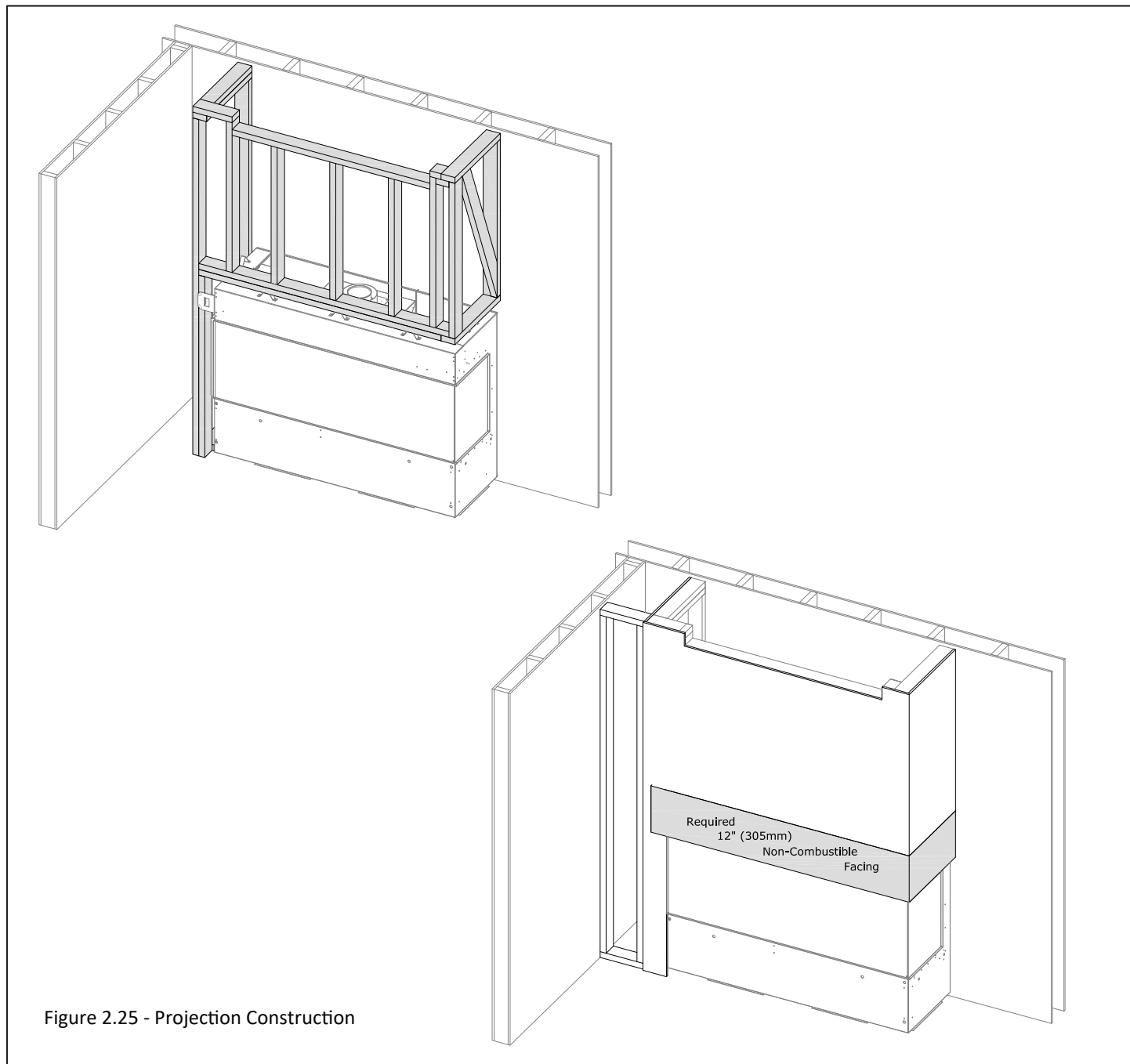


### 2.6.3 How to Construction a Chamber Projection with a Vented Cavity

It is essential that you follow these steps when installing the fireplace that is designed to have a front and/or side projection of the chamber. This section will show you how to frame the fireplace chamber, install facing material on the chamber, frame the projection and then install the facing and finishing material on the projection.

You are required to construct the fireplace chamber and then install facing material first to ensure the convective process of air entering the fireplace chamber at the bottom and discharging at the top of the chamber via the opening option you have chosen. The convective process of the fireplace chamber is essential for proper function of the safety glass and clearance to combustibles of the fireplace chamber.

The minimum dimensions of the air intake openings and heat release openings that you choose are required to be maintained in the initial fireplace chamber and throughout the projection.



### 2.6.3 How to Construction a Chamber Projection with a Vented Cavity (continued)

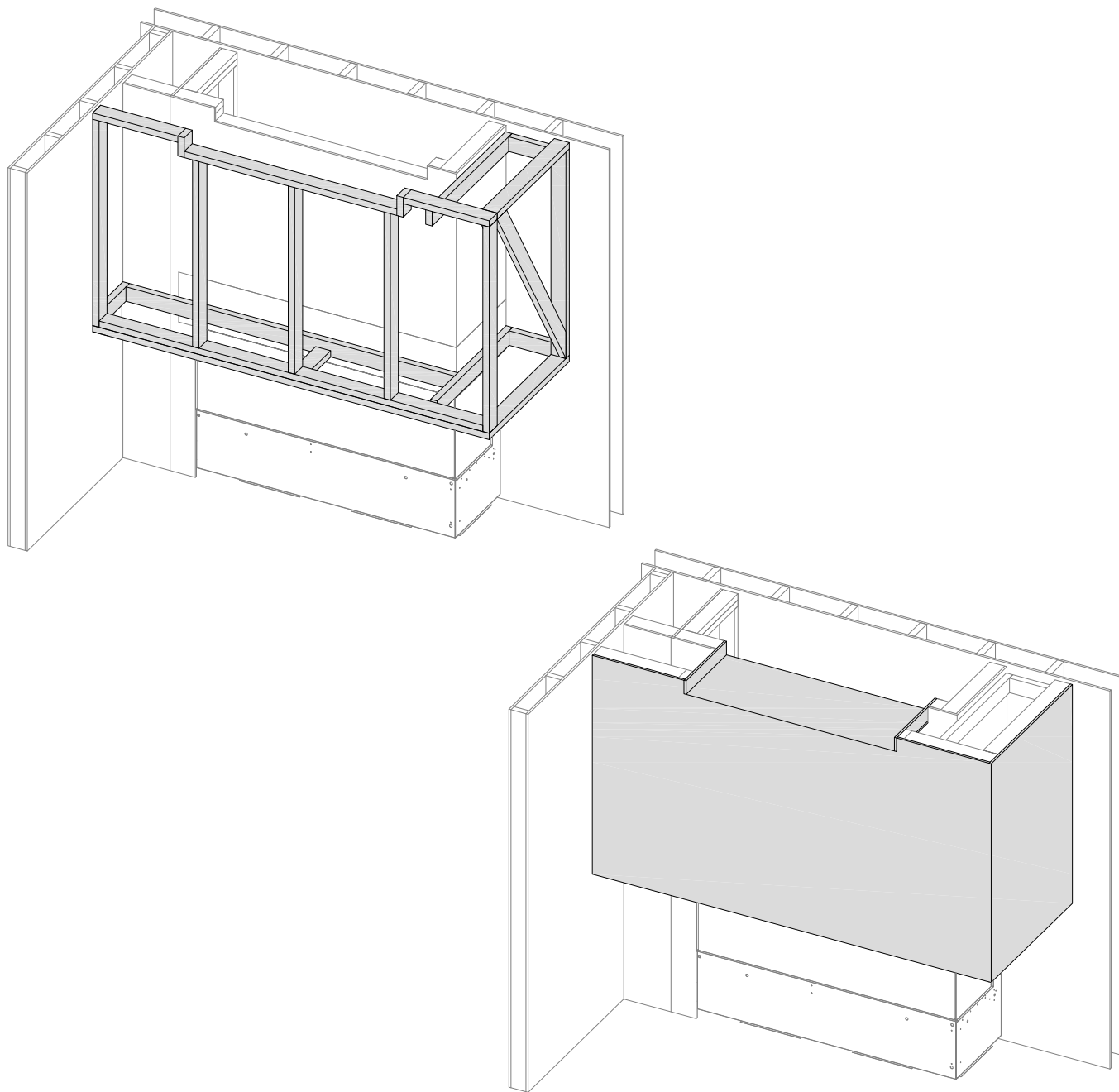
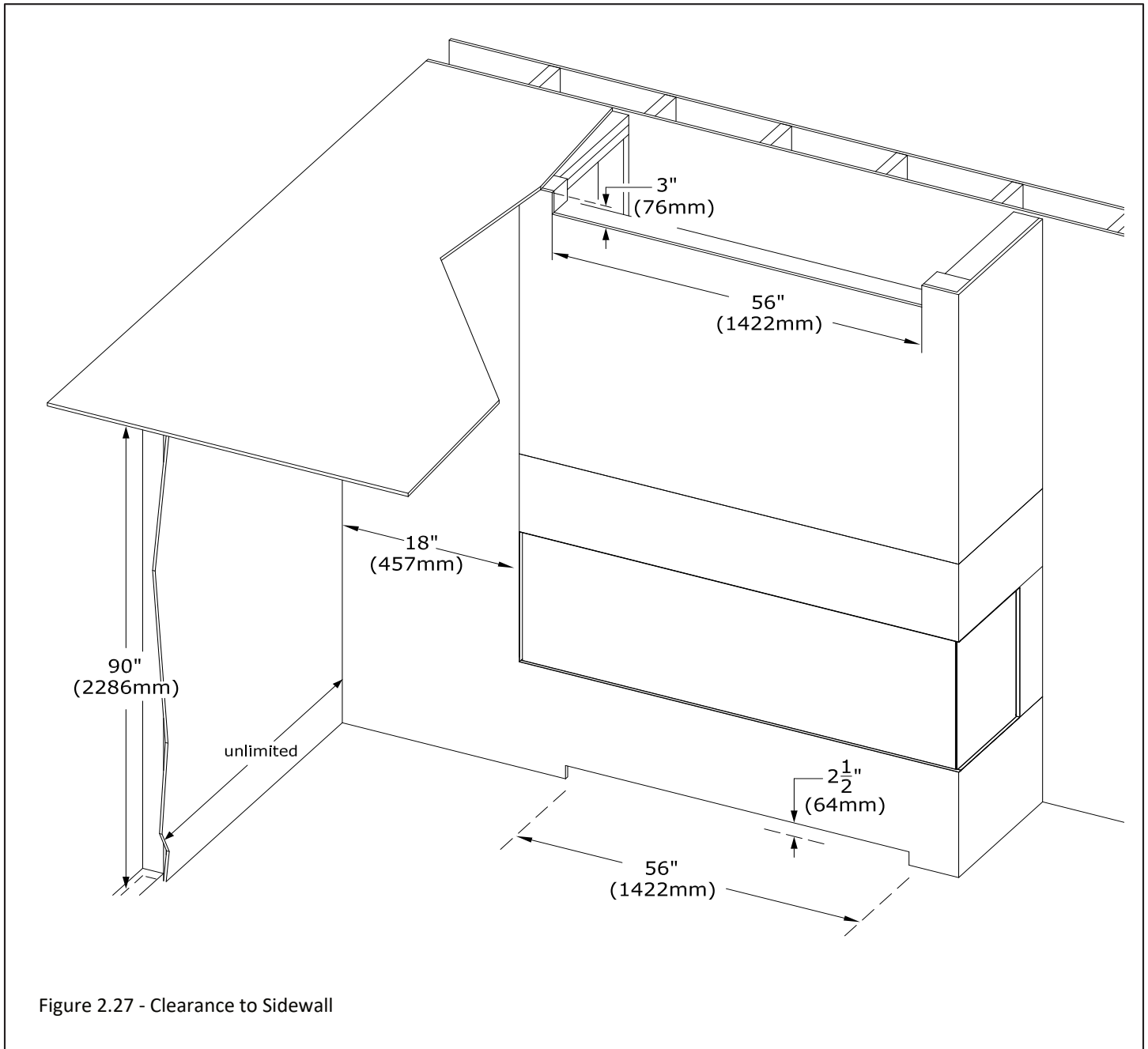


Figure 2.26 - Projection Construction

## 2.7 Clearance to a Sidewall

The sidewall clearance is taken from the exterior safety glass to the sidewall. The minimum clearance is 18" (457mm) applies to all Vented Cavity and KZK options.



## 3.0 Three-Sided (Bay) Installation

The information provided in this section will cover topics related to installing this fireplace in its 3-sided configuration. The topics include: framing, facing material, finishing material, cooling the fireplace chamber, and chamber clearances.

### 3.1 Framing

Note: Unless otherwise noted all clearances / images in this manual are based off of nominal 2" x 4" framing being used.

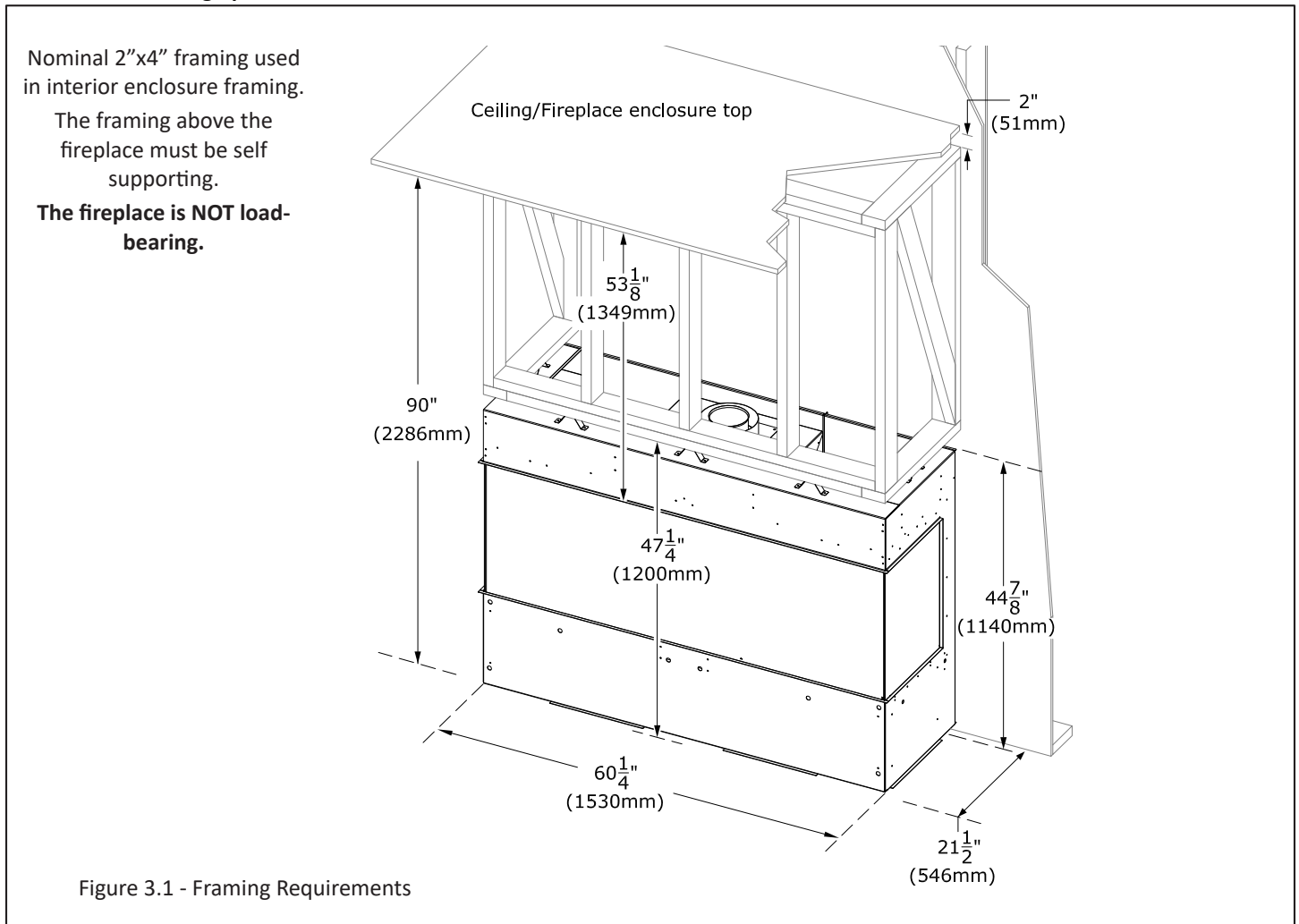
**IMPORTANT:** The framing above the fireplace must be self supporting in all installation scenarios. The fireplace is not load-bearing.

**WARNING:** Provide adequate clearances around air openings into the combustion chamber. Provide adequate clearance in front of the fireplace for barrier removal, component access, gas line installation, service access, etc.

**CAUTION:** Cold air transfer area. The surround fireplace chase must comply with all clearances as outlined in this manual, and be constructed in compliance with local building codes. Outside walls should be insulated to prevent cold air from entering room.

- Floor protection in front of the fireplace is not required. Combustible material may be used if installing a hearth extension. Consider the thickness of the hearth extension finishing material if building a fireplace platform. The hearth may be flush with the bottom finishing edge of the fireplace.
- The bottom of the fireplace must be placed directly on a wood or non-combustible surface (not linoleum or carpet). If this appliance is to be installed directly on carpeting, tile, or other combustible material other than wood flooring, this appliance shall be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the appliance.

**IMPORTANT:** To cool the fireplace chamber correctly take important consideration when planning out the framing for this fireplace. Look at the different options on how to cool the chamber that are outlined in Section 3.4. You must choose one of the air Intake and heat release options or one of the KZK options. The framing will have to accommodate one of these chamber cooling options.

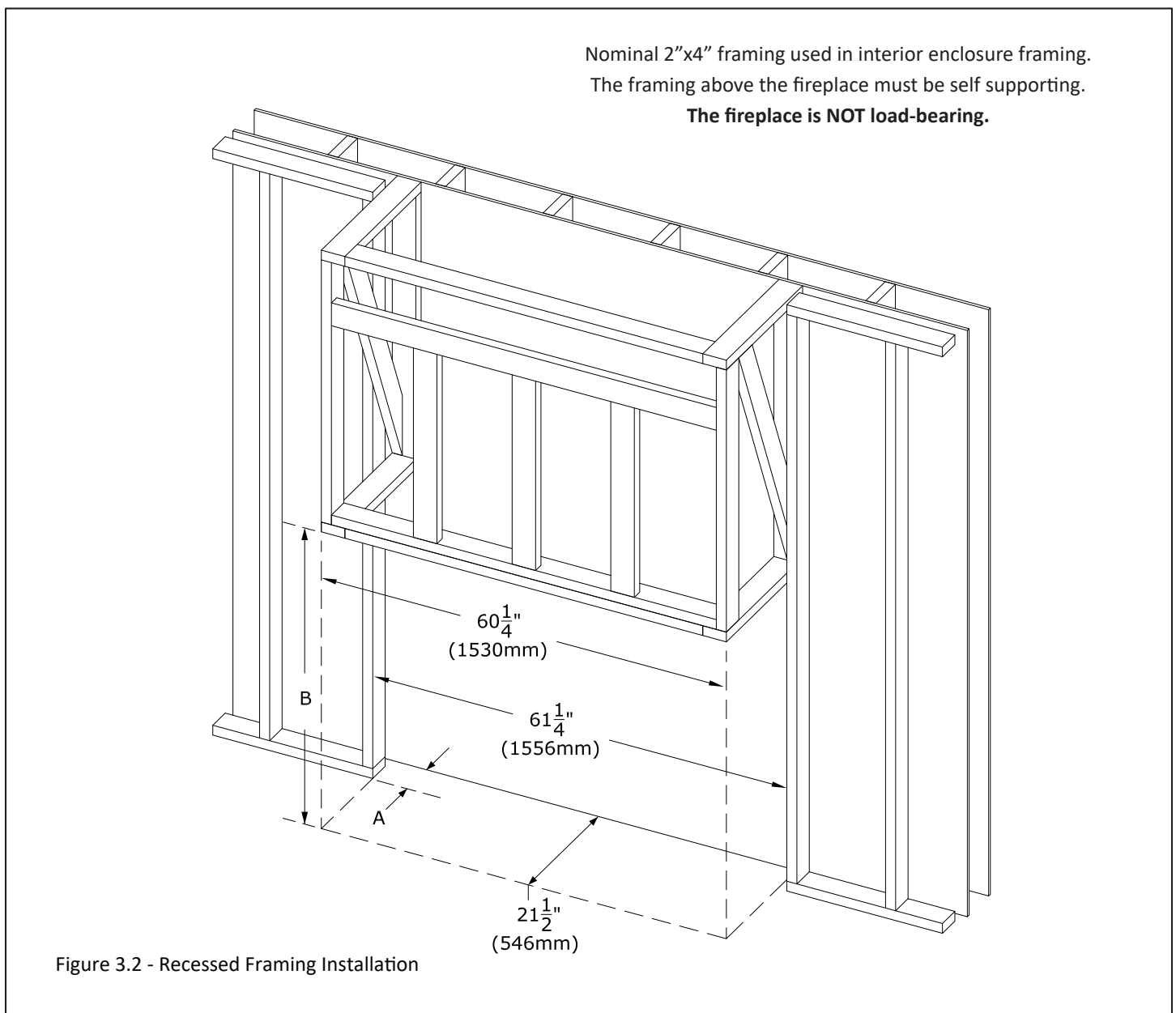




### 3.2 Recessed Fireplace Framing

**WARNING:** All clearances to venting must be maintained.

- It may be desirable to recess the fireplace into a false wall so the finishing material is next to the side glass.
- It is necessary to accommodate the thickness of the facing and finishing material when determining the framing.
- The measurement from the back of the chamber (back stand-off) to the side finishing edge is 5-7/8".
  - Example: If your facing material and finishing material comes out to 1" then your framing would be 4-7/8" from the back of the chamber. Your finishing material would tuck behind the side finishing edge.
- In Figure 3.2 dimension A is the recessed framed depth of the false wall.
- **Only a front air intake / heat release or front KZK is allowed when installing the fireplace in a recessed installation option.**



### 3.2 Recessed Fireplace Framing (continued)

- Figure 3.3 shows how to face the fireplace chamber when installing the fireplace in a recessed application. You are required to first face the fireplace chamber then build the walls off to the sides.
- Follow all noncombustible facing requirements in Section 3.3 before building the walls off to the side. The required noncombustible material stops the combustible framing of the recessed wall from touching the fireplace.

Nominal 2"x4" framing used in interior enclosure framing.  
The framing above the fireplace must be self supporting.

**The fireplace is NOT load-bearing.**

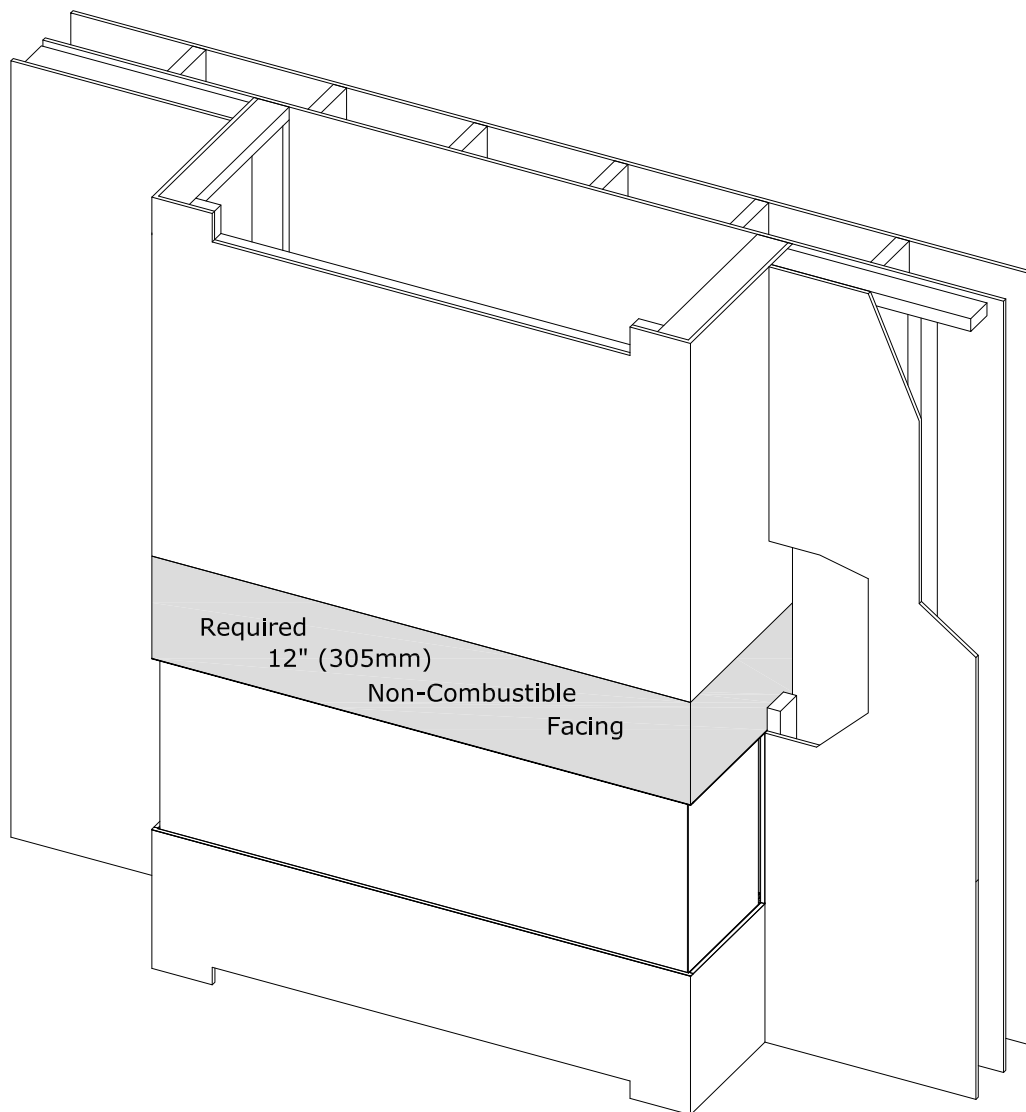


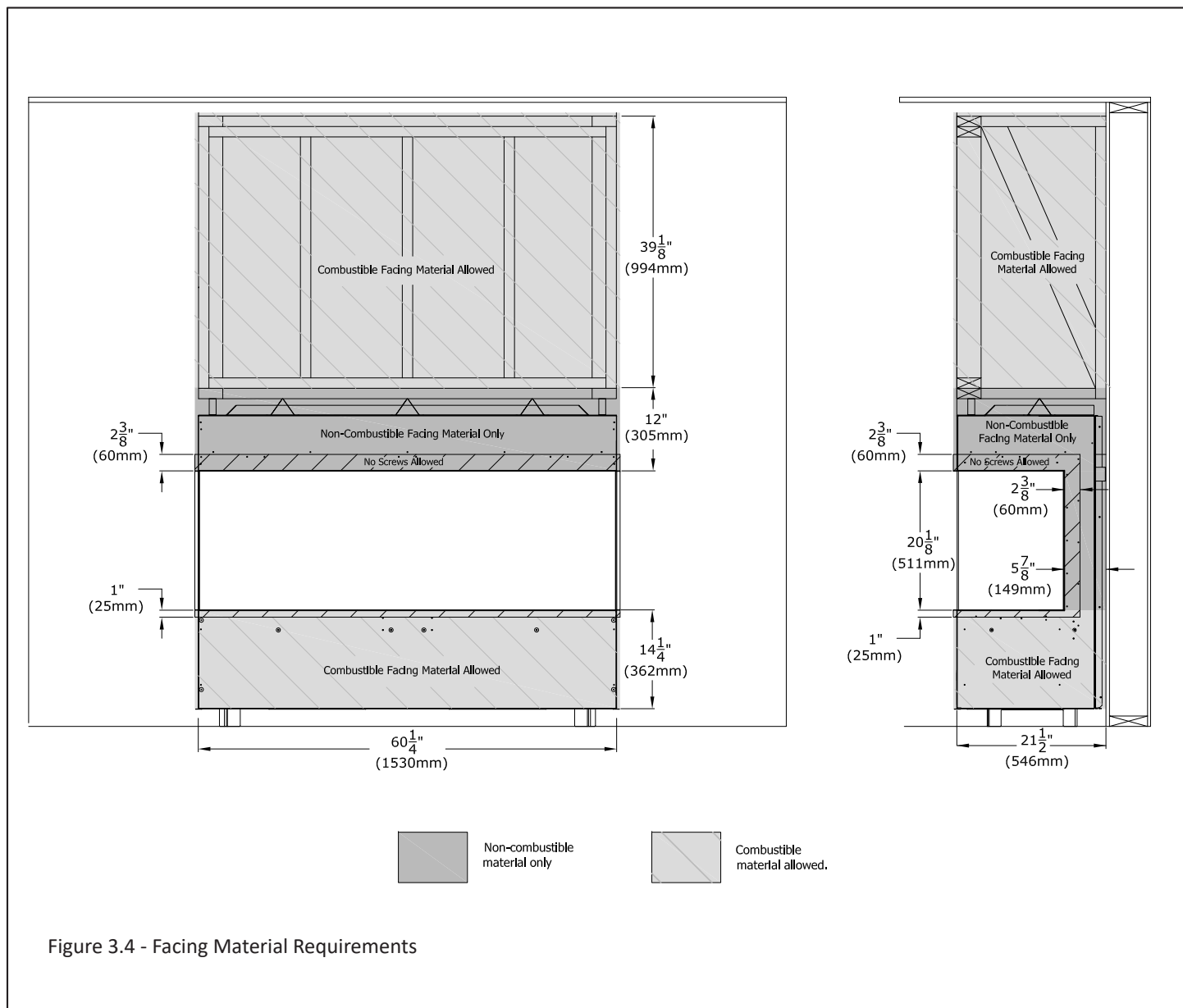
Figure 3.3 - Recessed Framing Installation

### 3.3 Facing Requirements

The information in this section shows the minimum noncombustible facing requirements. This requirements apply for vented cavity or KZK installations. Figure 3.2 shows the minimum 12" noncombustible facing material.

Take special consideration where you attach the facing material to the fireplace as there are no-screw zones on this fireplace.

Make sure the screws only penetrate up to 1" (25mm) into the fireplace. Take consideration of this when choosing screw length based on your facing material thickness.



### 3.4 Requirements to Cool the Fireplace Chamber and Safety Glass

**IMPORTANT:** This fireplace requires that the fireplace chamber has airflow to cool it. You must choose one of the options in this section to cool the fireplace chamber. You must select and follow the requirements of one of the options in this section that use an air intake opening with a vented cavity heat release opening or KZK heat release.

The air intake opening supplies the necessary room air to cool the chamber and safety glass. The Vented Cavity or KZK heat release opening discharges the warm air from the chamber and fireplace. This airflow is separate than the air that is used in the vent system and combustion process.

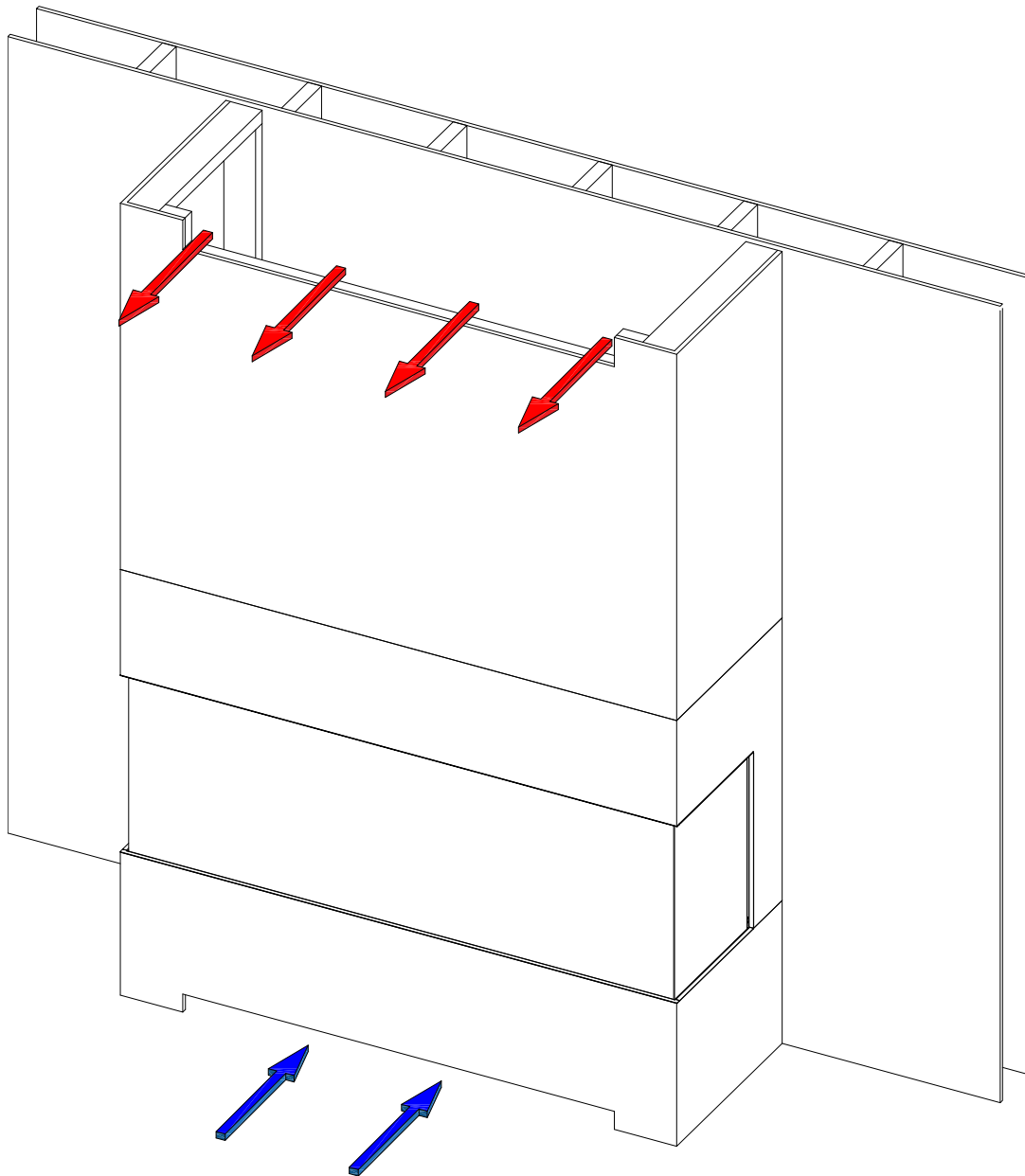


Figure 3.5 -Cooling the Fireplace Chamber and Safety Glass



### 3.4.1 Front KZK (continued)

Below is the framing information for the front KZK. Figure 3.8 shows the framed opening for the KZK plenum. Figure 3.9 shows the framing information.

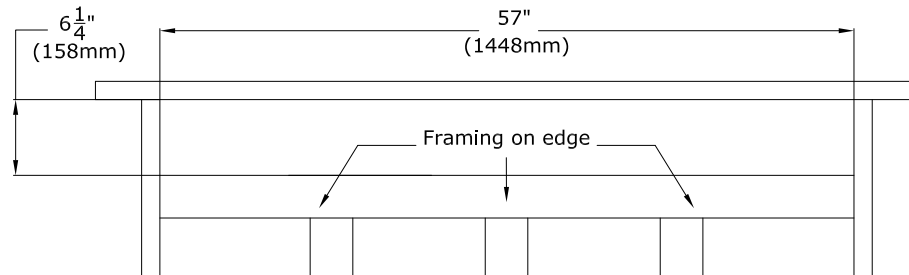


Figure 3.8 - Front KZK - Plenum Framed Opening

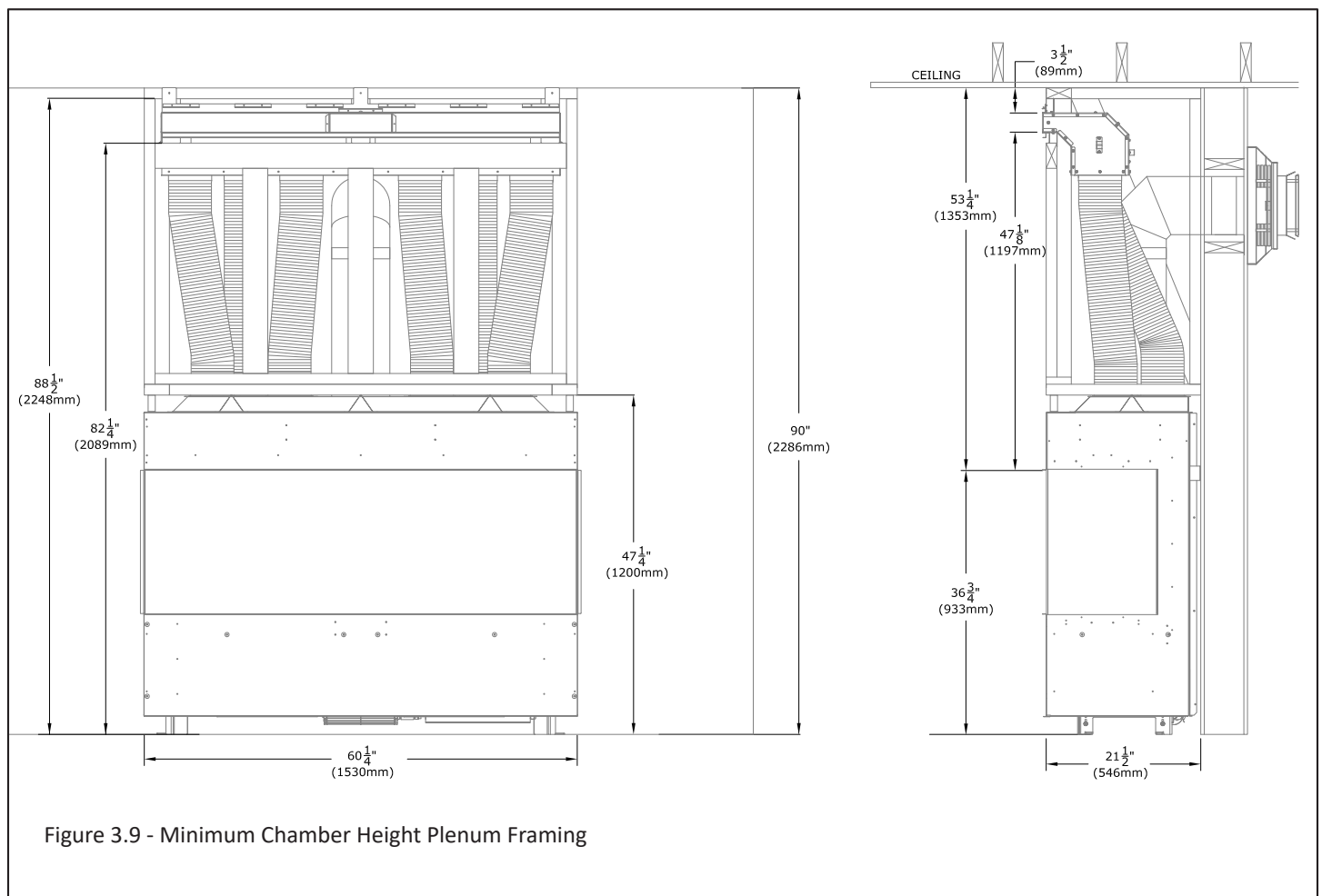


Figure 3.9 - Minimum Chamber Height Plenum Framing

### 3.4.1 Front KZK (continued)

Below Figure 3.10 shows the minimum air intake opening that is required for the front KZK installation.

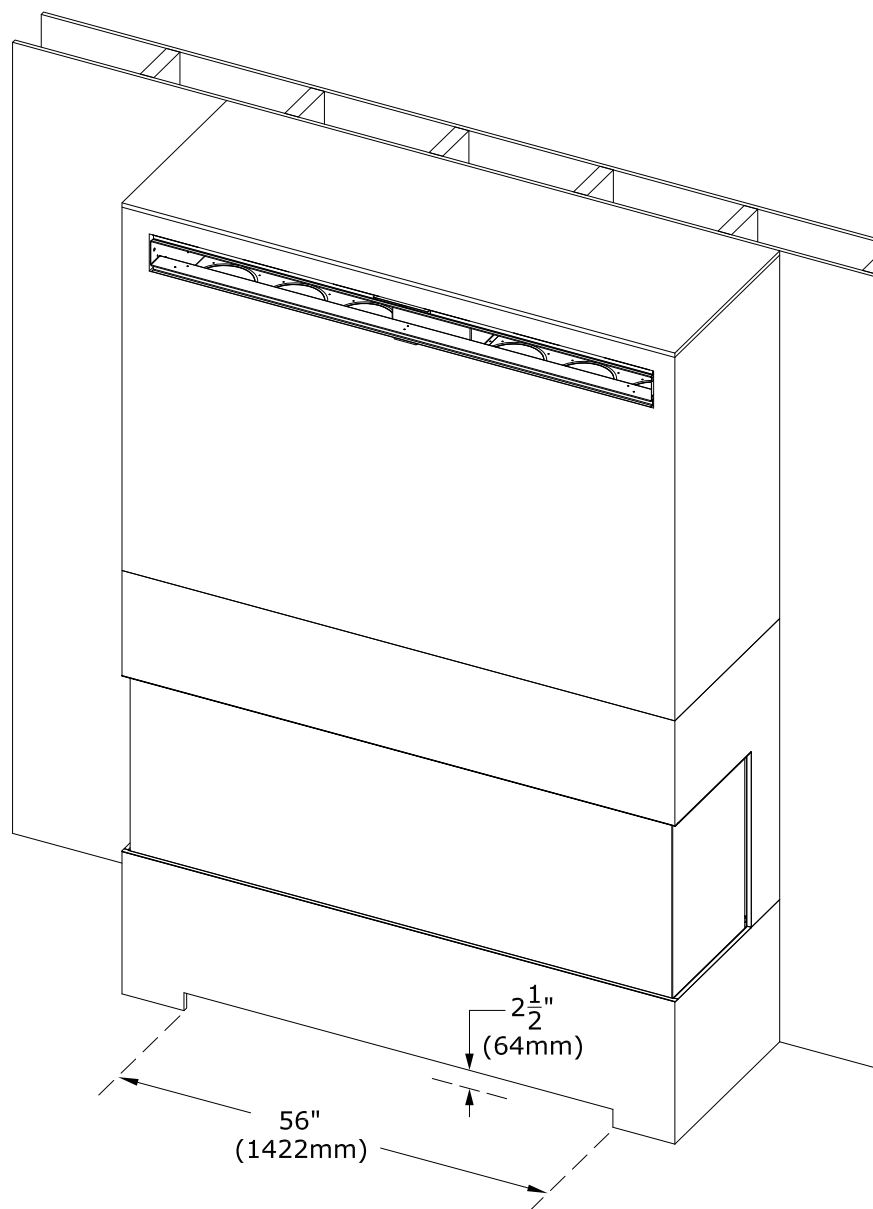


Figure 3.10 - Minimum Air Intake Opening

### 3.4.1 Front KZK (continued)

Shown below in Figure 3.11 are options on how you can finish around the front KZK plenum opening.

- The left image shows combustible facing material such as drywall finished up to the standoffs around the opening of the plenum. Install the KZK discharge trim to cover the edge of the finishing material.
- The middle image shows the allowed 1" thick additional finishing material such as shiplap. This material must stop at the edge of the discharge trim.
- The right image shows non-combustible finishing material such as tile that is finished up to the opening of the plenum.

Shown below in Figure 3.12 are options on how you can finish up to finishing edge of the air intake opening. Ensure the 2-1/2" (64mm) air intake opening is always maintained throughout all the facing and finishing material.

- The left image shows the 1/2" facing material butting up against the finishing edge.
- The middle image shows the allowed 1" thick additional finishing material such as shiplap.
- The right image shows noncombustible finishing material such as tile or stone.

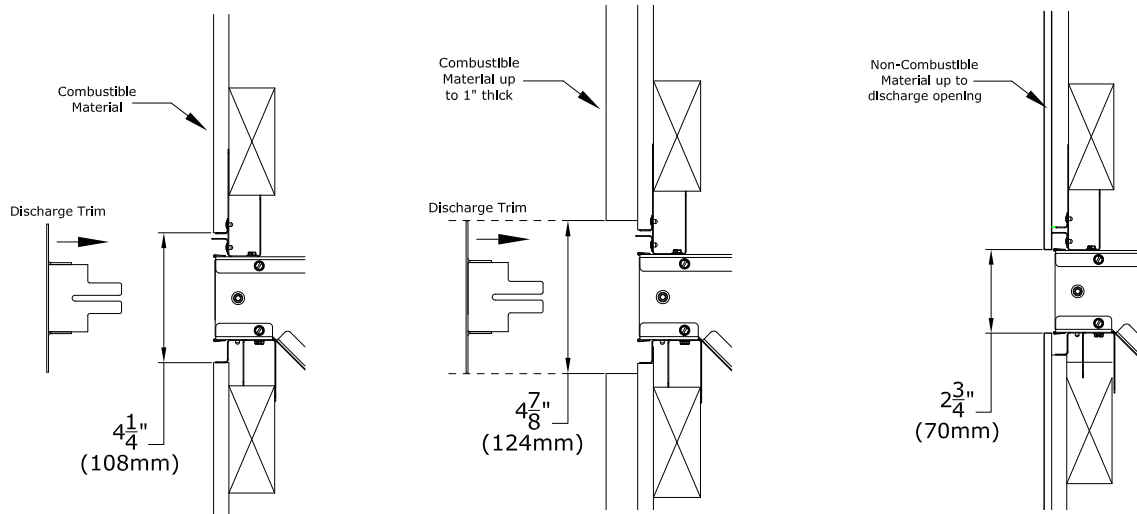


Figure 3.11 - KZK Plenum Opening - Finishing Options

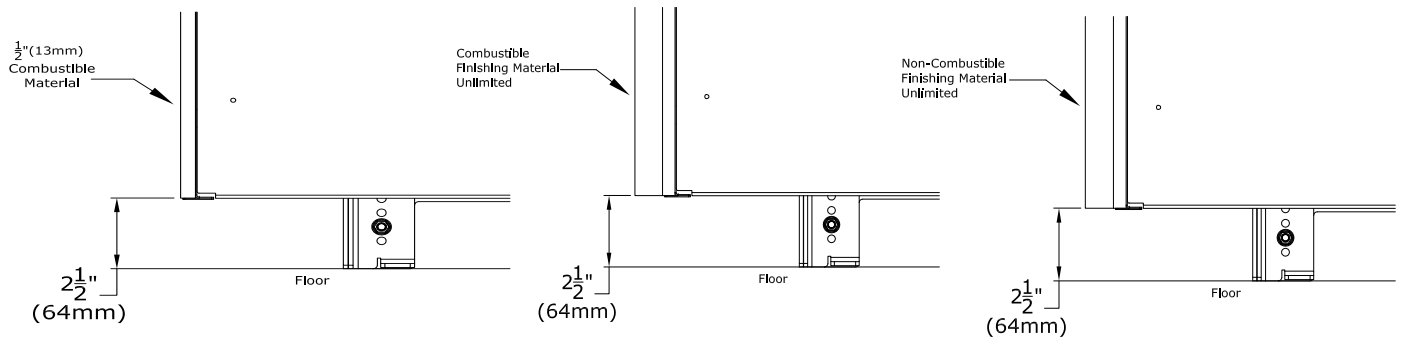


Figure 3.12 - KZK Air Intake Opening - Finishing Options



### 3.4.2 Side KZK

This section outlines the requirements for using the side KZK option to cool the fireplace chamber. This option requires the use of an air intake opening in the fireplace chamber and the installation of the side KZK.

#### Kit Contents

**ALL kit contents must be installed.**

- (2) 15" plenums
- (2) plenum air grilles
- (12) 6" collars - (6) to attach to the bottom of the plenum; (6) to attach to the unit where the cover plates are removed.

#### Additional Required Items

- (1) KZK-610 (sold separately) is used for a 10' vent run. If you are mounting the plenum above the fireplace 10' (3m) or less, use (1) KZK-610 kit.

(6) - 10' x 6" (aluminum flex) listed to UL-181 Class 0 Air Duct (sold separately)

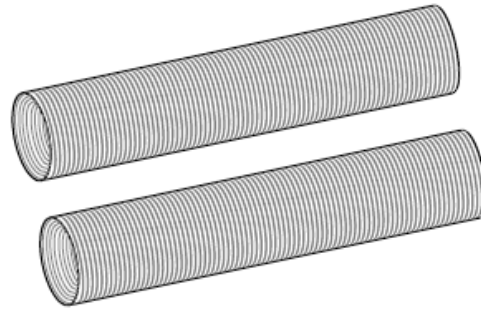


Figure 3.13 - #KZK-610

#### Optional Items

If you are mounting the plenum above the fireplace between 10' to 20', you will need (2) KZK-610 kit and (1) #KZK-CPL6 coupler kit. KZK-CPL6 (sold separately) is (6) 6" couplers that connect (2) KZK-610.

#### Plenum Placement

- **IMPORTANT:** The air duct pipe cannot run horizontally without a vertical rise.
- **IMPORTANT:** The 1/2" clearance around the air duct pipes must be maintained.
- Use #KZK-610 UL181 Class 0 Air Duct piping to connect the plenum(s) to the unit.
- Hussong Mfg. Co., Inc. requires pipes to be listed as UL181 Class 0 Air Duct to connect the plenum(s) to the unit.
- Maximum Vent Run: 20' (6.10m)

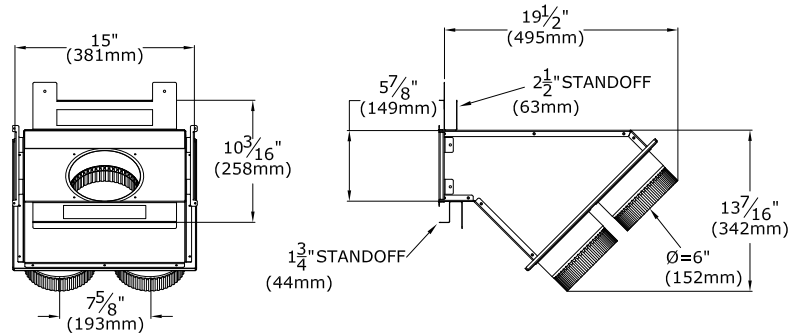
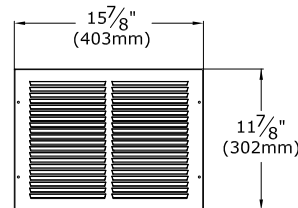


Figure 3.14 - KZK-1510 Overview

### 3.4.2 Side KZK Opening (continued)

Below is the framing information for the side KZK. Figure 3.15 shows the framed opening for each of the plenums in the side KZK.

**IMPORTANT:** In the drawing shown there is an arrow pointing to the dashed line along the back framing stud. You will have to notch 1/2" (13mm) out of the stud for the side KZK to fit.

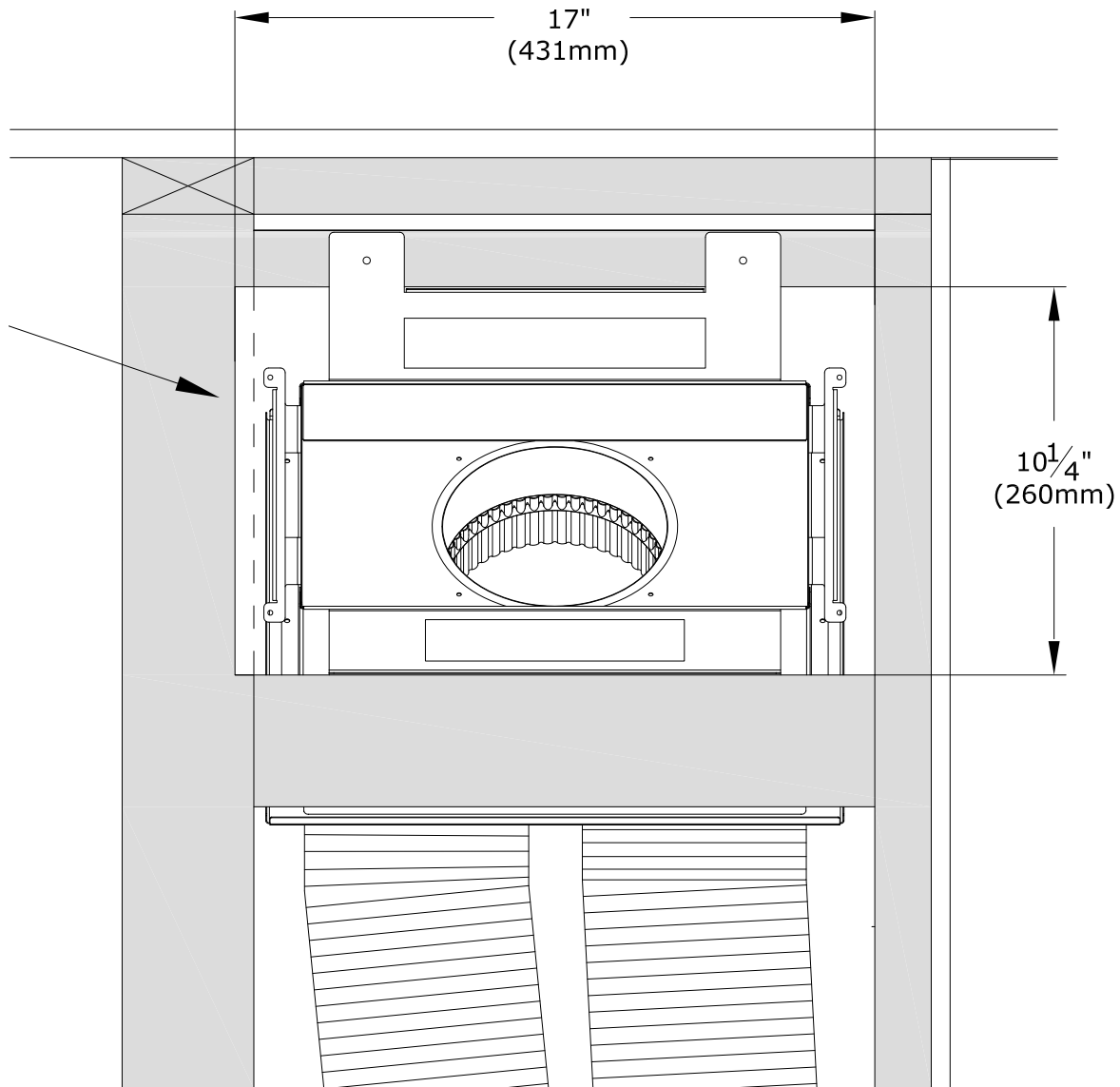
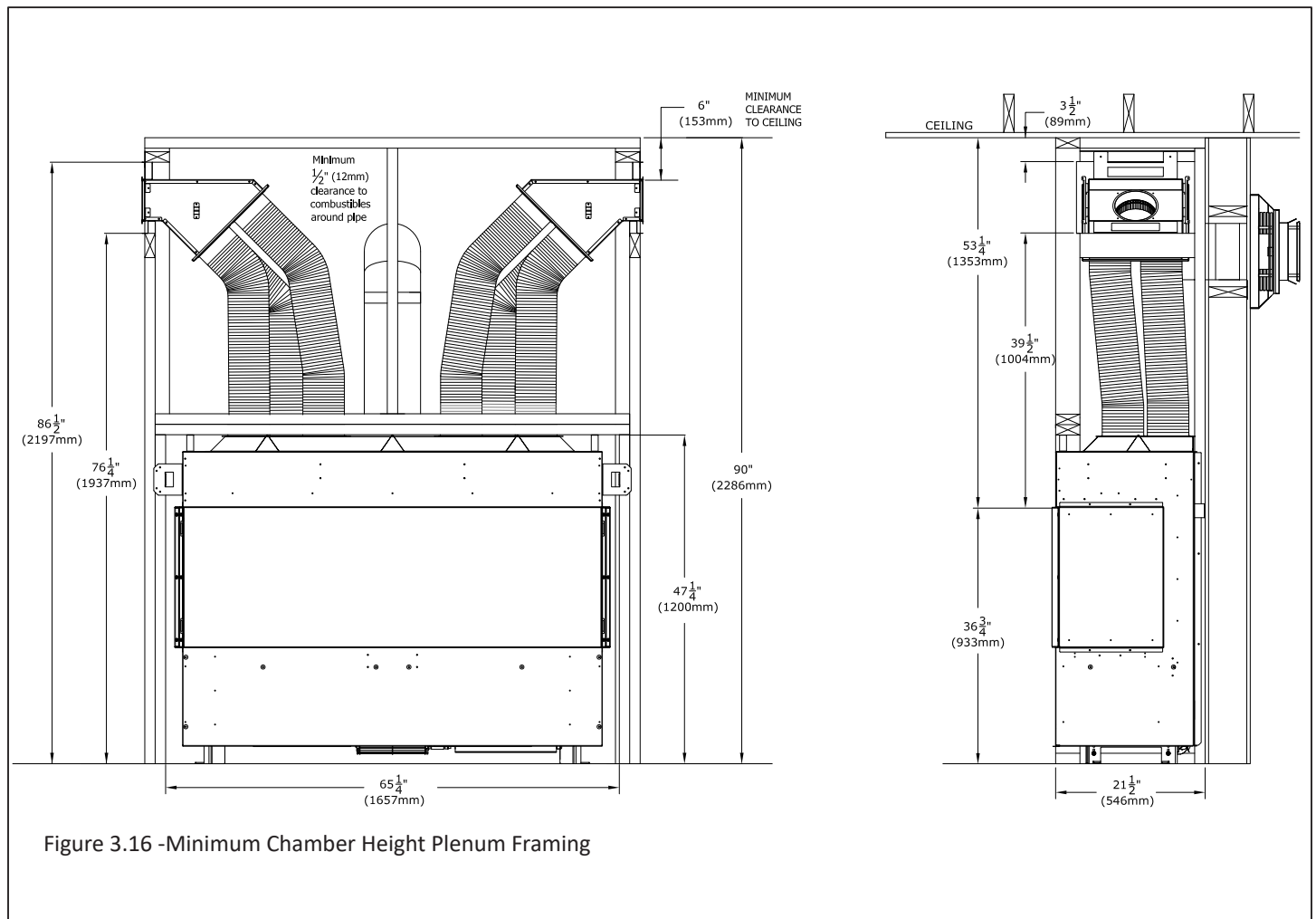


Figure 3.15 - Side KZK - Plenum Framed Opening

### 3.4.2 Side KZK Opening (continued)

Below is the framing information for the side KZK.



### 3.4.2 Side KZK (continued)

Shown below in Figure 3.17 are options on how you can finish around the side KZK plenum grille.

- The left image shows combustible facing material such as drywall finished up to the standoffs around the opening of the plenum. Install the KZK grille to cover the edge of the finishing material.
- The right image shows the allowed 1" thick additional finishing material such as shiplap. This material must stop at the edge of the grille.

Shown below in Figure 3.18 are options on how you can finish up to finishing edge of the air intake opening. Ensure the 2-1/2" (64mm) air intake opening is always maintained throughout all the facing and finishing material.

- The left image shows the 1/2" facing material butting up against the finishing edge.
- The middle image shows the allowed 1" thick additional finishing material such as shiplap.
- The right image shows noncombustible finishing material such as tile or stone.

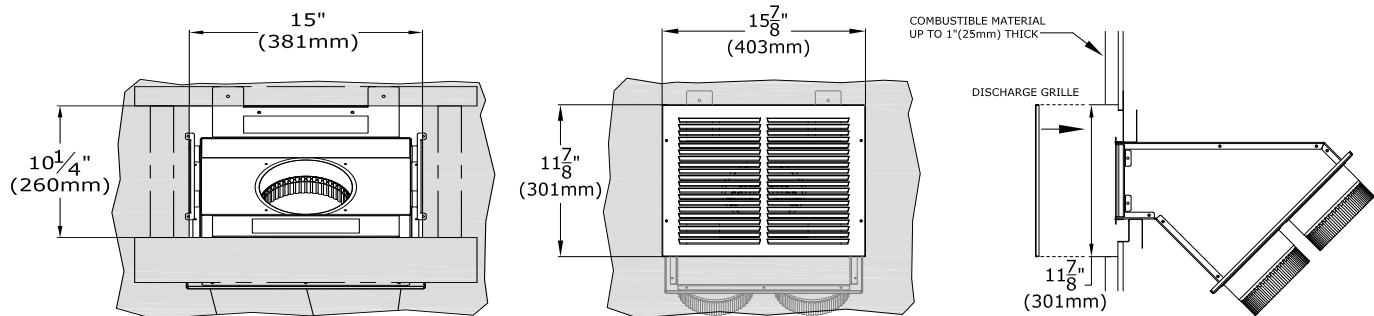


Figure 3.17 -KZK Grille - Finishing Options

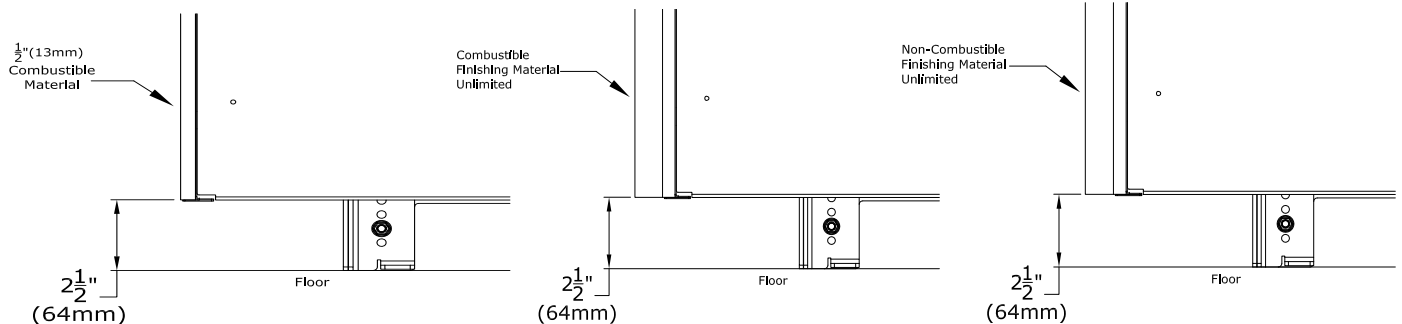


Figure 3.18 - KZK Air Intake Opening - Finishing Options

### 3.4.3 KZK Installation Overview

Note: the KZK collars cannot be installed on the fireplace when sliding the fireplace into the framed opening. Install after installing into the framed opening.

Note: Figure 3.18 shows a single sided installation. Your framing may look different depending on the installation option you have chosen.

1. Use the provided (11) sheet metal screws with the kit to install the base plate. Slide the fireplace into the framed opening.
2. Next you will install the first section of vent pipe. There are (3) tabs to fold up and then you can insert the vent pipe into the center hole. Ensure the vent pipe is fully seated on the vent pipe connection. Use the (3) fold up tabs to secure the vent pipe.
3. Use the (18) provided sheet metal screws to install the KZK collars on the base plate.
4. Frame the rough opening of the KZK plenum(s). Refer to all pages of this manual to ensure all framing and finishing materials are considered.
5. Install the plenum(s) into the rough framed opening maintain minimum clearances to combustibles. If you are installing the front KZK we recommend using the supplied mounting brackets to help support the weight of the plenum and pipes. Ensure the plenum is level (All KZK Options) and its outlet are not distorted. Additional metal strapping may be needed to support the weight of the tubes depending on the height of installation.
6. Attach the piping from all (6) plenum vent collars to all (6) fireplace vent collars. An upward slope must be maintained in horizontal section of pipe for proper convection.
7. Install the plenum discharge trim / grille provided with this kit using the (2) provided screws. If desired, the discharge trim or grille may be painted using high temperature paint (250F). Continue with fireplace installation.

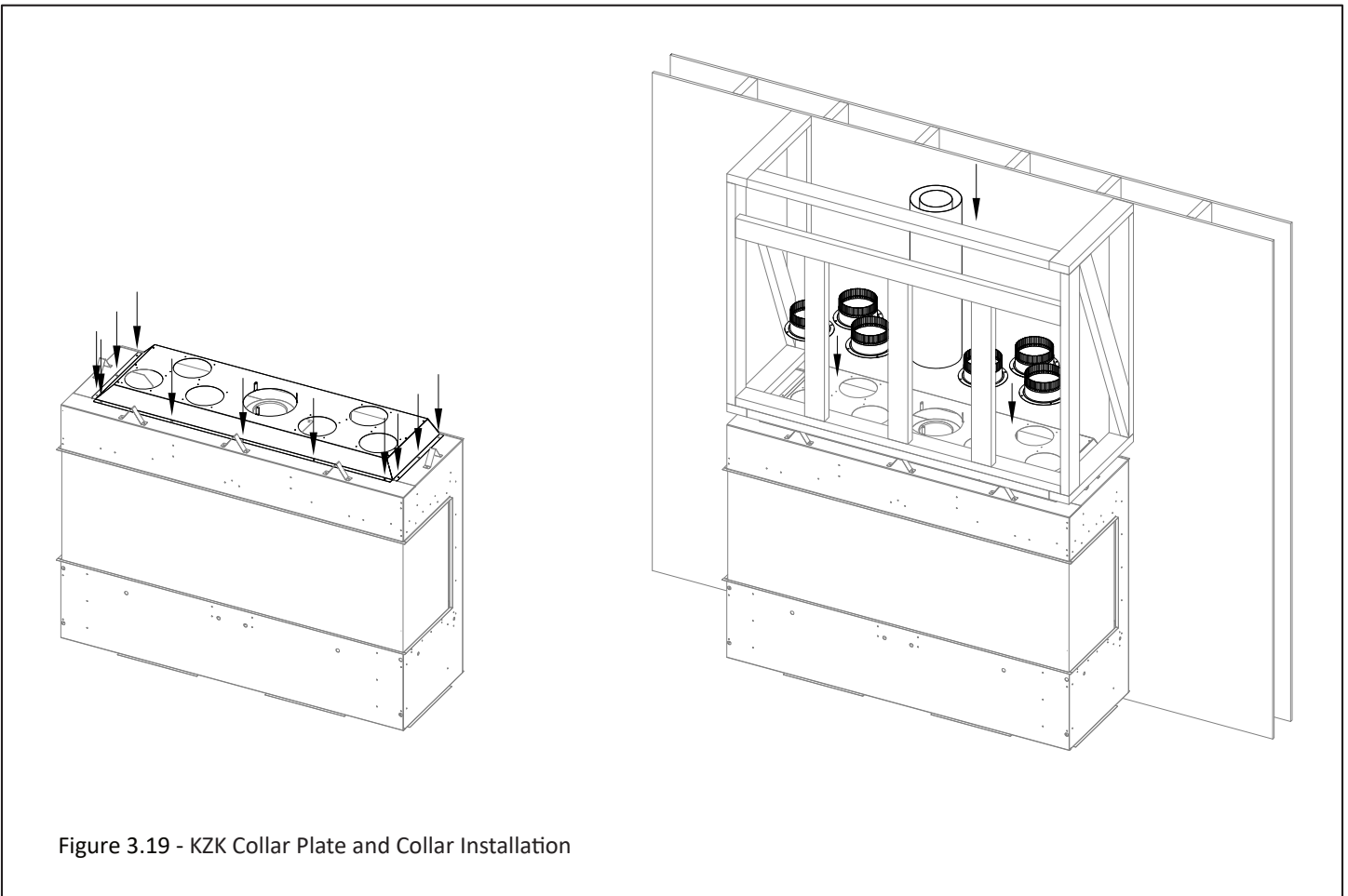


Figure 3.19 - KZK Collar Plate and Collar Installation

### 3.4.4 Vented Cavity Openings - All Three Sides Of Chamber

Shown below is minimum requirements for the chamber air intake and heat release opening where the openings are on all three sides of the chamber.

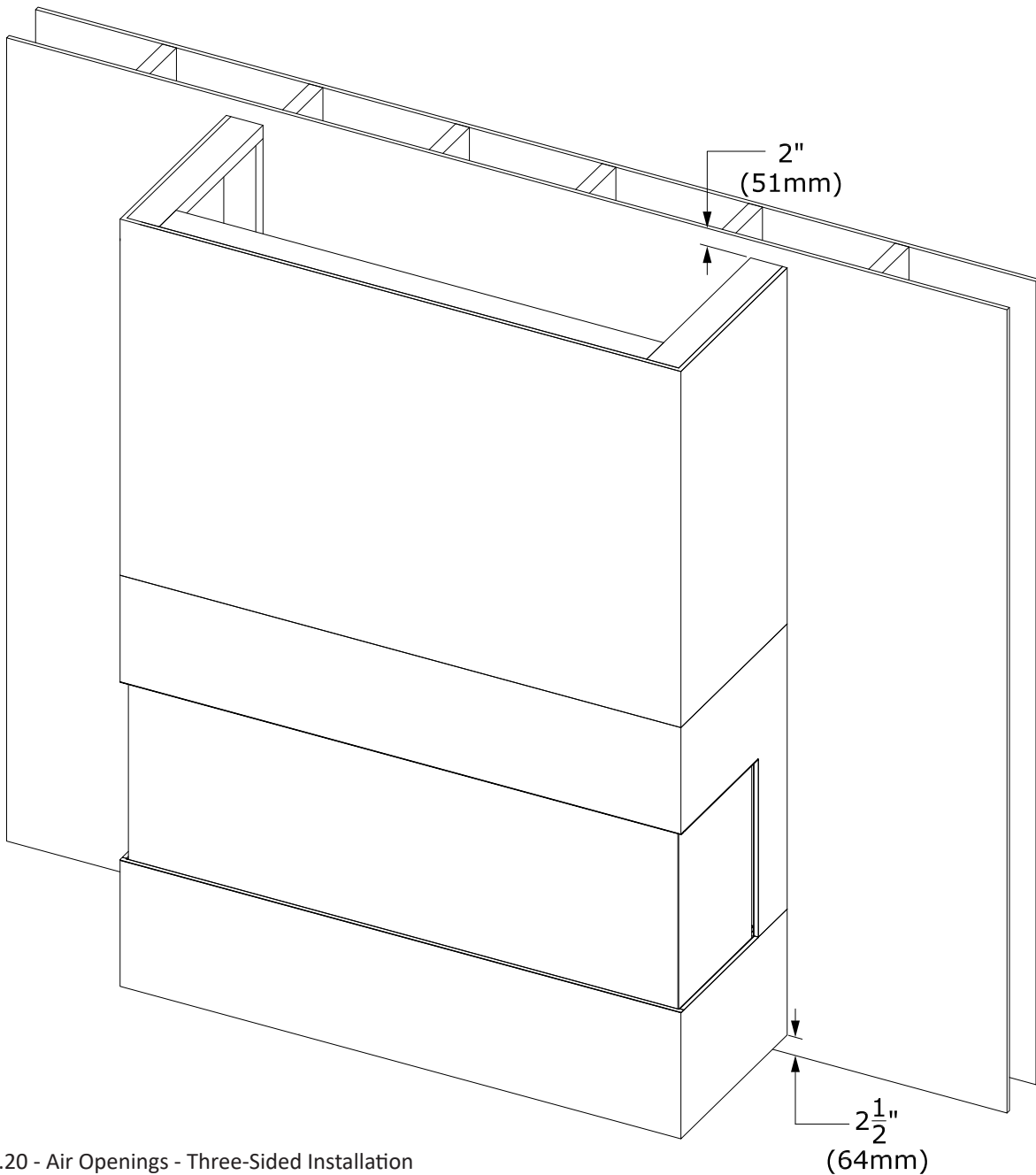
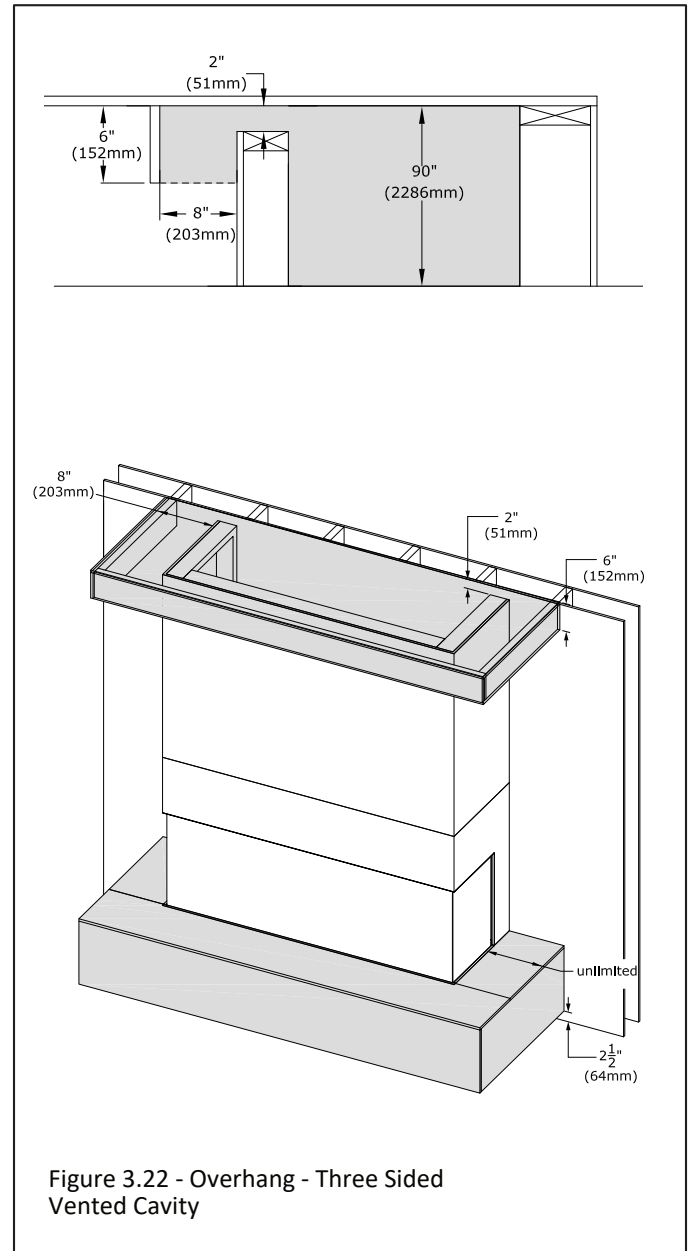
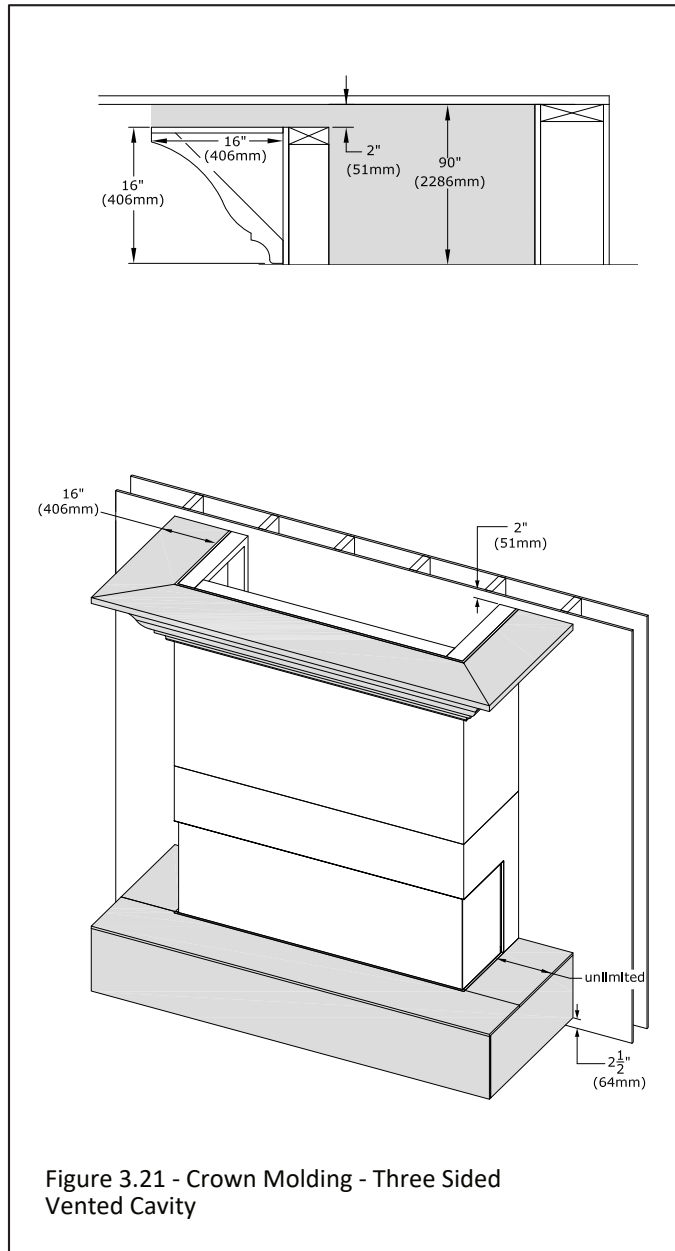


Figure 3.20 - Air Openings - Three-Sided Installation

### 3.4.4 Vented Cavity Openings - All Three Sides Of Chamber (continued)

The figures on this page show how you can visually conceal the heat release opening. This make provide a more desirable appearance. Figure 3.21 shows the use of crown molding. Figure 3.22 shows an overhang.



### 3.4.5 Vented Cavity Openings - Front Of The Chamber

Shown below is minimum requirements for the chamber air intake and heat release opening where the openings are on the front of the chamber only.

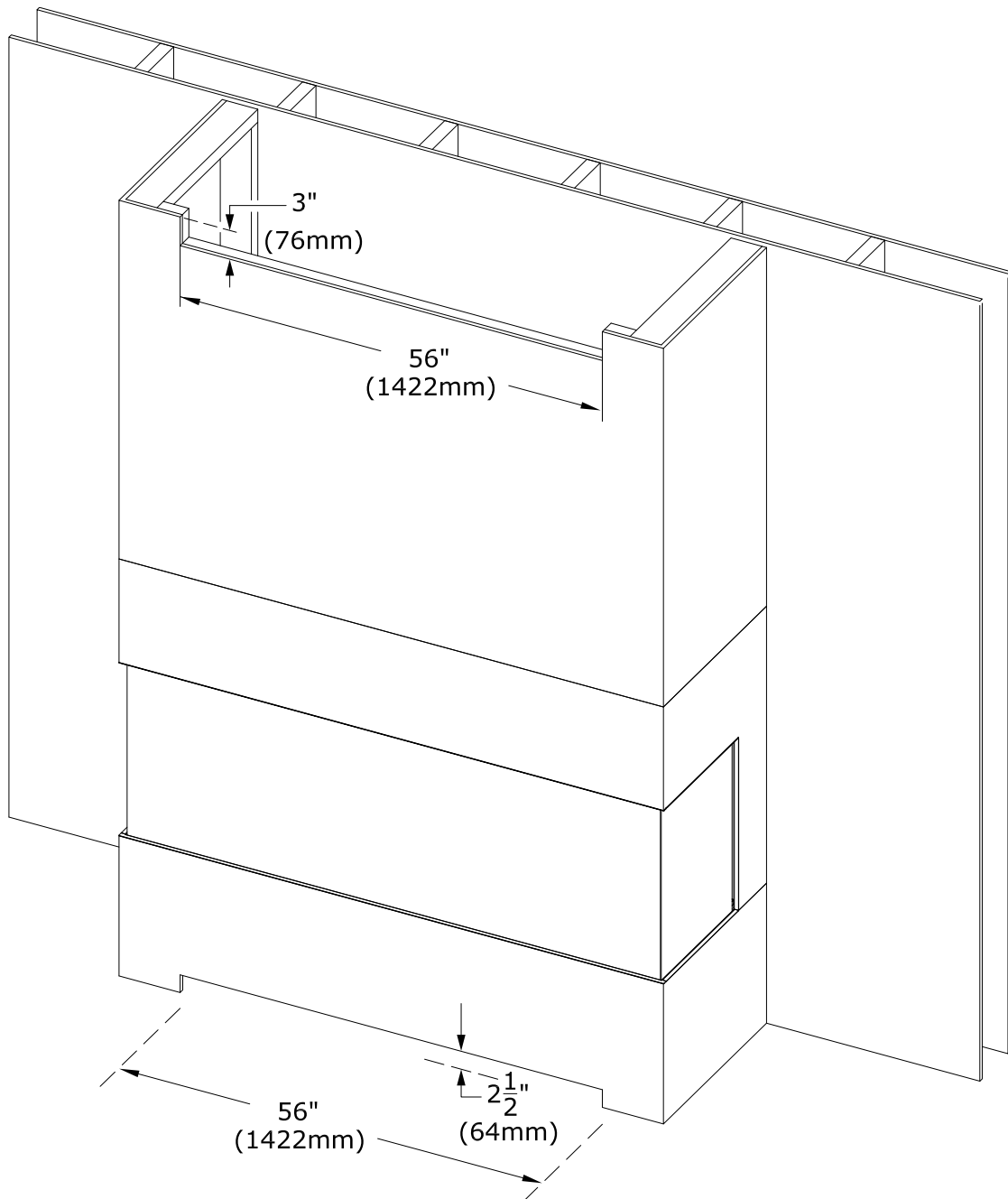
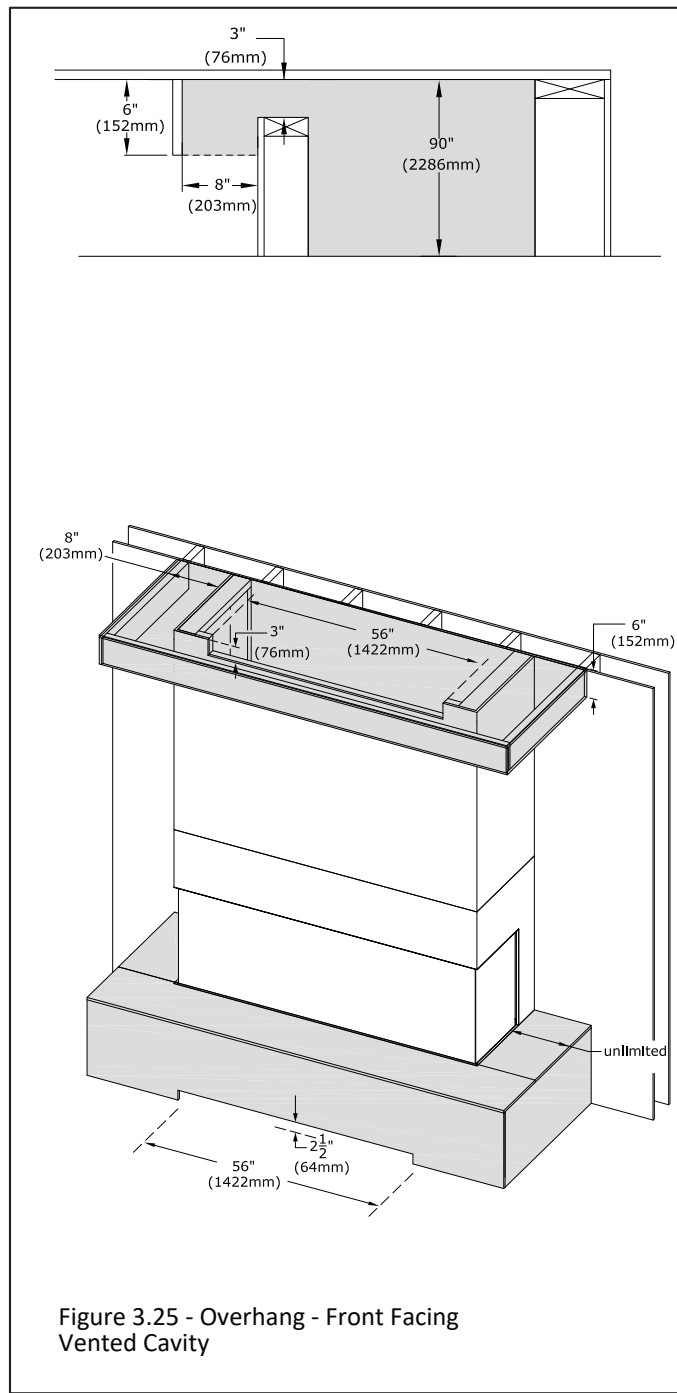
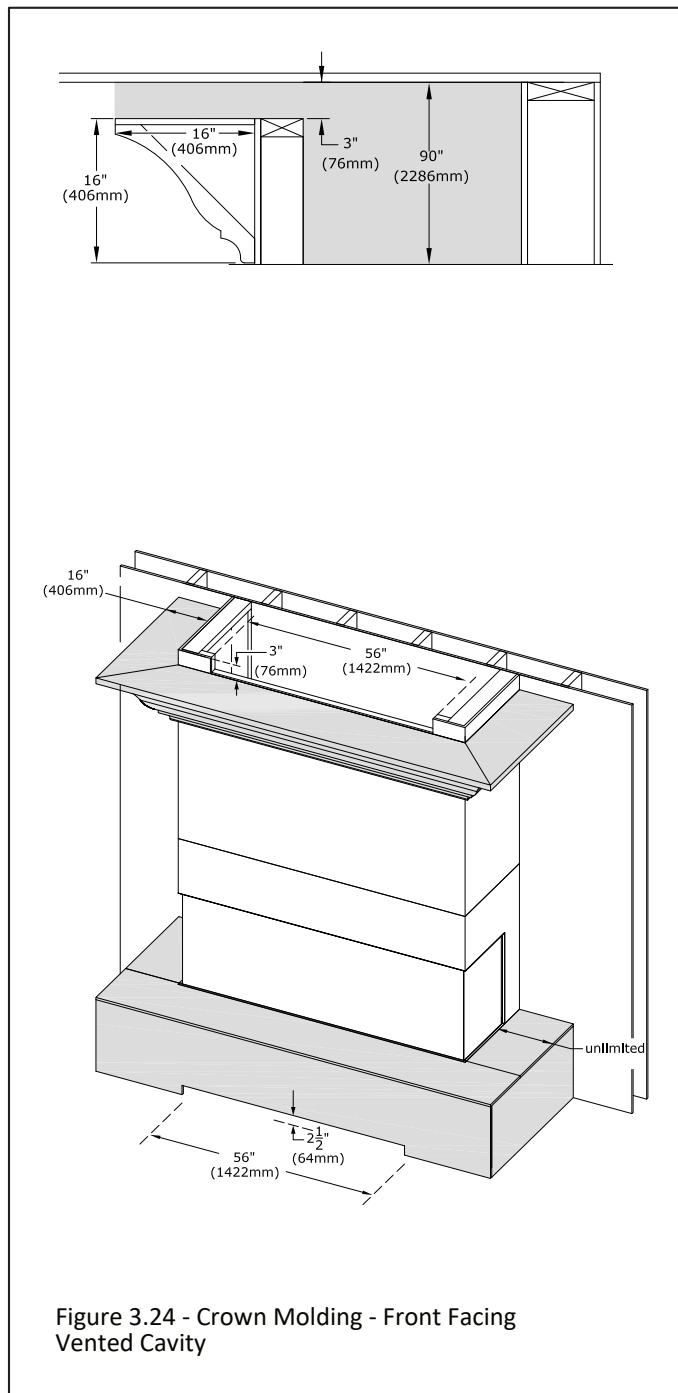


Figure 3.23 - Air Opening - Front Facing Vented Cavity



### 3.4.5 Vented Cavity Openings - Front Of The Chamber (continued)

The figures on this page show how you can visually conceal the heat release opening. This make provide a more desirable appearance. Figure 3.24 shows the use of crown molding. Figure 3.25 shows an overhang.



### 3.4.6 Vented Cavity Openings - Combination of Front and Side Openings

See this section for the option of a front chamber air intake and side chamber heat release opening. The minimum requirements are shown in this section. The figure below shows the side heat release opening. You would order part# KZK-SPG2 for the approved side grilles. The louvers of the grille must face down.

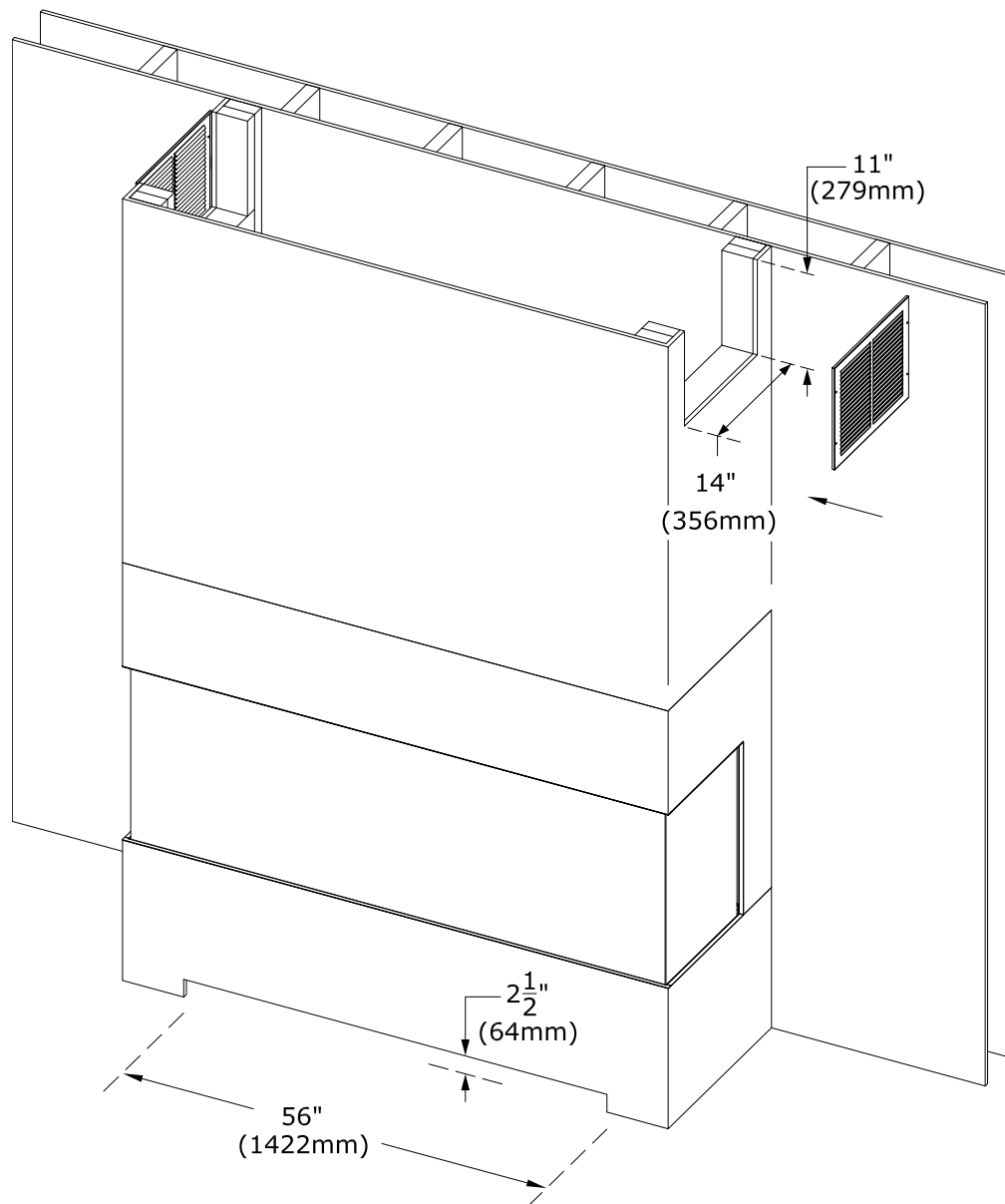


Figure 3.26 - Heat Release - Side Opening Option

### 3.5 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber, and Side Chamber Projection for KZK Options

**NOTE:** A maximum of 16" (406mm) projection is allowed between the mantel and chamber projection (regardless if it is combustible, noncombustible, or a combination). An example would be if you installed a 6" (152mm) front chamber projection then you would be allowed up to a 10" (254mm) mantel until you hit the limit of 16" (406mm).

#### 3.5.1 Combustible Hearth and Mantel Requirements

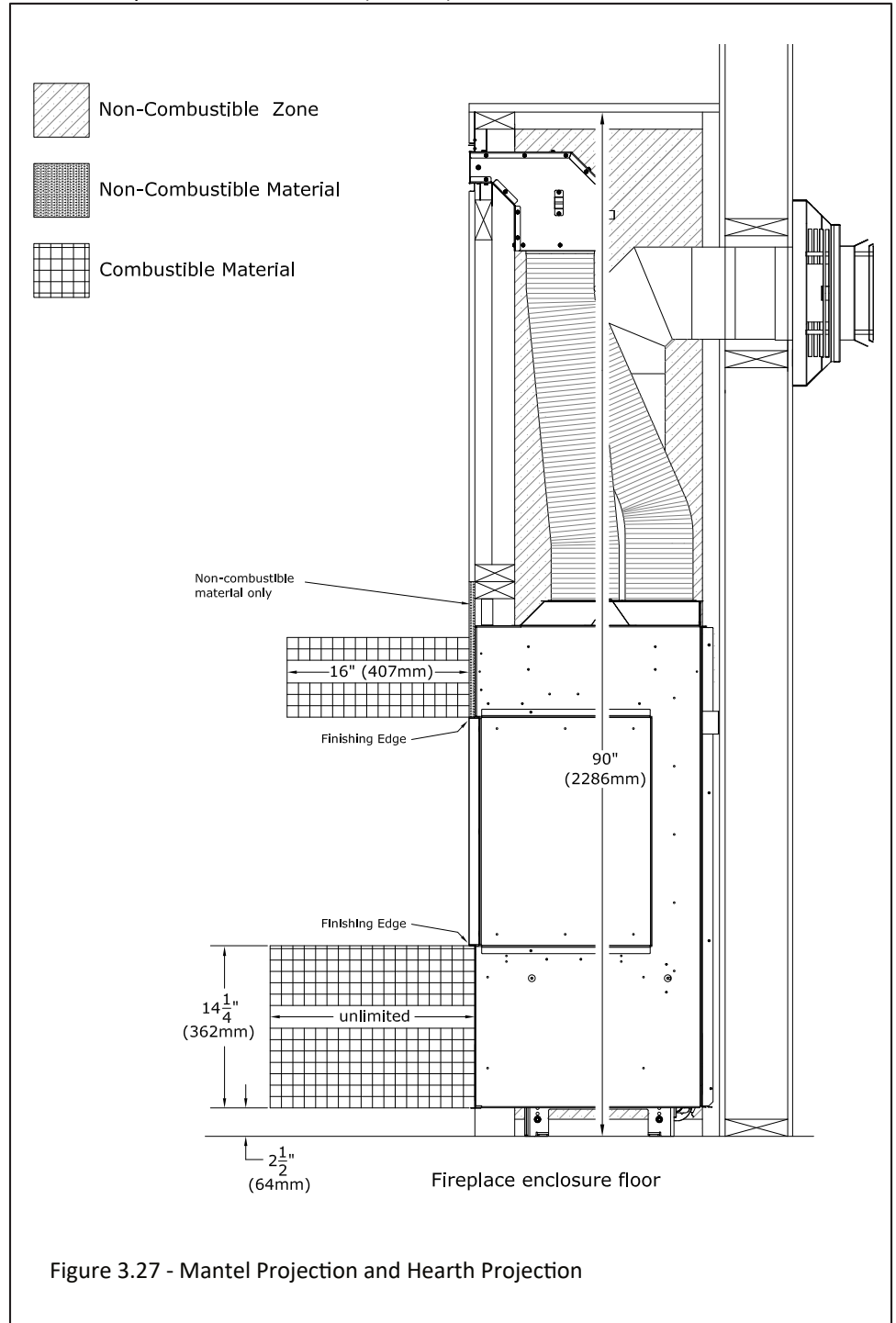
**WARNING:** All minimum clearances to combustible material **MUST** be maintained.

- **Combustible Mantel Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) mantel can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge. See Figure 3.27.
- **Combustible Chamber Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) chamber projection can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge of the fireplace. See Figure 3.28.
- **Combustible Hearth:** Combustible hearth can have an unlimited projection. Hearth can be raised flush to the bottom finishing edge. See Figure 3.27.

#### 3.5.2 Non-combustible Mantel and Projection Requirements

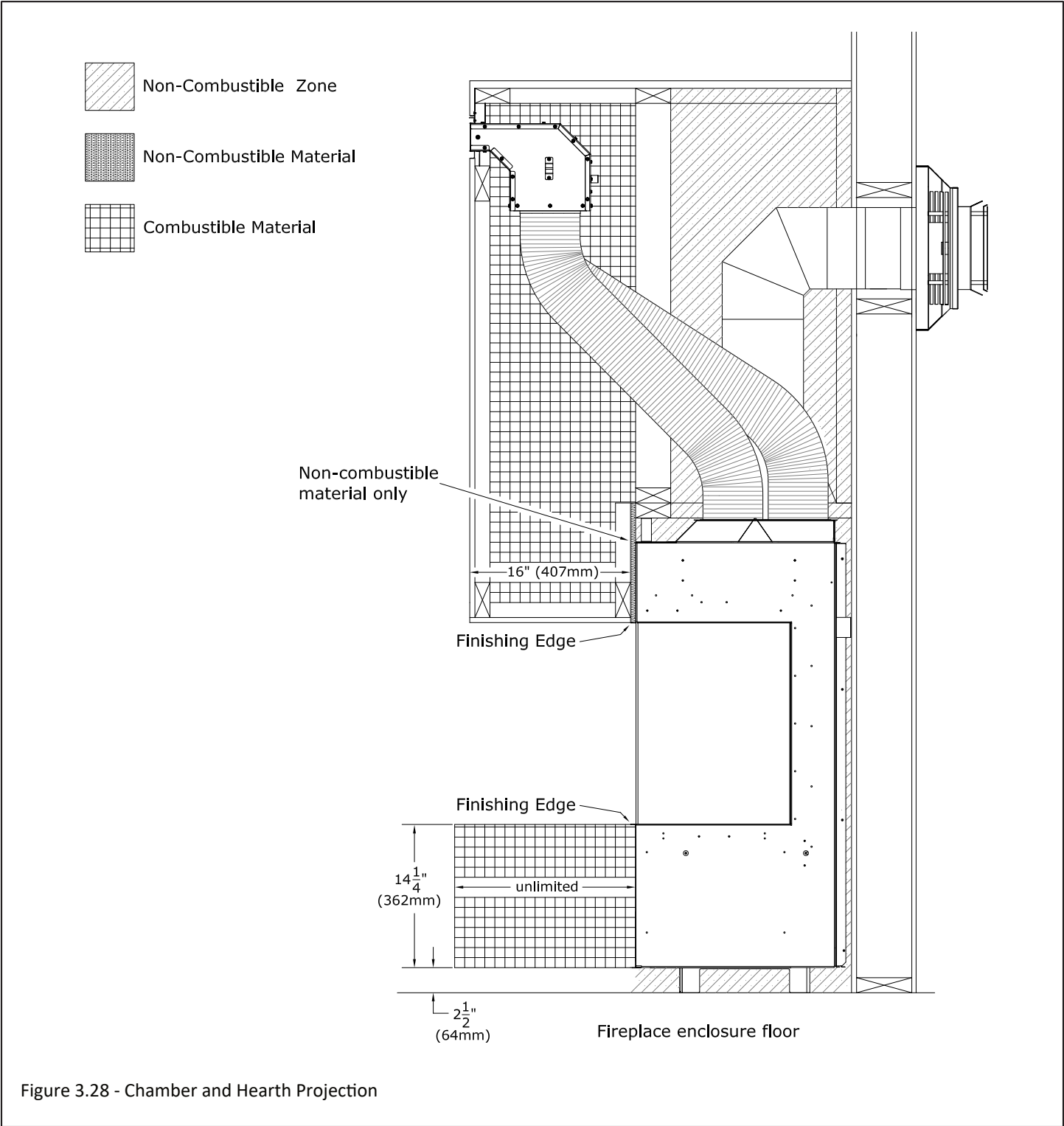
- **Noncombustible Mantel Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) noncombustible mantel projection is allowed to start at 0" (0mm) from the top fireplace finishing edge.
- **Noncombustible Chamber Projection:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) noncombustible projection can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge of the fireplace

**IMPORTANT:** You are required to have the minimum noncombustible facing material along the front and sides of the fireplace before constructing the framing of the of chamber projection. The noncombustible facing material prevents the combustible framing of the chamber projection from directly contacting the fireplace. See Section 3.5.3 for more information.



3.5 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber, and Side Chamber Projection for KZK Options (continued)

Figure 3.28 shows the KZK installed in a 16" front chamber projection.



### 3.5 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber, and Side Chamber Projection for KZK Options (continued)

Figure 3.29 shows a fireplace with a front and side chamber projection with a hearth installed.

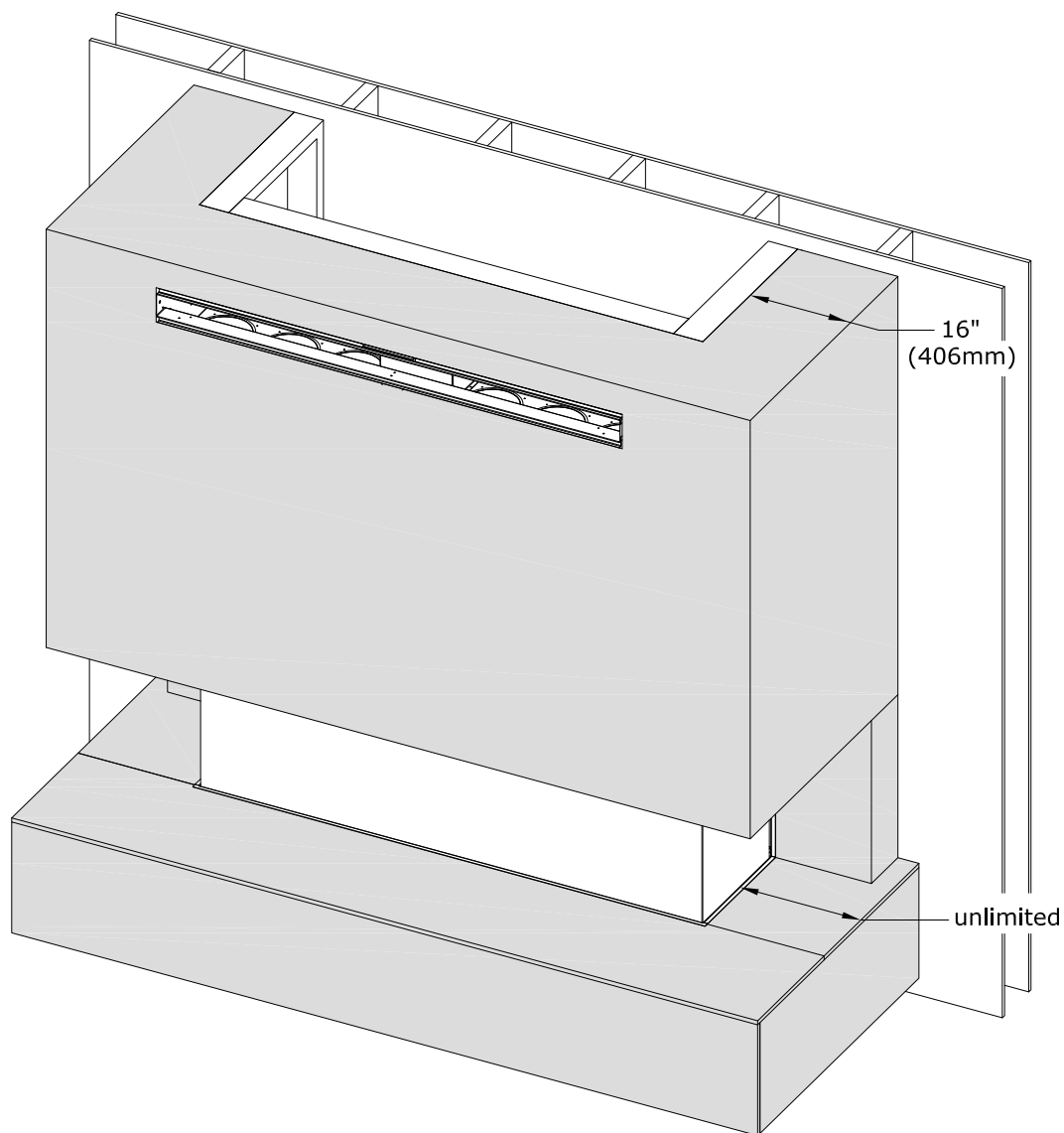


Figure 3.29 - Side Projection

### 3.5.3 How to Construct a Chamber Projection with a KZK

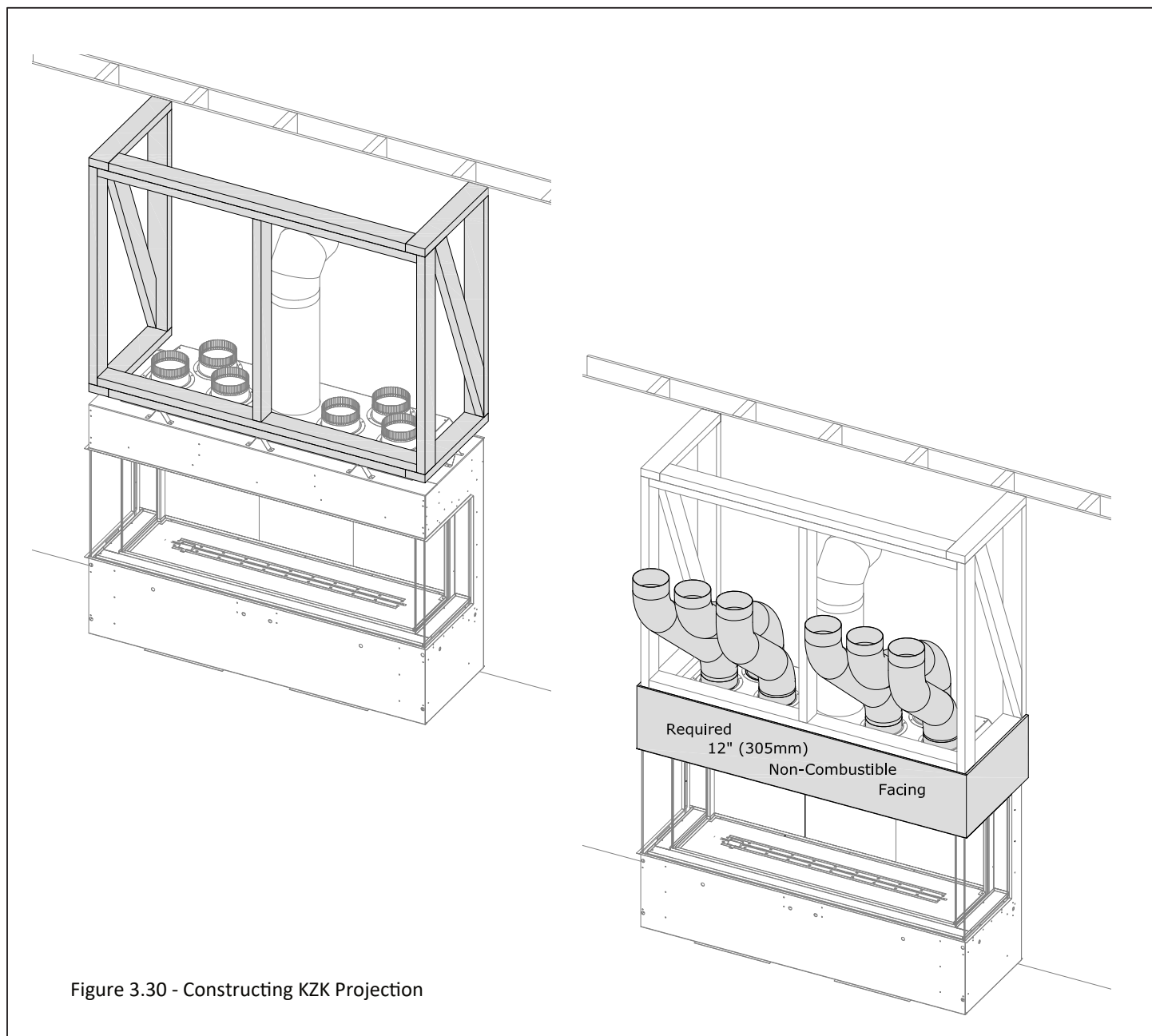
This section is an overview of the steps in constructing a chamber projection when using a KZK. The image below shows a front KZK application but would apply to side KZK as well. The fireplace chamber does NOT need to be sealed separately from the front overhang. This is because the heat release is with a sealed system of the KZK tubes and KZK plenum.

- Frame out the chamber above the fireplace. Install the required noncombustible facing material as required in Section 3.3.

NOTE: This noncombustible facing material is only required if you intend on using combustible framing for the projection. If you use noncombustible framing then it can come into direct contact with the fireplace (noncombustible facing material is not required).

- Next frame out the projection and install the KZK. Lastly install the facing material and finishing material.

**IMPORTANT: Maintain ½" (13mm) clearance around the KZK tubes to anything combustible.**



### 3.5.3 How to Construct a Chamber Projection with a KZK (continued)

**IMPORTANT:** Maintain ½" (13mm) clearance around the KZK tubes to anything combustible.

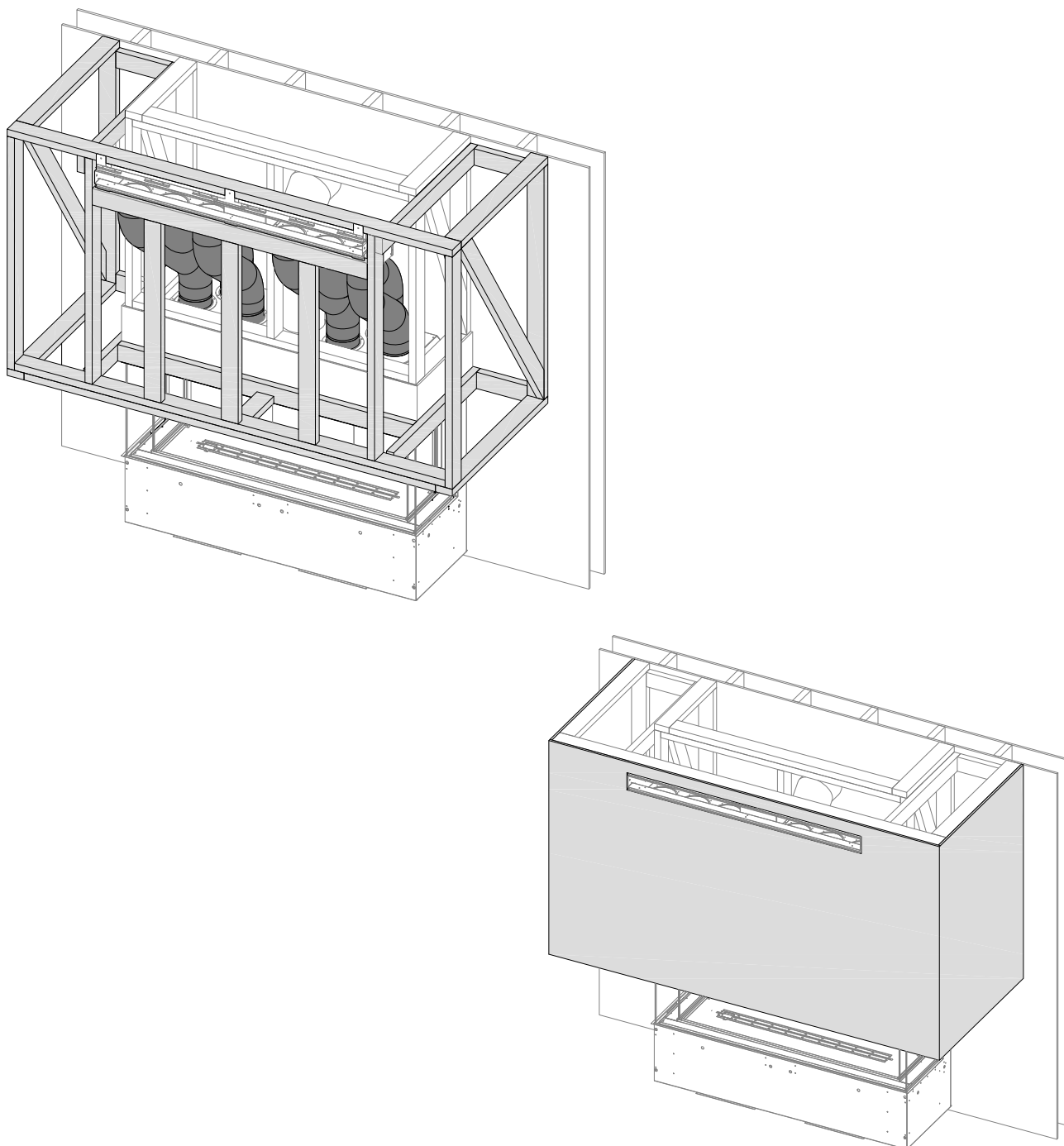


Figure 3.31 - Constructing KZK Projection

### 3.6 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber, and Side Chamber Projection for Vented Cavity Options

**NOTE:** A maximum of 16" (406mm) projection is allowed between the mantel and chamber projection (regardless if it is combustible, noncombustible, or a combination). An example would be if you installed a 6" (152mm) front chamber projection then you would be allowed up to a 10" (254mm) mantel until you hit the limit of 16" (406mm).

#### 3.6.1 Combustible Hearth and Mantel Requirements

**WARNING:** All minimum clearances to combustible material **MUST** be maintained.

- **Combustible Mantel Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) mantel can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge. See Figure 3.32.
- **Combustible Chamber Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) chamber projection can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge of the fireplace. See Figure 3.33.
- **Combustible Hearth:** Combustible hearth can have an unlimited projection. Hearth can be raised flush to the bottom finishing edge. See Figure 3.32.

#### 3.6.2 Non-combustible Mantel and Projection Requirements

- **Noncombustible Mantel Projections:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) noncombustible mantel projection is allowed to start at 0" (0mm) from the top fireplace finishing edge.
- **Noncombustible Chamber Projection:** A maximum of a 16" (406mm) noncombustible projection can be installed flush at the side and top finishing edge of the fireplace

**IMPORTANT:** You are required to have the minimum noncombustible facing material along the front and sides of the fireplace before constructing the framing of the of chamber projection. The noncombustible facing material prevents the combustible framing of the chamber projection from directly contacting the fireplace. See Section 3.6.3 for more information.

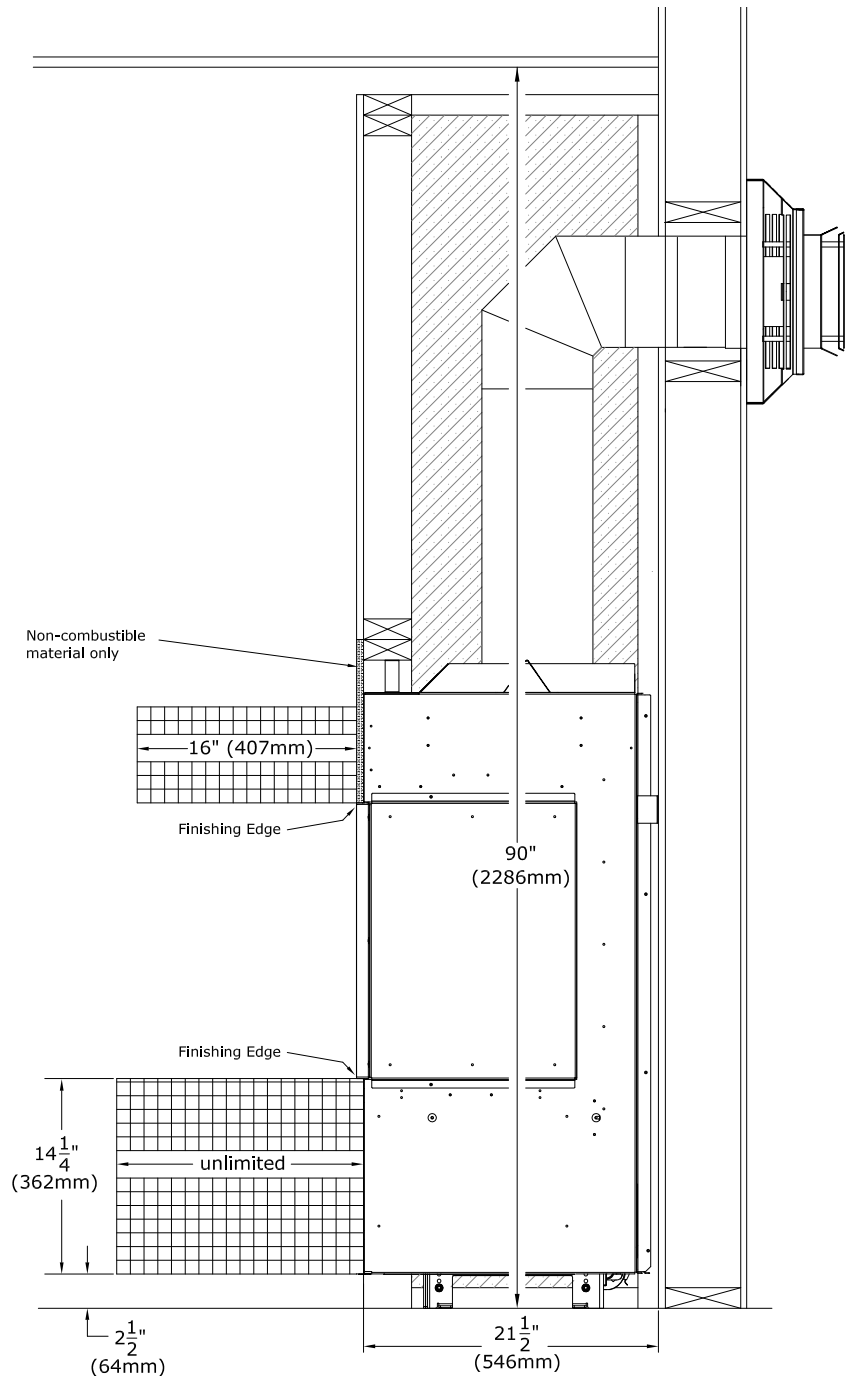


Figure 3.32 - Mantel Projection and Hearth Projection



### 3.6 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber Projection, and Side Chamber Projection for Vented Cavity Options (continued)

Figure 3.33 shows a 16" front chamber projection with a vented cavity. The air intake and heat release openings of the fireplace chamber must maintain their clearances for the option you have choose throughout the entire fireplace chamber and projection.

The hearth projection is unlimited.

**IMPORTANT: It is required to install facing material on the fireplace chamber before constructing the chamber projection. This is required to ensure the convective cooling process of the fireplace functions correctly. See Section 3.6.3 on how to construct the chamber projection.**

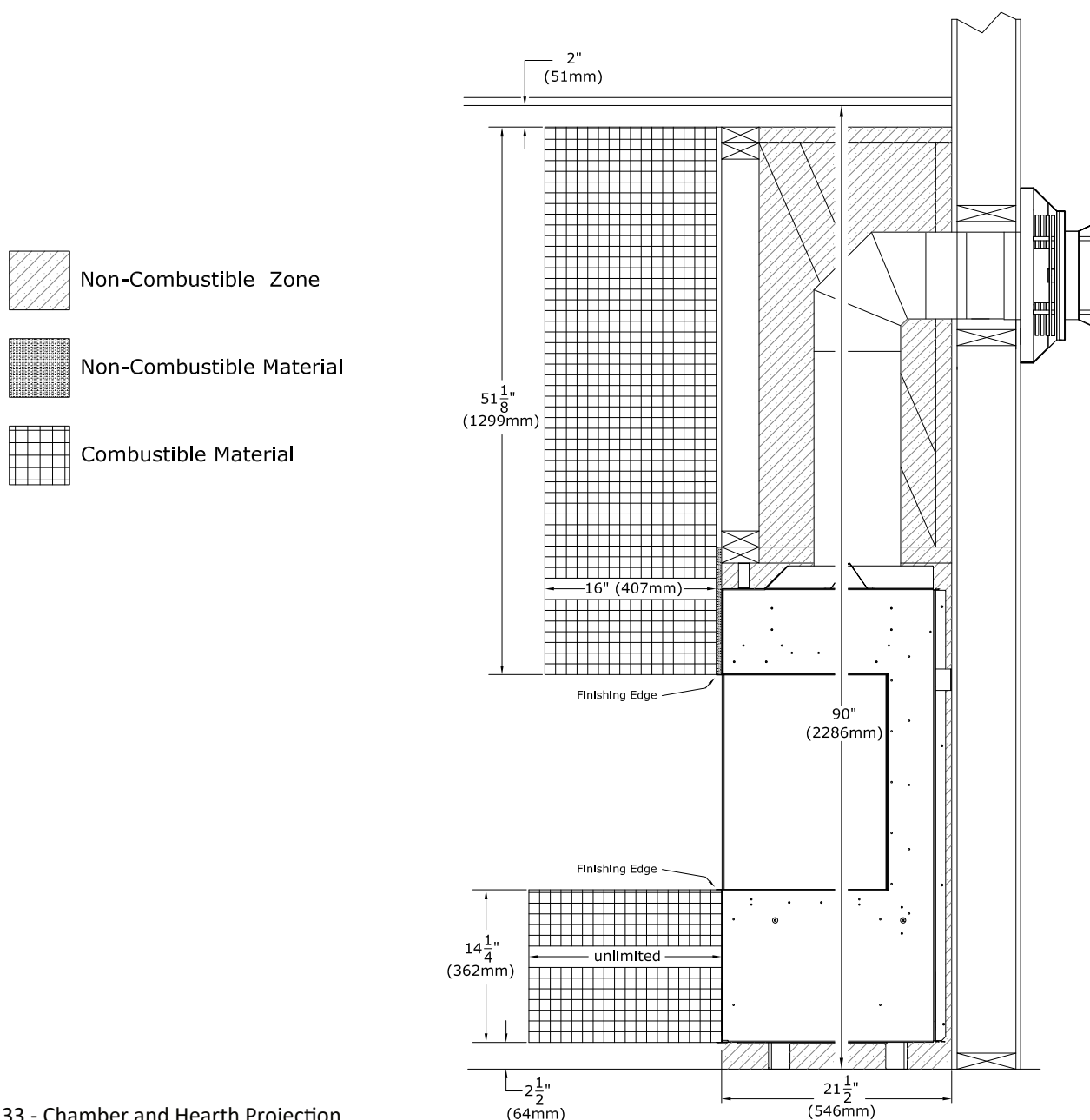


Figure 3.33 - Chamber and Hearth Projection

### 3.6 Hearth, Mantel, Front Chamber Projection, and Side Chamber Projection for Vented Cavity Options (continued)

Figure 3.34 shows a fireplace with a front and side chamber projection with a hearth installed.

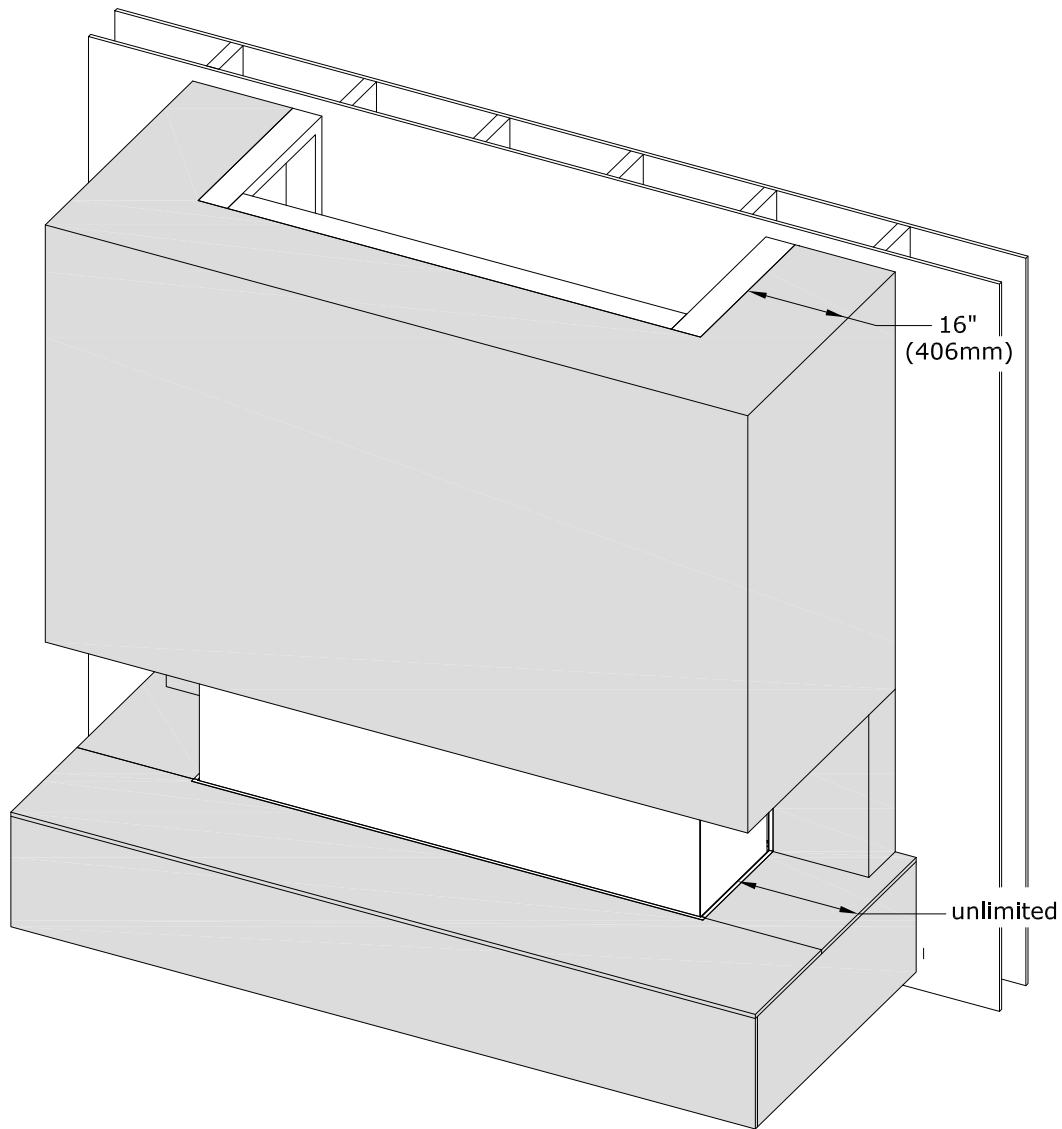


Figure 3.34 - Side Projection

### 3.6.3 How to Construction a Chamber Projection with a Vented Cavity

It is essential that you follow these steps when installing the fireplace that is designed to have a front and/or side projection of the chamber. This section will show you how to frame the fireplace chamber, install facing material on the chamber, frame the projection and then install the facing and finishing material on the projection.

You are required to construct the fireplace chamber and then install facing material first to ensure the convective process of air entering the fireplace chamber at the bottom and discharging at the top of the chamber via the opening option you have chosen. The convective process of the fireplace chamber is essential for proper function of the safety glass and clearance to combustibles of the fireplace chamber.

The minimum dimensions of the air intake openings and heat release openings that you choose are required to be maintained in the initial fireplace chamber and throughout the projection.

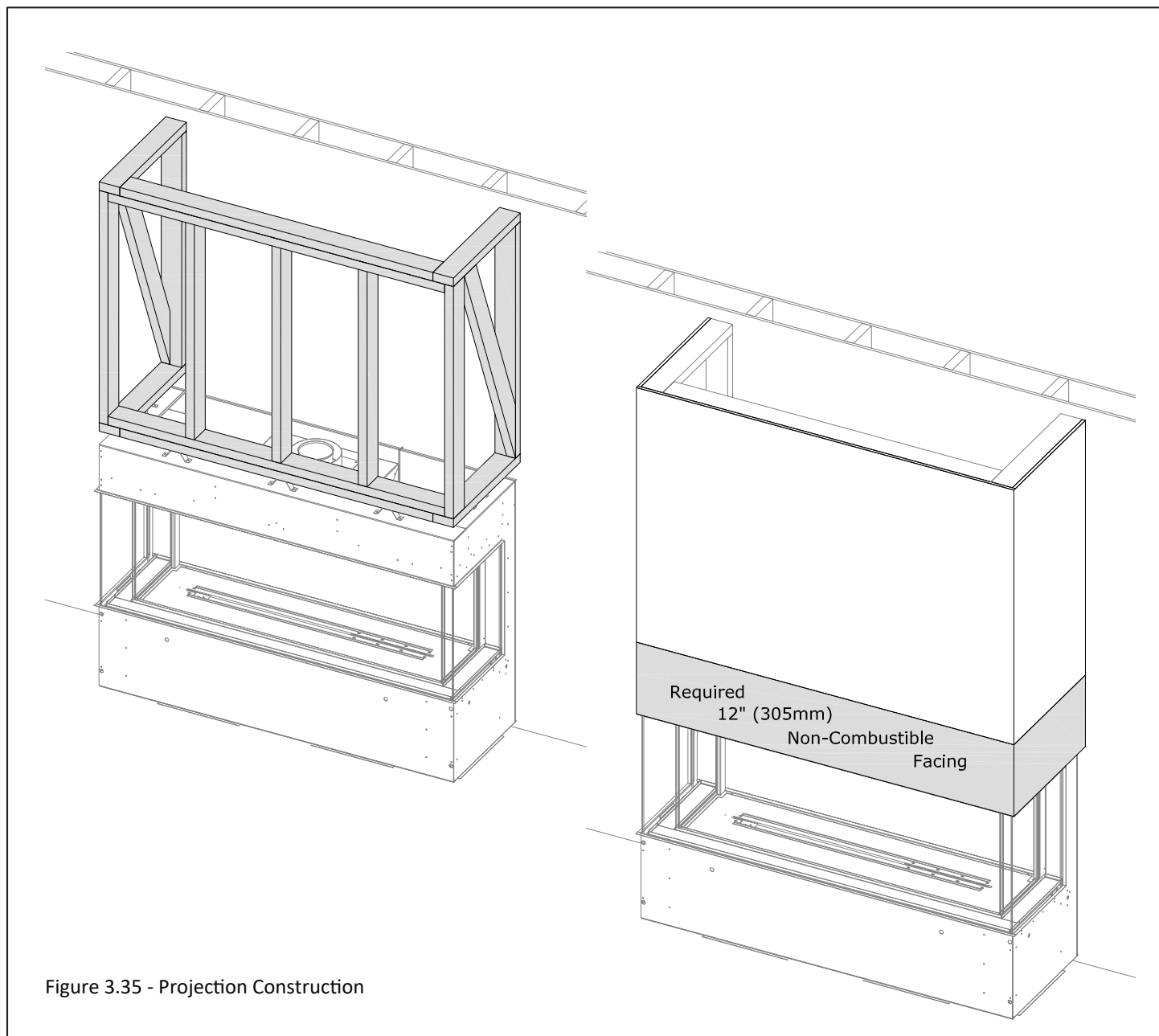


Figure 3.35 - Projection Construction

### 3.6.3 How to Construction a Chamber Projection with a Vented Cavity (continued)

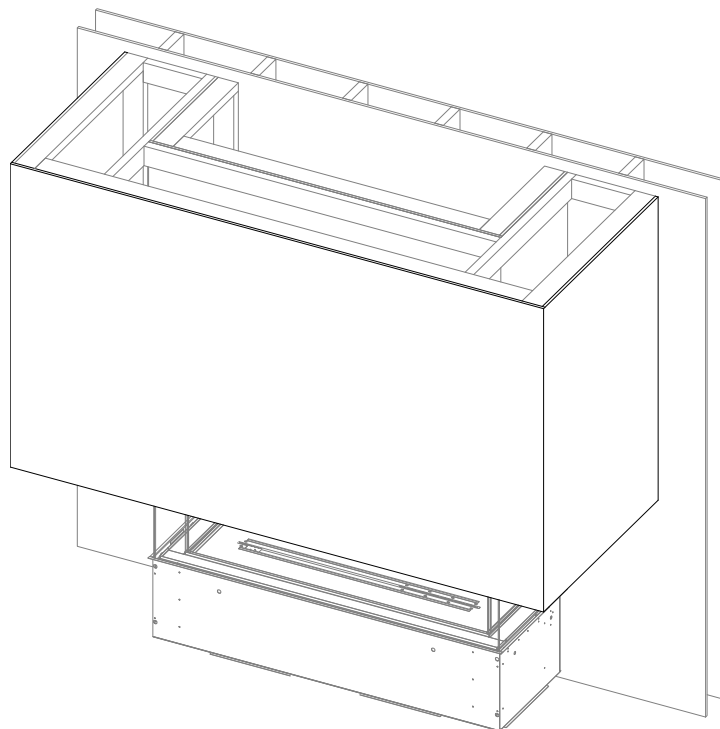
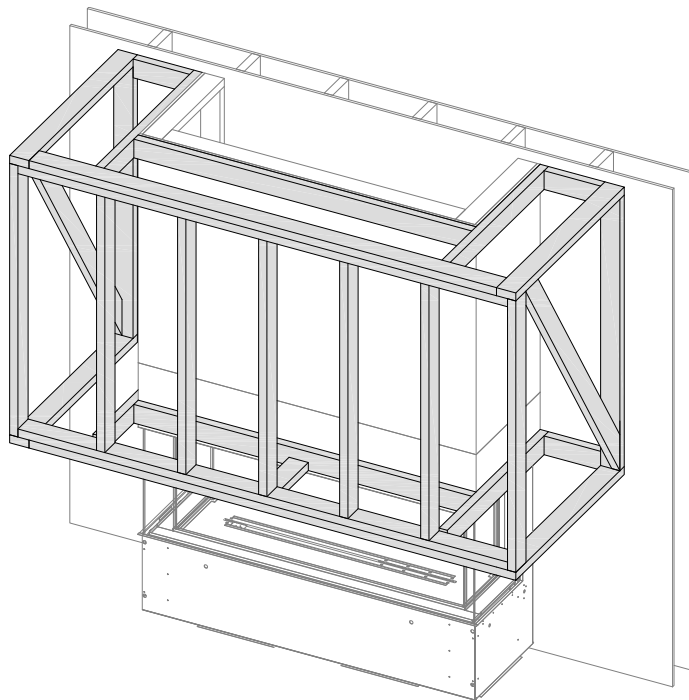


Figure 3.36 - Projection Construction

### 3.7 Clearance to a Sidewall

The sidewall clearance is taken from the exterior safety glass to the sidewall. The minimum clearance is 18" (457mm) applies to all Vented Cavity and KZK options.

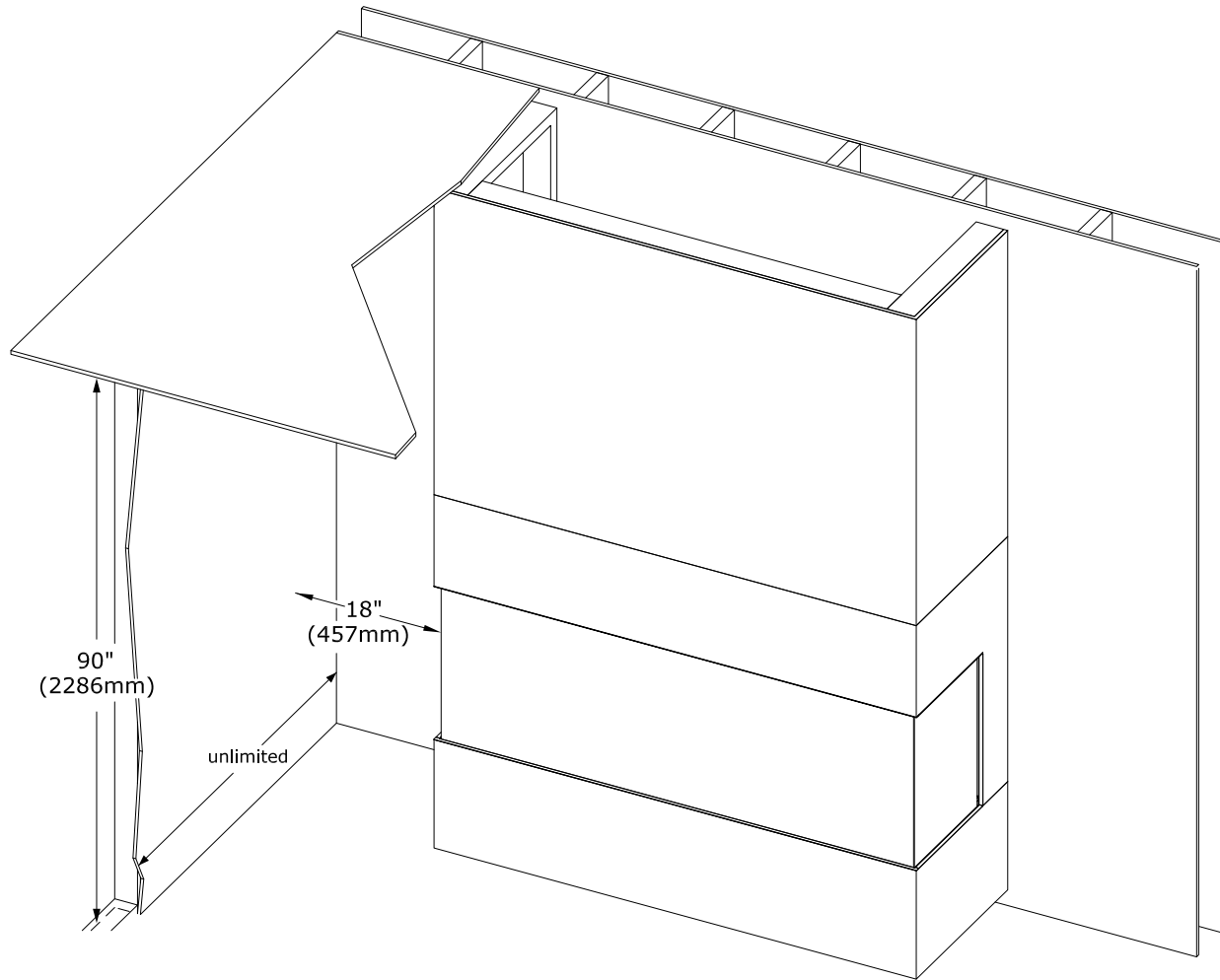


Figure 3.37 - Clearance to Sidewall

## 4.0 Fireplace Setup

### 4.1 Safety Glass

**WARNING:** Do not operate this fireplace with the glass removed, cracked, or broken. Replacement of the glass assembly, should be done by a licensed or qualified service person. If the barrier becomes damaged, the barrier shall be replaced with the manufacturer's barrier for this appliance.

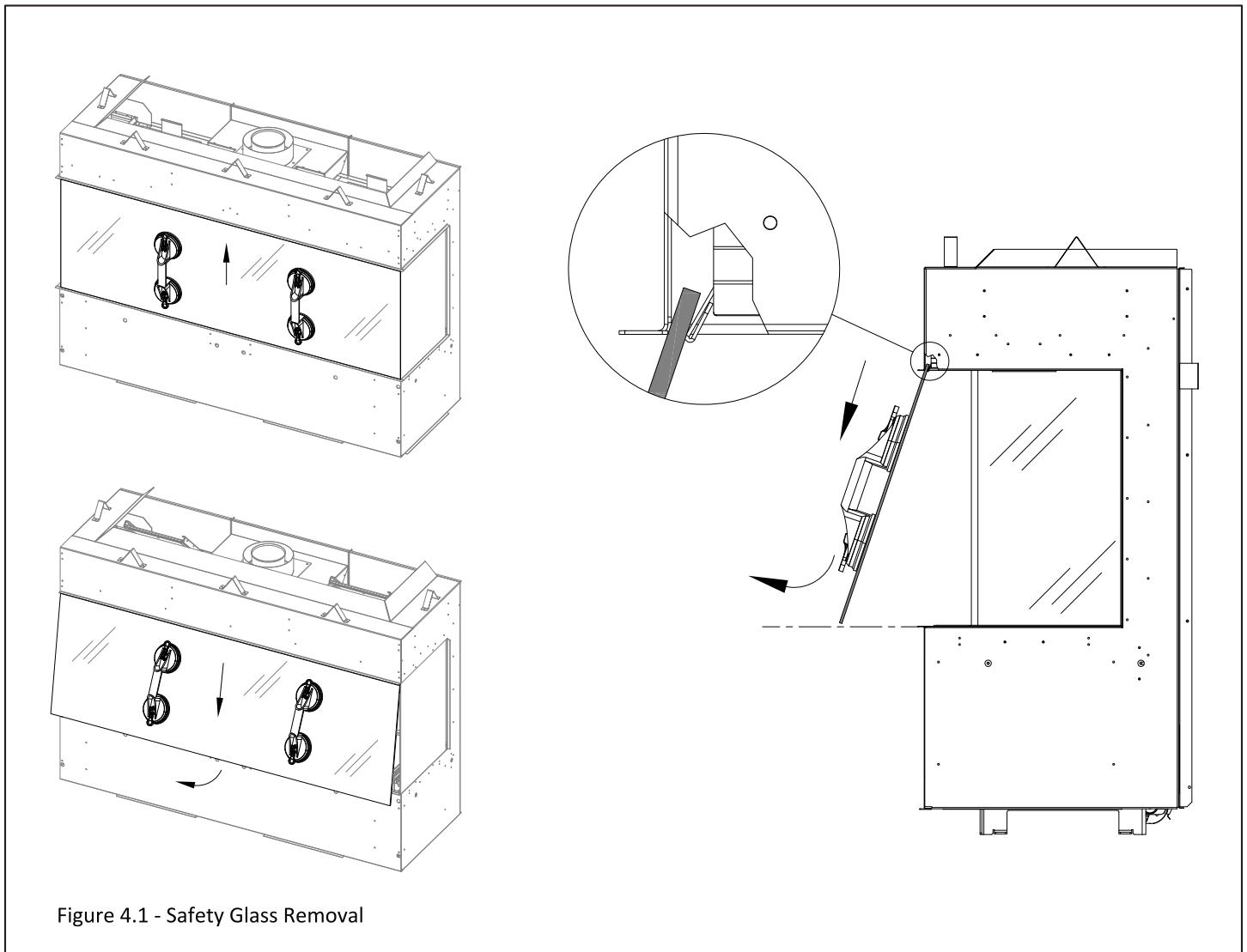
The safety glass for this fireplace is tempered glass.

A barrier designed to reduce the risk of burns from the hot viewing glass is provided with this appliance and shall be installed for the protection of children and other at-risk individuals.

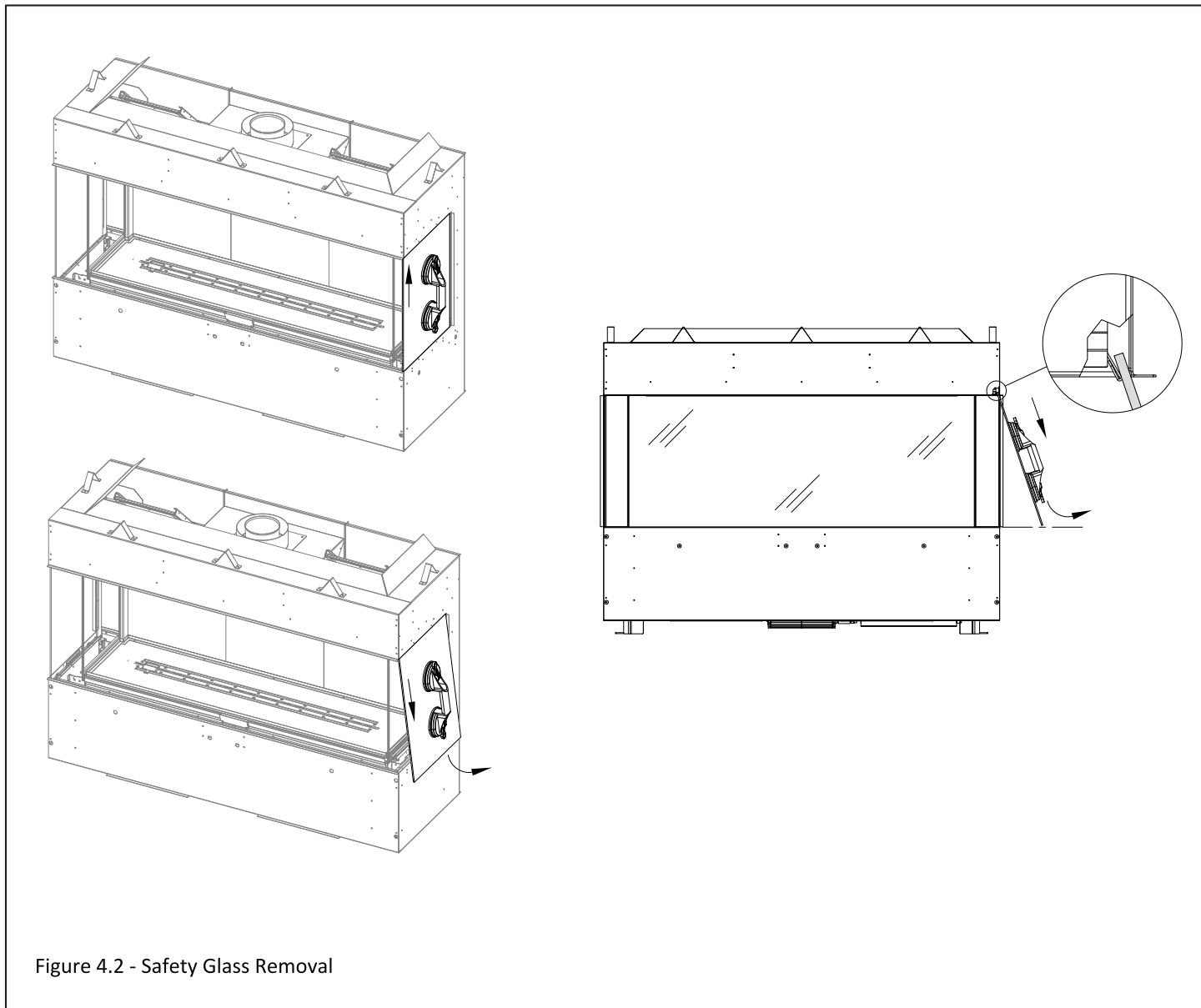
#### 4.1.1 Removing The Safety Glass Assembly

**WARNING:** Do not remove the glass assembly when hot.

1. Attach a suction cup to the side safety glass pieces. Slide them towards the back of the fireplace to leave an approximate  $\frac{1}{4}$ " -  $\frac{1}{2}$ " gap between the side glass and the front glass. Next attach the suction cups to the front safety glass. Remove the front safety glass pieces as shown in Figure 4.1. Lift up the safety glass and tilt the bottom edge of the glass towards you. Move the glass down and out to remove. Note: Depending on your fireplace configuration you may have one or two side safety glass pieces.
2. After removing the front piece you can remove the side safety glass pieces. First move the safety glass forward in the fireplace to its original position and then follow same removal instructions as performed with the front piece.



#### 4.1.1 Removing The Safety Glass Assembly (continued)



### 4.1.2 Installing The Safety Glass Assembly

1. Install the side safety glass first. Start with the bottom edge of the glass tilted towards you, slide the top edge of the glass behind the top finishing edge of the fireplace. There is a glass bracket behind this top finishing edge (on the inside of the fireplace) that holds the glass. Ensure the glass is sliding into this bracket. See the image on the right in Figure 4.3 for a close up of this support bracket.
2. When the top edge of the glass is between the bracket and the fireplace outer shell you can tilt in the bottom edge of the glass and position the glass down into its resting position on brackets. Now slide the side safety glass back into the fireplace to leave a gap on the front-side. This will help install the front safety glass.
3. Install the front safety glass pieces following the same procedure as the side glass. Ensure the front glass slides in between the glass bracket and the top edge of the fireplace.

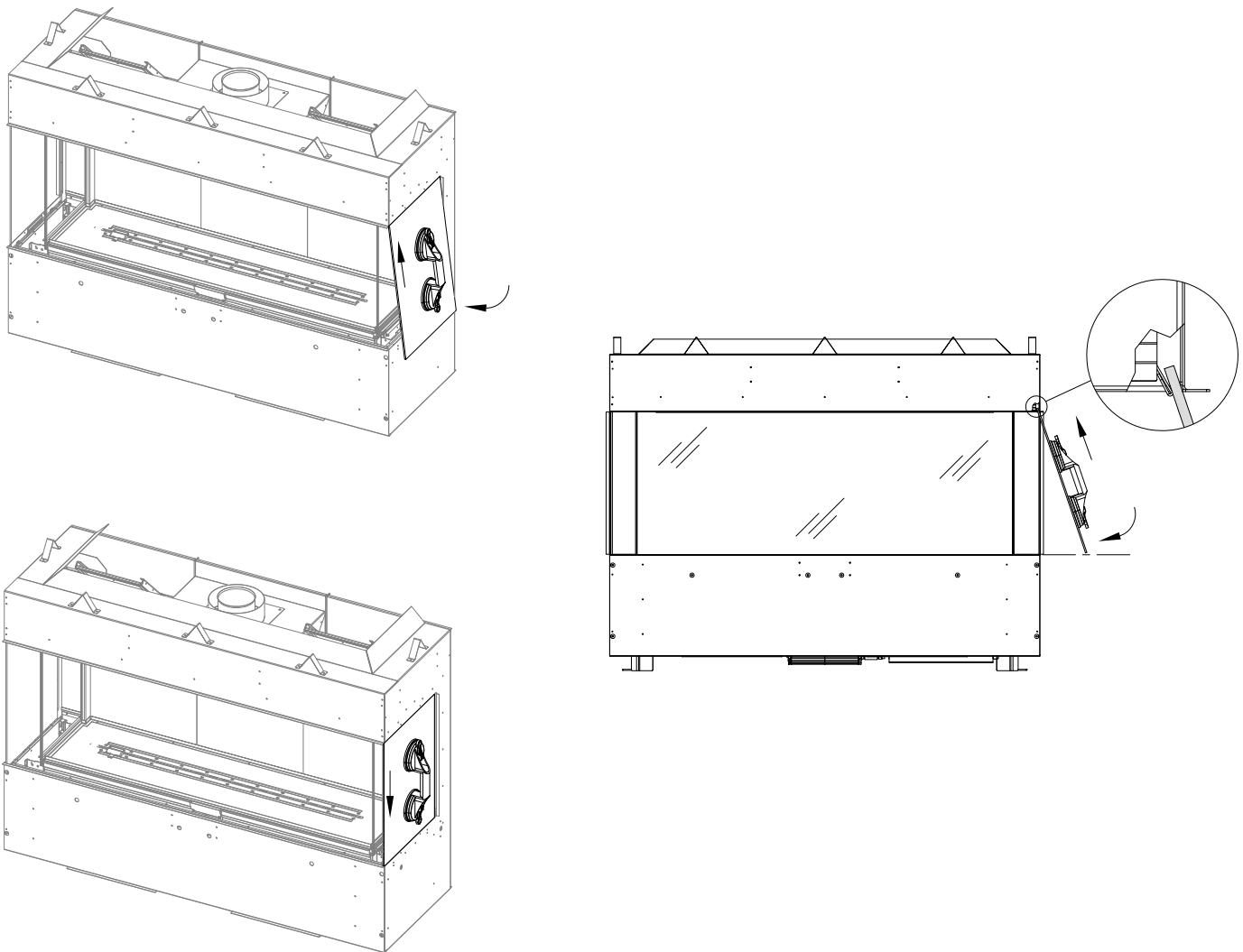
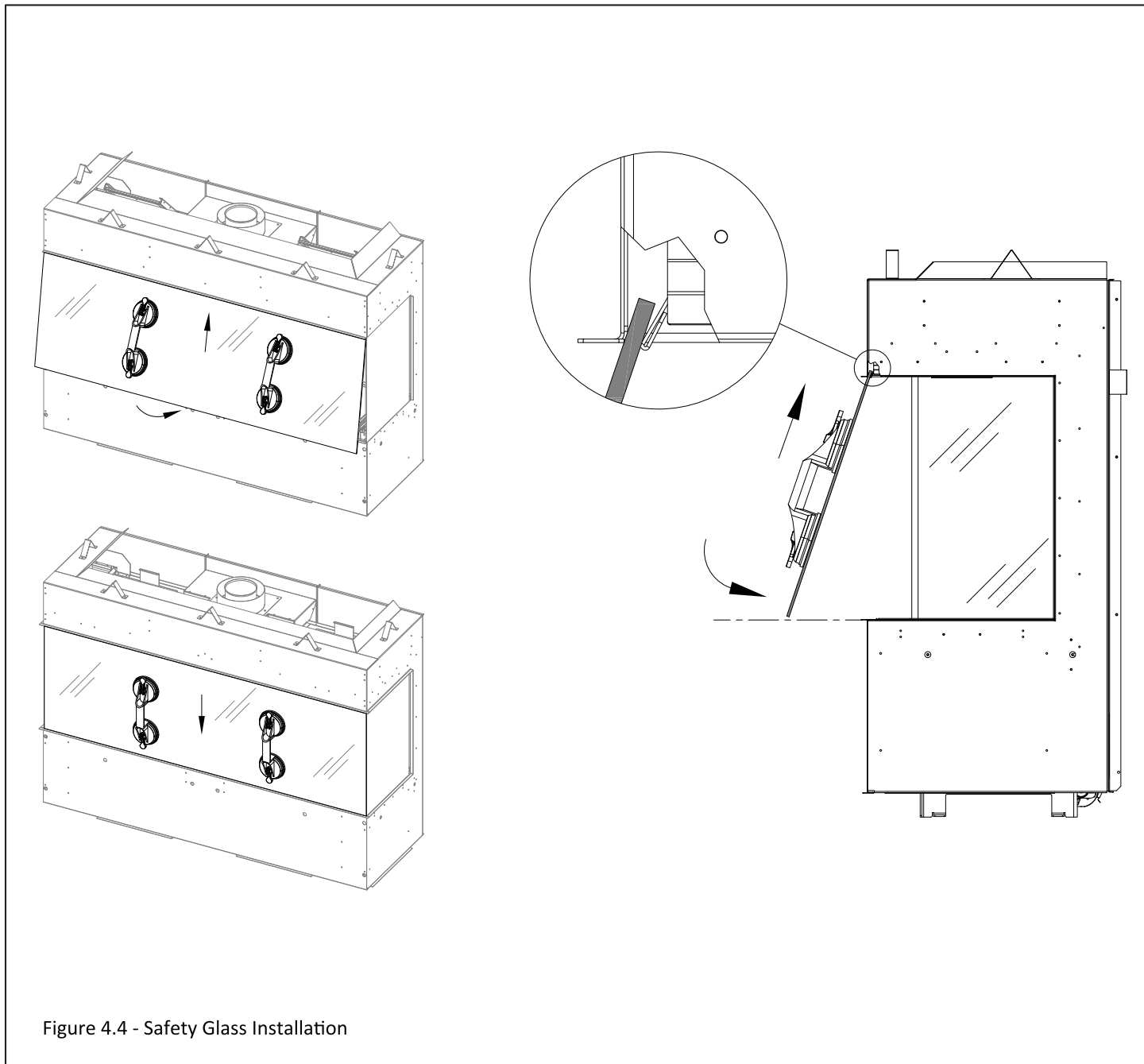


Figure 4.3 - Safety Glass Installation



#### 4.1.2 Installing The Safety Glass Assembly (continued)



## 4.2 Exterior Media Tray

.You will need to remove the exterior media tray to access any of the components of the fireplace or to remove the firebox glass.

Removal Instructions:

1. After the safety glass is removed locate the (3) sheet metal screws that secure each side media tray and the front media tray. See Figure 4.5.
2. After removing the sheet metal screws you can lift up and remove the media trays. See Figure 4.5. Install in reverse order.

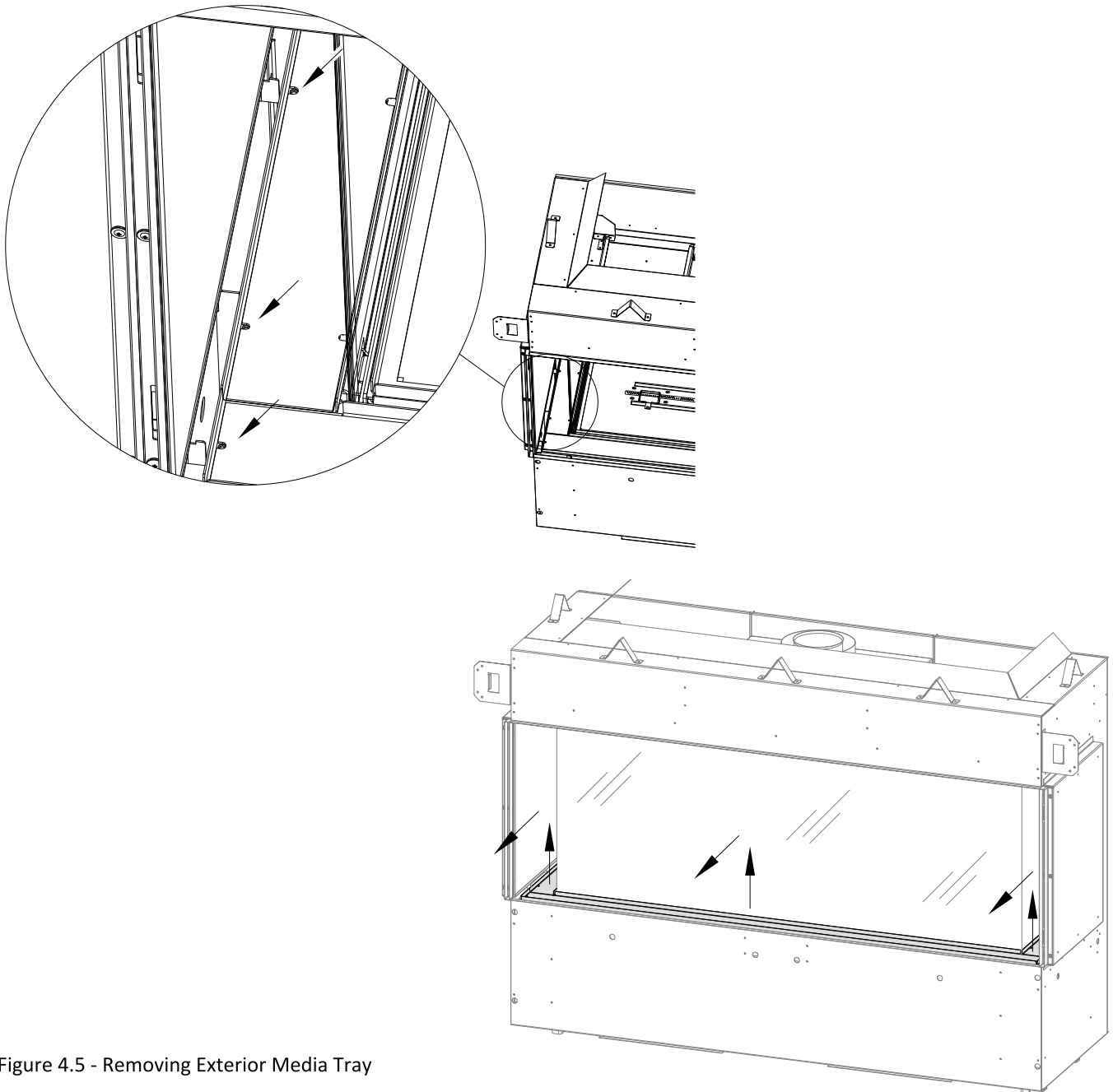


Figure 4.5 - Removing Exterior Media Tray

### 4.3 Firebox Glass

**WARNING:** Do not operate this fireplace with the glass removed, cracked, or broken. Replacement of the glass assembly, should be done by a licensed or qualified service person.

The firebox glass for this fireplace is ceramic glass.

The firebox glass provides a sealed system for the fireplace. This consists of the firebox glass and the silicone corner gasket.

#### 4.3.1 Removing The Firebox Glass

**WARNING:** Do not remove the glass assembly when hot.

1. Remove the exterior media tray by lifting it up and out of the slot it is installed. See Figure 4.5.
2. Attach suction cups to the firebox glass.
3. Remove the 7/16" nuts that secure the upper glass brackets as shown in Figure 4.7. Save these brackets to reinstall the glass.
4. Loosen the 7/16" nuts that secure the lower glass brackets as shown in Figure 4.7. If you decide to remove the bracket ensure you have your hand on the firebox glass to support it.
5. Start by lift the front piece of glass as shown in Figure 4.6 to remove the front firebox glass.

**Note:** You may need to peel away the small amount of silicone that is at the top and bottom corners of where the front and side pieces of glass meet. The silicone sealing strips should stay attached to the side pieces of glass when removing the front glass pane.

6. Next remove the side firebox glass pieces.

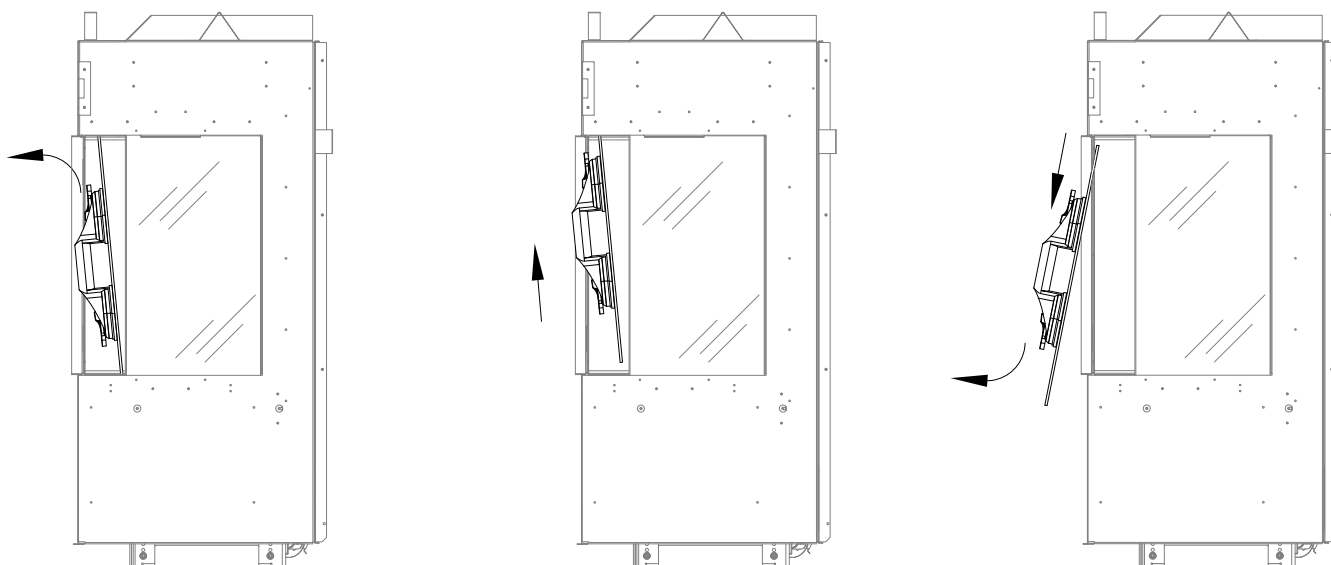
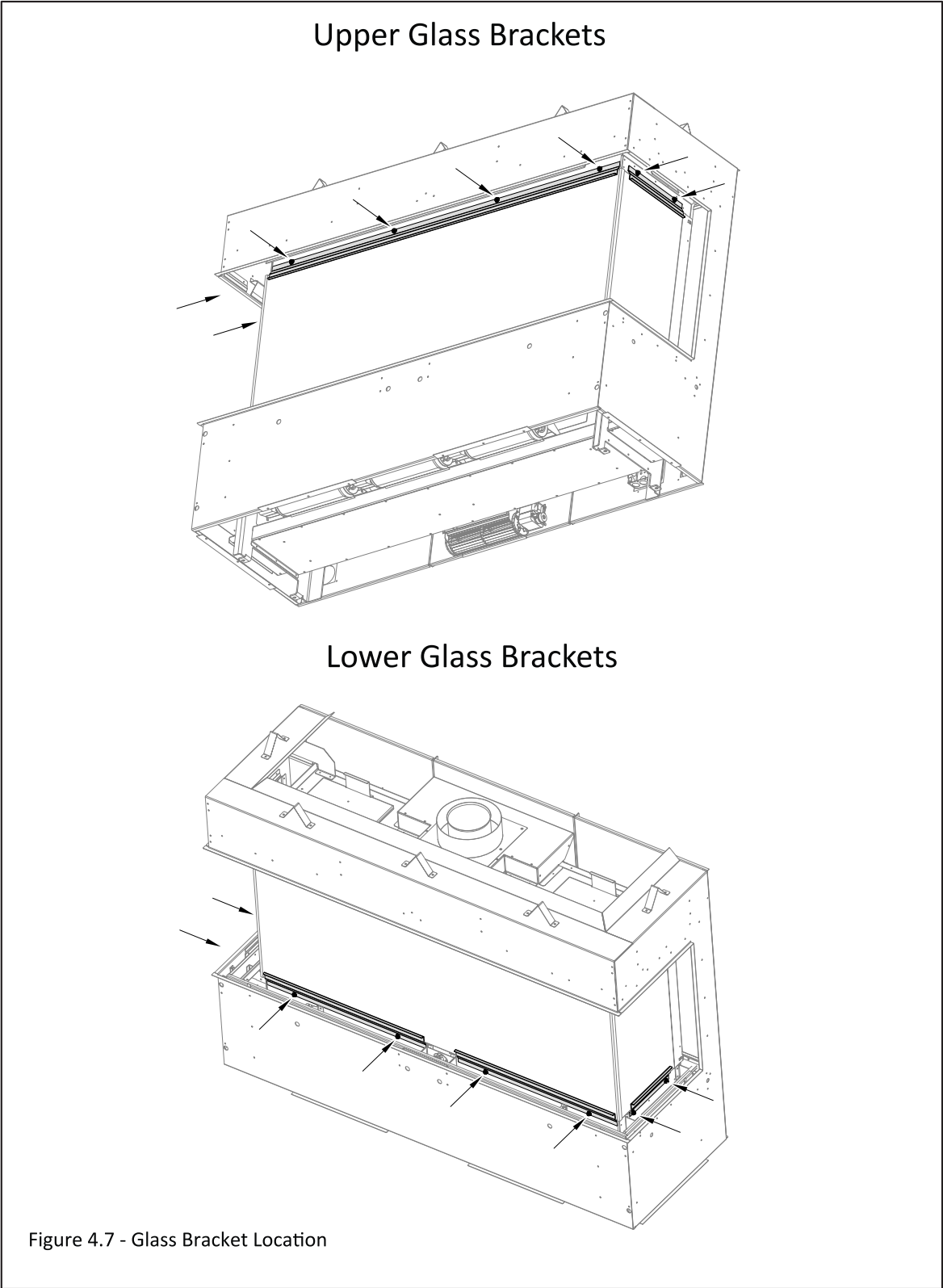


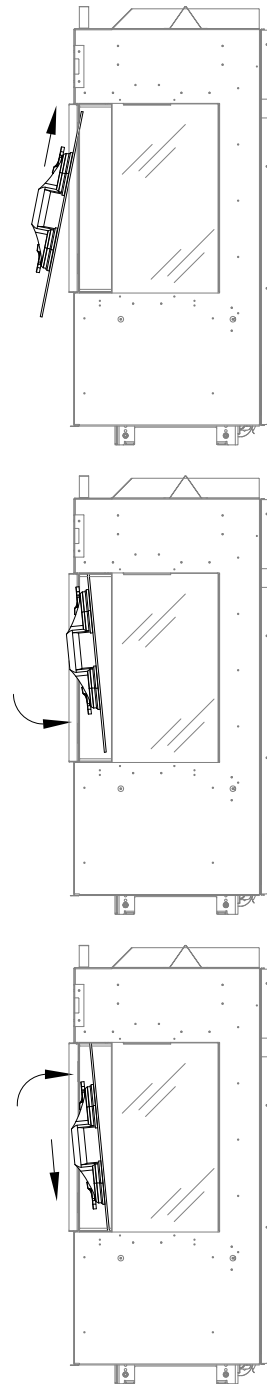
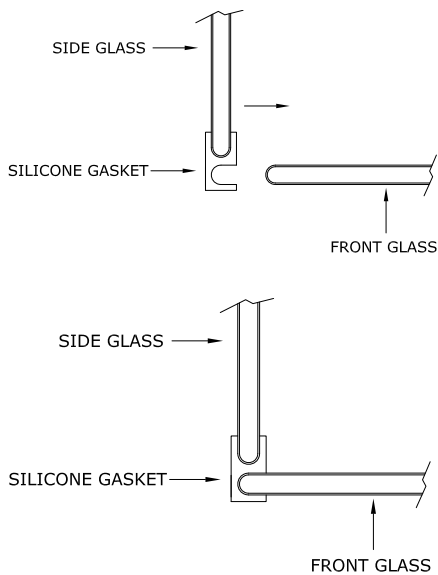
Figure 4.6 - Firebox Glass Removal

4.3.1 Removing The Firebox Glass (continued)

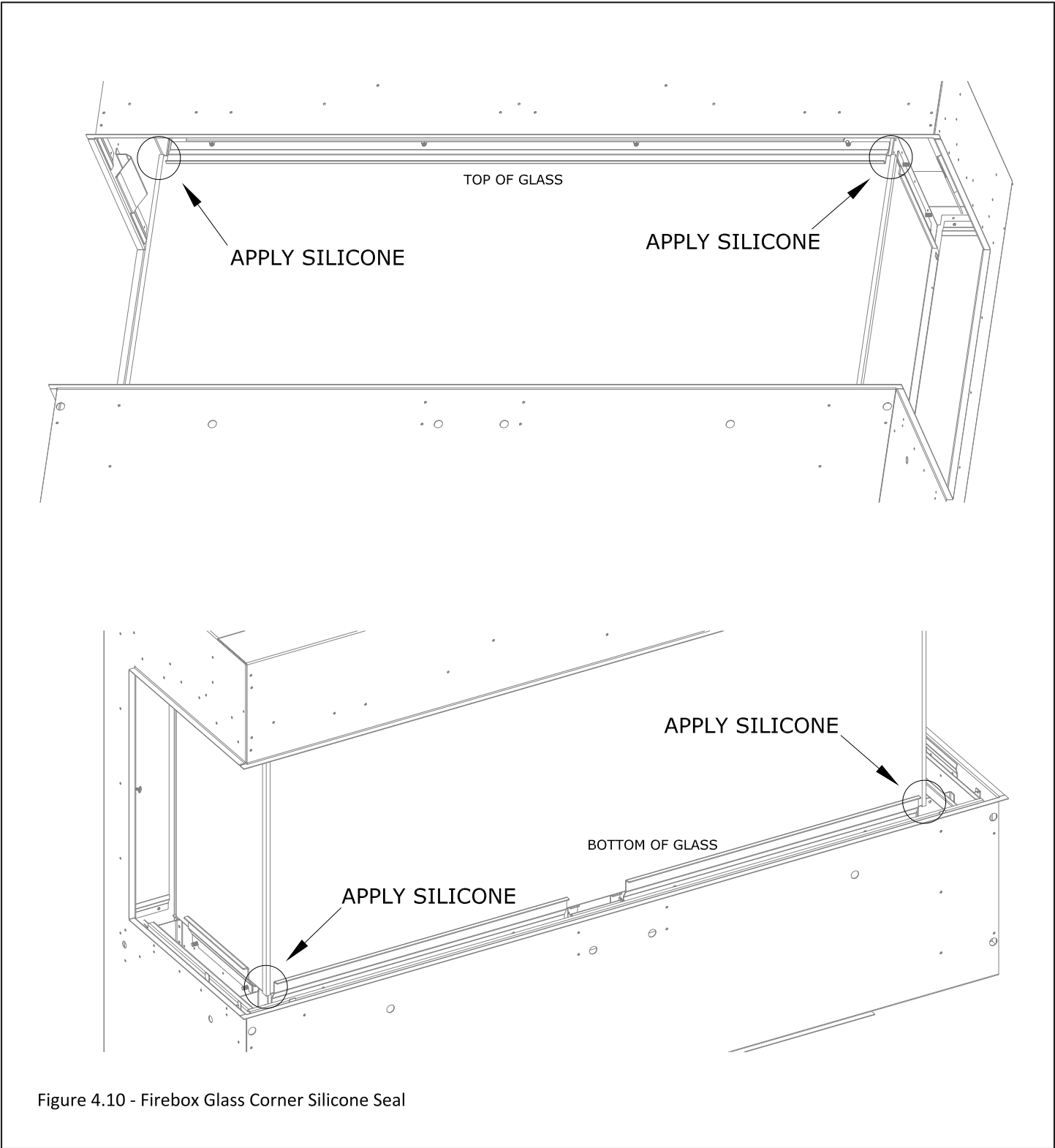


### 4.3.2 Installing The Firebox Glass

1. Attach suction cups to the firebox glass.
2. Install the side glass pieces first. Ensure the silicone sealing strips are installed. Figure 4.8 shows how to tilt the front and side pieces of glass to complete installation.
3. Install the front piece of glass. When installing the front piece of glass you may find it helpful to slide the glass into the silicone sealing strip of one of the side glass pieces. Use your finger to push the silicone strip securely into the edge of the front glass. See Figure 4.9 for a top-down view of how the front glass is sealed inside the silicone channel.
4. At the opposite side you can use your finger or a small tool to peel open the edge of the silicone strip so the front glass is placed into the channel.
5. Reinstall the top firebox glass brackets that were previously removed. Secure the bracket with the 7/16" nuts.
6. Tighten the 7/16" nuts that secure the lower glass brackets as shown in Figure 4.7.
7. Apply high temperature silicone to the top and bottom corners of where the front and side firebox glass pieces meet. See Figure 4.10.
8. Reinstall the exterior media tray.



4.3.2 Installing The Firebox Glass (continued)

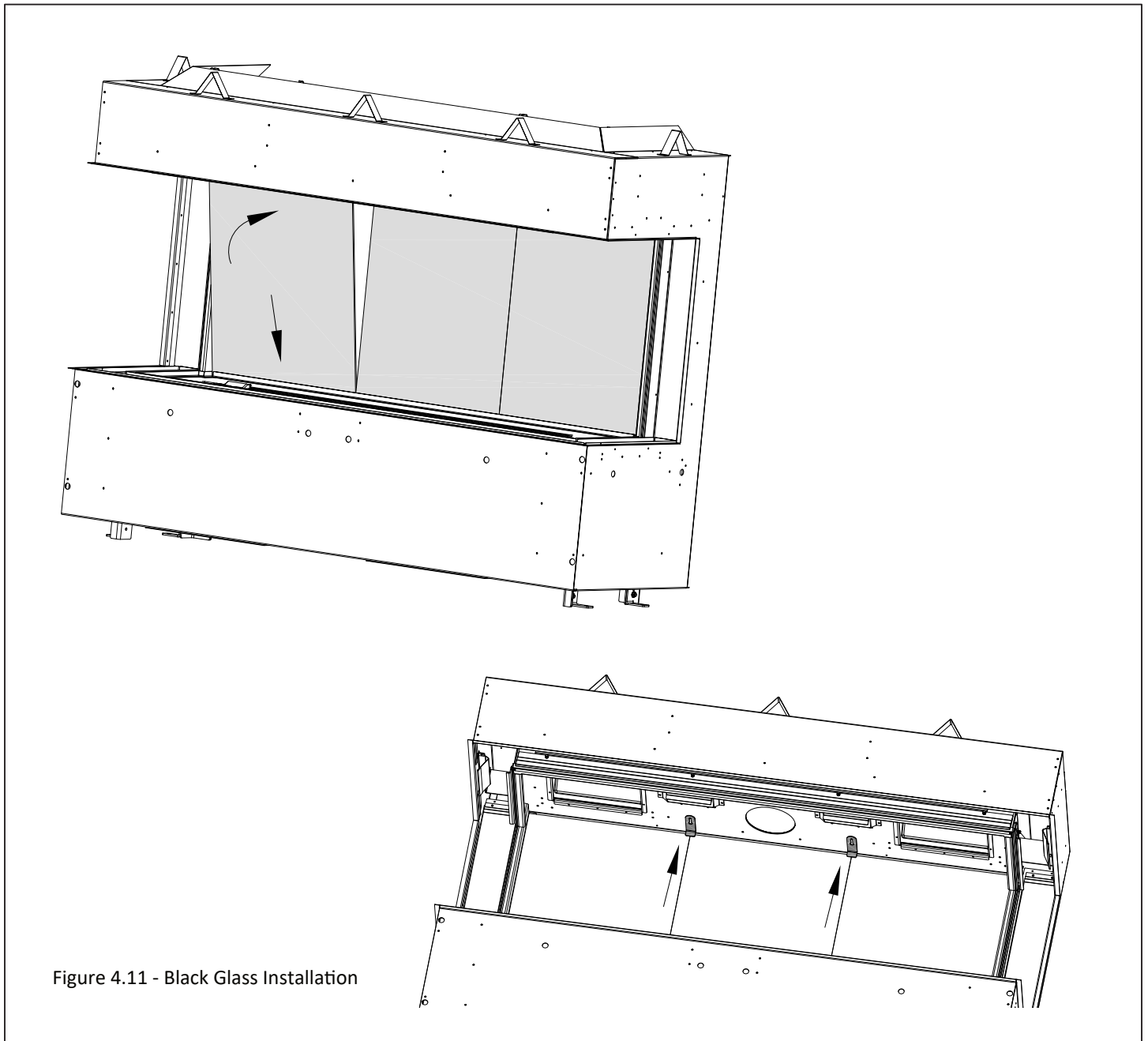


## 4.4 Black Glass Panel Installation

- If converting to propane, complete the conversion before installing the black glass panel set. Follow the conversion instructions included with the fireplace.

### Installation

1. Remove the exterior safety glass, exterior media tray, firebox glass, and crushed glass.
2. Install the (3) rear interior firebox black glass panels. These three panels are the same size and interchangeable. Secure with (2) rear firebox panel clips and (2) sheet metal screws as shown. See Figure 4.11



#### 4.4 Black Glass Panel Installation (continued)

3. Install the (2) rear exterior perimeter black glass panels by tilting them sideways until you get them to the back of the fireplace. Place the bottom edge of the glass down into the preinstalled bottom perimeter panel clip and tilt into place. Use the supplied perimeter panel clip and secure on the top of the glass with (2) sheet metal screws. See Figure 4.12.
4. Corner Installation only - Install one side black glass panel by sliding them into position as shown in Figure 4.12.

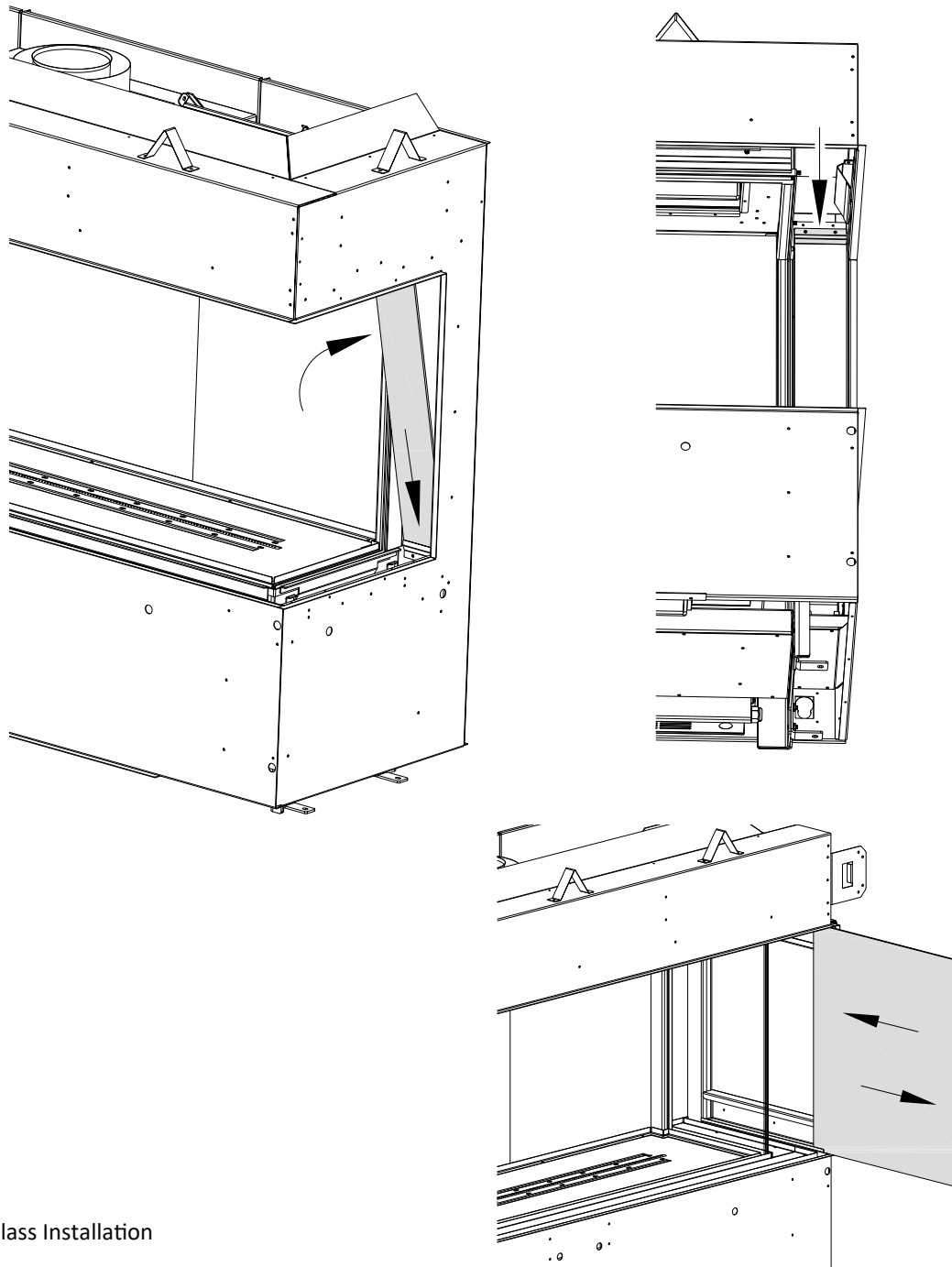


Figure 4.12 - Black Glass Installation



## 4.5 Control Board Removal and Installation

**WARNING:** If burner and/or pilot have been burning, use appropriate protection to avoid burns or damage to personal property before removing any components.

**DO NOT OPERATE THIS APPLIANCE WITHOUT THE SEALING GASKET (LOCATED UNDER THE CONTROL BOARD) IN PLACE. IF GASKETING IS DAMAGED, IT MUST BE REPLACED.**

**CAUTION:** Check all connections for leaks with soapy water, whether field or factory made.

### 4.5.1 Control Board Removal

1. Disconnect the electrical power of the fireplace. Locate the main shut-off valve upstream of the appliance connector and close the valve.
2. Remove the safety glass, exterior media tray, firebox glass, and crushed media. You may find it beneficial to remove the lower glass brackets for increased accessibility. Figure 4.14, 4.15, and 4.16.
3. Disconnect the wiring lead from the safety system to the on/off switch wiring.
4. Remove the (2) sheet metal screws that secure the switch panel. Lift this panel off its support bracket and locate the slits in the control module brackets. Slide the switch panel into these openings to secure it during control board removal. Figure 4.17 and 4.18.
5. Remove all the sheet metal screws around the perimeter of the media tray and all sheet metal screws along the center of the burner. Remove the firebox media tray and burner tube. Figure 4.19.
6. Remove the (24) sheet metal screws securing the control board to the bottom of the firebox.
7. Start by pulling up and out the control board. As you lift the board up you will have to tilt the control board towards you so the valve and module pivot into the opening. Lift the control board up to gain access to under the control board.
8. Make sure gas supply is turned off. Lean over the tilted control board and disconnect the gas line flex tube. This gas line flex tube goes from the fireplace valve to the supply gas line entering the fireplace.
9. Disconnect both top light kit leads from the wire harness on the IFC control module.
10. Remove the control board.

### 4.5.2 Control Board Installation

- Install the control board and all previously removed components in reverse order.
- When installing the control board make sure you are aligning the holes in the control board with the holes in the firebox bottom. **VERIFY SEALING GASKET IS IN PLACE.**

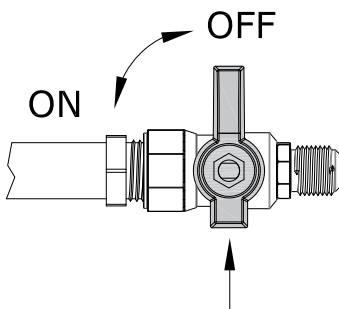


Figure 4.13 - Turn Off Gas

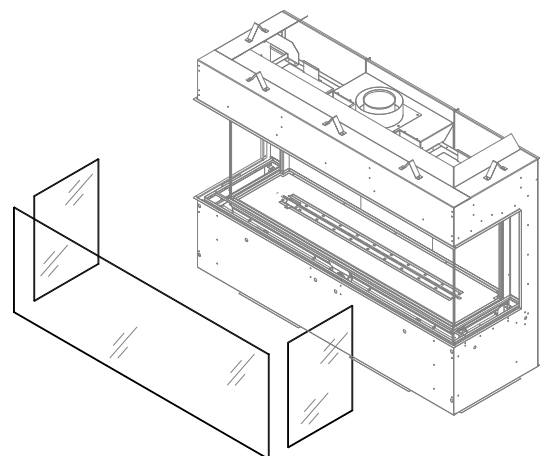


Figure 4.14 - Remove Safety Glass

#### 4.5 Control Board Removal and Installation (continued)

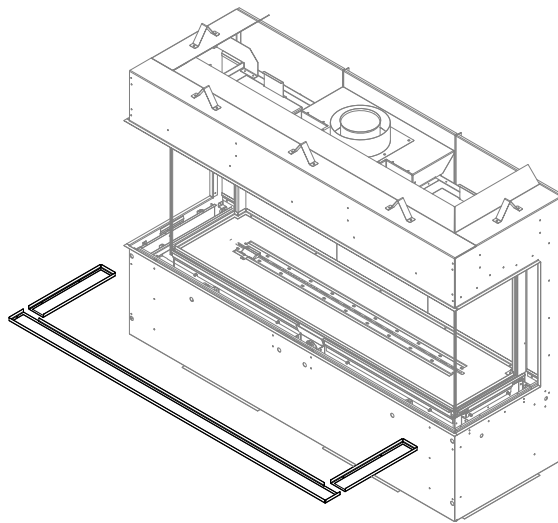


Figure 4.15 - Remove Exterior Media Tray

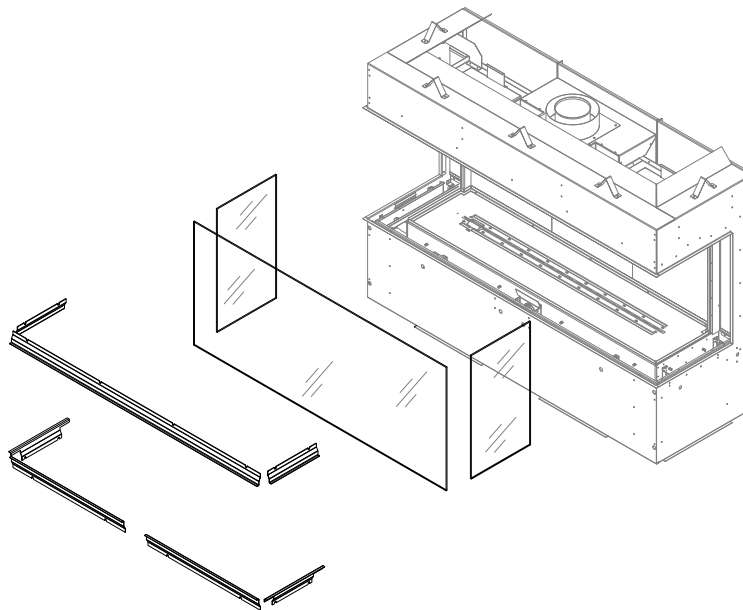
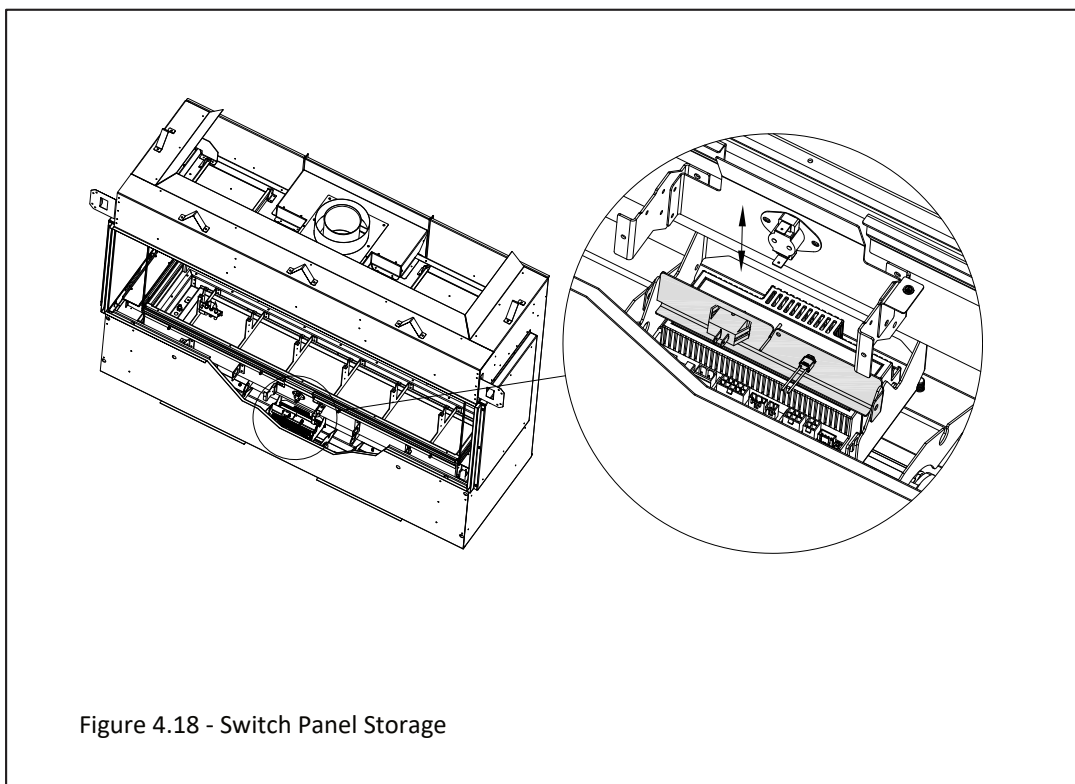
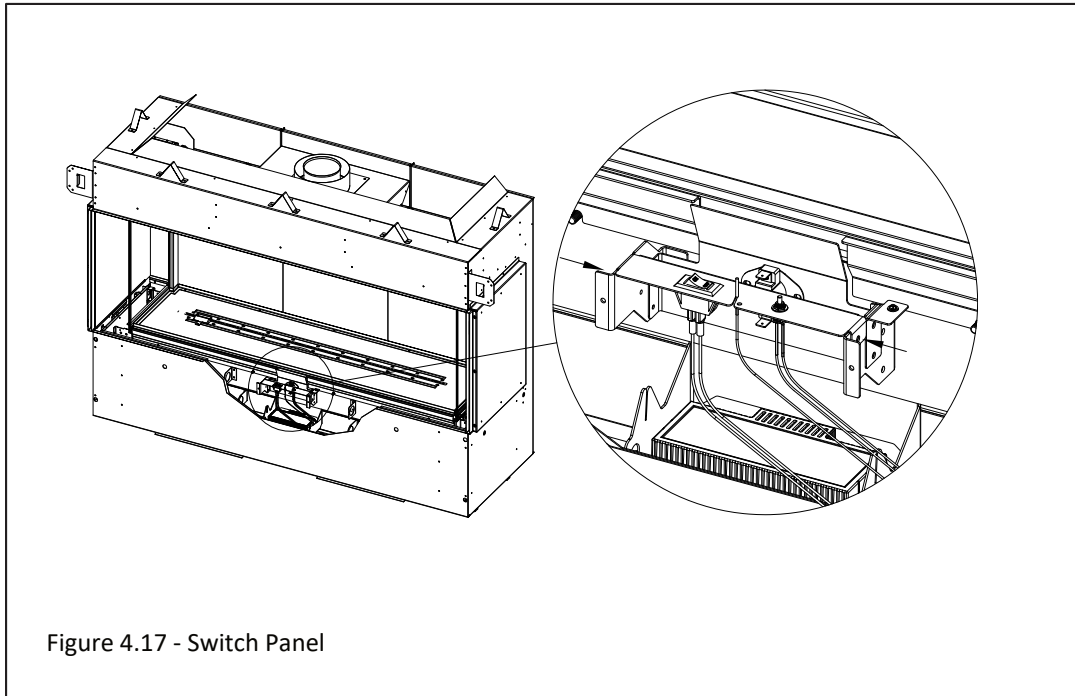


Figure 4.16 - Remove Firebox Glass

## 4.5 Control Board Removal and Installation (continued)



## 4.5 Control Board Removal and Installation (continued)

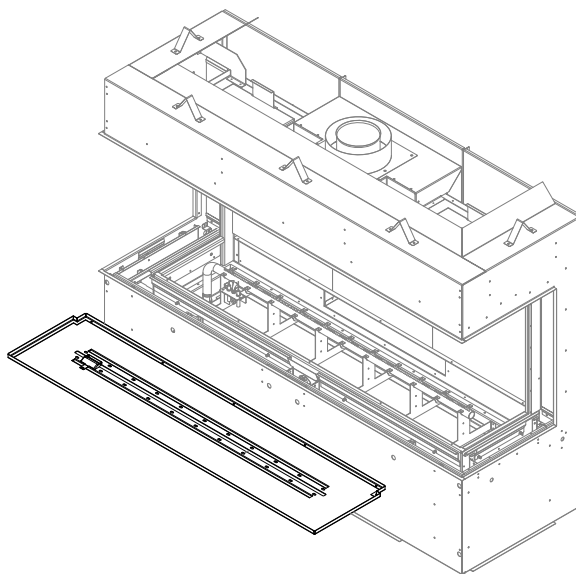


Figure 4.19 - Remove Burner Assembly

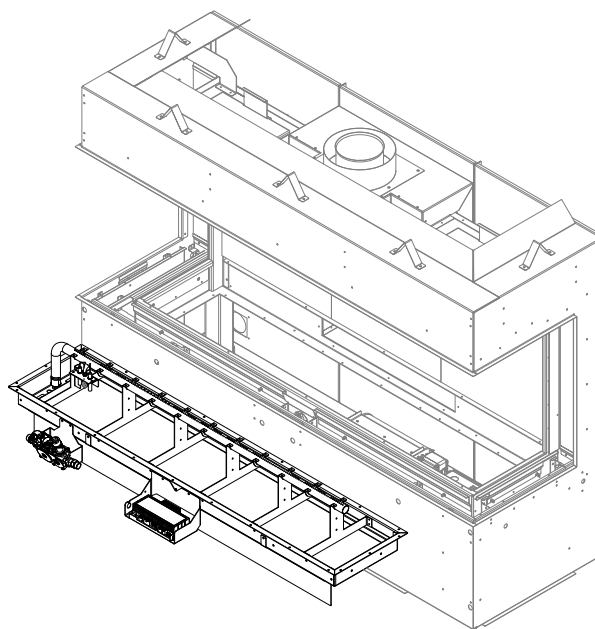


Figure 4.20 - Remove Control Board

## 5.0 Replacement Parts List



HUSSONG MANUFACTURING CO., INC.  
P.O. Box 557 204 Industrial Park Drive  
Lakefield, Minnesota USA 56150-0577

Replacement parts are available through your local dealer.  
Contact your local dealer for availability and pricing. The  
following warning is for replacement parts for this  
appliance.

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals  
including Lead, which is [are] known to the State of  
California to cause cancer, birth defects or other  
reproductive harm. For more information, visit [www.  
P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Control Board and Parts				
S.I.T. Complete Board Assembly - Natural Gas	G6020-150		IPI Pilot Assembly - Natural Gas	900-064A
S.I.T. Complete Board Assembly - Propane	G6020-151		IPI Pilot Assembly - Propane	900-064-1
S.I.T. IPI Gas Valve - Natural Gas	700-567		Pilot Orifice - Natural Gas - #.023NG	700-123
S.I.T. IPI Gas Valve - Propane	700-567-1		Pilot Orifice - Propane - #.014LP	700-114
Main Power Wire Harness	700-350A		PSE Conversion Kit - Natural Gas	NCK-G6020-P50
Proflame 2 IFC Module	700-6527		PSE Conversion Kit - Propane	LCK-G6020-P50
SIT Wire Harness Assembly	700-653		Natural Gas - Valve Stepper Motor	700-504
Fan / Light Kit Wire Harness	700-657		Propane - Valve Stepper Motor	700-504-1
ON/OFF Wire Harness	700-656		Burner Orifice - #30 - Natural Gas	700-230
Ember Bed AUX Harness	800-AUX		Burner Orifice - #5/64" - Propane	700-2564
36" Black 3/8" Gas Line (into valve)	700-383B		Burner Tube	GEN6020-350
32" Flare x Brazed Fitting	700-232F			
S.I.T. Transmitter (Remote Control)	700-408			
Remote Learn Button	700-422			
Remote Antenna Extension	700-ANT			

Glass and Glass Parts	
Firebox Glass - Front	G6020-FGF
Firebox Glass - Side	G6020-FGS
Safety Glass - Front	G6020-SGF
Safety Glass - Side	G6020-SGS
Firebox Glass Gasket (attaches to firebox) - 25'	500-426
Front Firebox Glass Brackets	G6020-FFB
Side Firebox Glass Brackets	G6020-SSB
Firebox Silicone Strips - Clear (seals side and front firebox glass panes)	700-20C
Firebox Silicone Strips - Black (seals side and front firebox glass panes)	700-20B

Top Light Kit	
20W Halogen Bulb	600-676
Light Kit - Top	600-TLK
Bottom LED Light Kit	
Firebox 46" LED Assembly	LED46
Exterior 86" LED Assembly	LED86
LED Driver (V5-LWT)	LED-DRV
Power Supply (shared with safety system)	LED-POW
3-Wire Adapter (LED Driver)	LED-WHA
LED Remote	LED-RT4

Fan System	
Fan (fireplace uses 4 of these)	600-093
Fan Wire Harness	600-093WH
Thermal Switch - Fan System	700-TSF

Safety System	
Fan Safety Kit (Includes module and wire harnesses)	GEN-FSK
Safety Control Module	700-SCM
Thermal Sensor Wire	700-TSW
Fan Current Coil	700-FCC
Safety Power Harness	700-SPH
Safety On/Off Toggle Wire Harness	700-STH
Safety LED Wire	700-SLW

Log Set Replacement Parts		
8 Piece Log Set	G6020-500	G6020-B501
Log #1	G6020-1	G6020-B1
Log #2	G6020-2	G6020-B2
Log #3	G6020-3	G6020-B3
Log #4	G6020-4	G6020-B4
Log #5	G6020-5	G6020-B5
Log #6	G6020-6	G6020-B6
Log #7	G6020-7	G6020-B7
Log #8	G6020-8	G6020-B8

Additional Components	
¾" Ice Crushed Glass - 5 lbs.	600-700
5" (127mm) Restrictor Plate	900-086
Manual 3/8" Gas Shut-off Valve	700-380

Corner Conversion Kit*	
Glass Corner Conversion Kit	G6020-CCK
*Order one kit for left or right corner installation and order two kits for 3-sided "Bay" Installation	

